63-034 IMPLEMENTATION OF QUARTERLY REPORTING AND PROSPECTIVE BUDGETING (QR/PB)

- <u>.1</u> Sections 63-102, 63-103, 63-300, 63-301, 63-410, 63-501, 63-503, 63-504, 63-505, 63-508, 63-509, 63-801, and 63-804 shall become effective upon filing with the Secretary of State.
- Monthly Reporting/Retrospective Budgeting (MR/RB) subsections shall become inoperative and Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting (QR/PB) subsections shall become operative in a County Welfare Department (CWD) on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the California Department of Social Services (CDSS) Director's QR/PB Declaration. The Director's Declaration states that the necessary federal Food Stamp Program waivers have been granted, and specifies a staggered implementation schedule for counties.
- The provisions in Sections 63-102, 63-103, 63-300, 63-301, 63-410, 63-501, 63-503, 63-504, 63-505, 63-508, 63-509, 63-801, and 63-804 must be applied to all food stamp households no later than July 1, 2004, with the exception of existing nonmonthly reporting (change reporting) households in the Food Stamp Program, outlined in Manual of Policies and Procedures (MPP) Section 63-505.21. Nonmonthly food stamp households will continue to follow existing nonmonthly reporting rules (change reporting) and will not be mandated to submit quarterly reports.
- Assembly Bill (AB) 444 (Chapter 1022, Statutes of 2002) and AB 1402 (Chapter 398, Statutes of 2003), directed CDSS to implement provisions of the statutes for the amended and adopted regulations initially through an All-County Letter (ACL), followed by emergency regulations. CDSS authorized CWDs to implement QR/PB through ACL 03-18 dated April 29, 2003.

Authority Cited: Sections 10554, 11265.1, .2, .3, 18904, and 18910, Welfare and Institutions Code as amended by AB 444 (Chapter 1022, Statutes of 2002) and AB 1402 (Chapter 398, Statutes of 2003).

Reference: Sections 10554 and 18904, Welfare and Institutions Code and Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting waiver approval dated April 1, 2003.

63-102 DEFINITIONS (Continued)

63-102

- (b) Section 63-102(b)(1)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-102(b)(1)(QR) shall become operative in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) (1) "Beginning Months" in a retrospective budgeting system means the first month the household is certified for food stamps and the month thereafter. For households applying for food stamps and PA benefits at the same time, a third beginning month shall be assigned if necessary for the household to transition from prospective to retrospective budgeting during the same months for both food stamps and PA. The first beginning month cannot be any month which immediately follows a month in which a household is certified and subject to retrospective budgeting in any project area. The month following the month of suspension shall not be considered a beginning month.
 - (2) "Budget Month" in a retrospective budgeting system means the month from which income and other circumstances (except household composition) of the household are used to calculate the household's allotment for the corresponding issuance month.
 - (3) A "bBulk storage point" means a location which receives and stores coupons from FNS for two or more CWDs and transfers them to issuance agents. It must report coupon inventories on the FNS-250. Coupons are not issued to recipients from bulk storage points.
- (QR) (1) A "bulk storage point" means a location which receives and stores coupons from FNS for two or more CWDs and transfers them to issuance agents. It must report coupon inventories on the FNS-250. Coupons are not issued to recipients from bulk storage points.
- (c) (1) (Continued)
 - (11) Section 63-102(c)(11)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (QR) "Change Reporting Household" means a household consisting of seasonal and/or migrant farmworkers, all elderly or disabled individuals or households with all homeless individuals. These households are required to report income, resource and household circumstance changes within 10 days of the occurrence. Benefits are increased or decreased based on these reported changes.
- (12) Section 63-102(c)(12)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (QR) "Conversion Factor" means a figure used to convert income paid on a weekly or bi-weekly basis to a monthly averaged figure. Weekly amounts are multiplied by 4.33 and bi-weekly amounts by 2.167.
- (13) Section 63-102(c)(13)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (QR) "County Initiated Mid-Quarter Actions" means the changes in eligibility status based on case information that the CWD is required to act on mid-quarter such as sanctions, financial penalties, duplication of benefits in another household, the end of an inter-county transfer, known to county information like electronic wage matches, or changes in public assistance grants. (Continued)

(114)(Continued)

(125) (Continued)

- (e) Section 63-102(e)(5)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-102(e)(5)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR)"Extended Filing Date" in a monthly reporting system is by close of business on the first working day of the issuance month and is the final date by which the household must submit a complete CA 7, including all required verification without penalty of termination of eligibility or disallowance of deductions.
 - (QR) "Extended Filing Date" in a QR system is by close of business on the first working day of the new QR quarter and is the final date by which the household must submit a complete Quarterly Report (QR 7), including all required verification, without penalty of termination of eligibility or disallowance of deductions.

- (56) (Continued)
- (i) Section 63-102(i)(6)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (QR) "Income Reporting Threshold (IRT)" means the level of income that triggers the need for a CalWORKs Assistance Unit (AU) to make a mandatory midquarter report of a change in income. The IRT is the greater of 130 percent of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) or the level at which an AU become financially ineligible in the CalWORKs program.
 - (67) (Continued)
 - (78) (Continued)
 - (89) (Continued)
 - (910) Section 63-102(i)(10)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-102(i)(10)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR)"Issuance Month" in a monthly reporting and retrospective budgeting system means the month for which a food stamp allotment is issued. The allotment is based on income and circumstances in the corresponding budget month. In PB, the budget month and issuance month are the same. In retrospective budgeting, the issuance month is the second month after the budget month.
 - (QR) "Issuance Month" in a QR/PB system means any month during a quarter for which a food stamp allotment is issued.
 - (101)(Continued)
 - (112)(Continued)
- (m) (1) (Continued)
 - (7) Section 63-102(m)(7)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (QR) "Mid-Quarter Change" means any change reported during the QR Payment Quarter that is outside the QR 7 report process. There are two types of mid-quarter reports: (1) mandatory reports are reports households are required to make within 10 days of the occurrence, and (2) voluntary reports are reports that households may make to the CWD during the quarter if the household wants benefits increased mid-quarter. CWDs shall only take action to change benefits based on voluntary mid-quarter reports when benefits increase as a result of the reported change. No action based on a voluntary mid-quarter report shall be taken to decrease benefits.
- (78) (Continued)
- (89) (Continued)
- (910)(Continued)
- (q) Sections 63-102(q)(1) through (5) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (1) "QR Implementation Month" means the month in which all of a CWD's cases are converted to PB subject to the Director's Declaration.
 - (2) "QR Data Month" means the second month of the quarter for which the recipient reports all information necessary to determine eligibility.
 - (3) "QR/PB" means Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting.
 - (4) "QR Payment Quarter" means the quarter in which benefits are paid/issued.

 The QR payment quarter begins the first day immediately following the QR Submit Month.
 - (5) "QR Submit Month" means the month in which the QR 7 is required to be submitted to the CWD. The QR Submit Month is the third month of each quarter.
- (r) (1) Section 63-102(r)(1)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (QR) "Reasonably Anticipated Income and Expenses" means income and expenses that have been or will be approved or authorized as of a date within the upcoming QR Payment Quarter and the amount of income is known, or the household is otherwise reasonably certain that the income will be received within the quarter and the amount of income is known. (See Sections 63-509(a)(2) and (3).)

- (12) (Continued)
- (23) (Continued)
- (34) (Continued)
- (45) (Continued)
- (56) (Continued)
- (67) Section 63-102(r)(7)(MR) shall become inoperative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR)"Report Month" means the month in a monthly reporting and retrospective budgeting system during which the CA 7 from the budget month is due and the month during which the household's allotment for the issuance month is calculated. The report month is between the budget month and the issuance month.
- (78) (Continued)
- (89) (Continued)
- (910)(Continued)
- (101) Section 63-102(r)(11)(MR) shall become inoperative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR)"Retrospective Budgeting" means the computation of a household's food stamp allotment for an issuance month based on actual income and circumstances which existed in the budget month.
- (112) (Continued)
- (s) (Continued)

Authority Cited: Sections 10553, 10554, <u>11265.1</u>, <u>.2 and .3</u>, and 18904, <u>and 18910</u>, Welfare and Institutions Code.

Reference:

Sections 10554, 10830, 11486.5 and 18930 through 18934, Welfare and Institutions Code; 8 U.S.C.A. Section 1522(e); 42 U.S.C.A. 601, et seq.; and 42 U.S.C.A. 5122; 7 CFR 272, 7 CFR 272.4(f); 7 CFR 273, 7 CFR 273.1(c)(5); 7 CFR 271.2; 7 CFR 273.2, .2(j), (j)(4), and (v)(2)(i)(B); 7 CFR 273.4(a)(3)(ii) and (iv), .4(c), (c)(2), and (e)(3)(iv); 7 CFR 273.5(a); 7 CFR 273.8; 7 CFR 273.9(c)(1)(ii)(D); and (c)(11)(i) and (ii); 7 CFR 273.11(a)(2)(iii); 7 CFR 273.12(e); 7 CFR 273.16(c); 7 CFR 273.18(a)(1)(ii); 7 CFR 273.18(e)(3)(v), (e)(5)(v) and (n)(1)(i); 7 CFR 273.21(b); 7 CFR 274.3(a)(2); 7 CFR 2710.2; 45 CFR 401; 45 CFR 400.62; Public Law (P.L.) 100-77, Section 802; Section 70 of Assembly Bill (AB) 444, Chapter 1022, Statutes of 2002; AB 692, (Chapter 1024, Statutes of 2002); (Court Order re Final Partial Settlement Agreement in Jones v. Yeutter (C.D. Cal. Feb. 1, 1990) [Dock. No. CV-89-0768]); Section 66011, Education Code; P.L. 102-237, Section 902; 7 U.S.C. 2014(c)(2)(B) and (k)(2)(F); 7 U.S.C. 2022(b)(4); 8 U.S.C. 1631; U.S.D.A. Food and Nutrition Service Administrative Notices 94-39, 97-44, and 98-56; Hamilton v. Madigan (9th Cir. 1992) 961 F.2d 838; Food and Nutrition Service Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting waiver approval dated April 1, 2003; Food Stamp Act Section 6(k)(1); P.L. 104-193, Sections 272, 273, 805, 821, and 827 (Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996); Federal Register Vol. 59, No. 224, dated November 22, 1994; and Federal Register Vol. 65, No. 130, dated July 6, 2000 and Vol. 65, No. 149 Corrections, dated August 2, 2000.

63-103 DEFINITIONS -- FORMS (Continued)

63-103

- .2 (Continued)
 - c. (1) Section 63-103.2c.(1)(MR) shall become inoperative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) CA 7 (rev. 1/93) Monthly Eligibility Report (Continued)
 - d. (Continued)
 - (4) Section 63-103.2d.(4)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-103.2d.(4)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) DFA 285-A3 (rev. 4/93) Important Facts for Food Stamp Applicants (Continued)
 - (QR) DFA 285-A3 QR (rev. 12/03) Your Right and Responsibilities.
 - The DFA 285-A3 QR is a required form, no substitutes permitted. The form is used to inform QR food stamp applicants of their rights and responsibilities and to certify that applicants understand those rights and responsibilities and the penalties for noncompliance. (Continued)
 - (14) Section 63-103.2d.(14)(MR) shall become inoperative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) DFA 377.1 (rev. 3/02) Notice of Approval (Continued)
 - (16) Section 63-103.2d.(16)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-103.2d.(16)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) DFA 377.2 (rev. 12/83) Food Stamp Notice of Expiration of Certification (Continued)

- (17) Section 63-103.2d.(17)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-103.2d.(17)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) DFA 377.4 (rev. 12/83) Food Stamp Notice of Change (Continued)
- (QR) DFA 377.4 QR (rev. 1/04) Food Stamp Notice of Change for Change Reporting Household

The DFA 377.4 QR is a required form, and no substitutes are permitted. The form is used to inform change reporting households of changes, and termination of benefits. It also acts to inform a household that there is no change in benefits when a household has made a mid-quarter report. (Continued)

- f. (13) (Continued)
 - (14) Section 63-103.2f.(14)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (QR) FS 22 (rev. 12/03) Applying for Food Stamp Benefits
 - FS 22 QR is a required form, but substitutes are permitted if CWD obtains prior approval. The form is used to reflect the change to QR for most food stamp households. This form is used for all NAFS households.
 - (15) Section 63-103.2f.(15)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (QR) FS 23 QR (rev. 5/04) How to Report Household Changes
 - FS 23 QR is a required form, but substitutes are permitted if CWD obtains prior approval. The FS 23 QR informs about reporting requirements for the Food Stamp Program, which include reporting changes on the QR 7, mandatory mid-quarter reports and voluntary mid-quarter reports. (Continued)
- n. (1) Section 63-103.2n.(1)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-103.2n.(1)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (MR) NA 960X (rev. 6/93) Notice of Action/CA 7 not Received (Continued)
- (QR) NA 960X QR (rev. 4/04) Notice of Action/QR 7 not Received

The NA 960X QR is a CDSS-required form, but substitutes are permitted if CWD obtains prior approval. The form is used to notify QR households that a QR 7 has not been received and that benefits may be affected as result.

- (2) Section 63-103n.(2)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-103n.(2)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) NA 960Y (rev. 8/93) Notice of Action/CA 7 Incomplete-Discontinuance Reminder (Continued)
- (QR) NA 960Y QR (rev. 4/04) Notice of Action/QR 7 Incomplete-Discontinuance Reminder

The NA 960Y QR is a CDSS-required form, but substitutes are permitted if CWD obtains prior approval. The form is used to notify QR households that a QR 7 is incomplete and that benefits may be affected as a result. (Continued)

- q. (1) Sections 63-103.2q.(1)(QR) through (12)(QR)shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (QR) (2) QR 2 (rev. 4/03) Reporting Changes for Your Cash Aid Assistance Unit and Food Stamp Household

QR 2 is a CDSS-recommended form, and may be modified or substituted without prior approval. The form is used to inform the recipient of their income reporting threshold (IRT) and reporting responsibilities. The QR 2 is sent to the client on a quarterly basis and is used to satisfy the requirement in Welfare and Institutions Code Sections 11265 and 18910 to inform clients of their IRT at least once per quarter. The form also includes information for food stamp households regarding ABAWD reporting and mid-quarter reporting.

(QR) (3) QR 3 (rev. 4/03) - Mid-Quarter Status Report

QR 3 is a CDSS-recommended form, and may be modified or substituted without prior approval. This form is used for CalWORKs clients who choose to report mandatory and/or voluntary mid-quarter changes in writing. Clients are not mandated to use this form, and counties must accept verbal or written mid-quarter reports that are submitted in a manner other than on the QR 3.

(QR) (4) QR 7 (rev. 4/03) - Quarterly Eligibility/Status Report

QR 7 is a CDSS-required form, but substitutes are permitted if CWD obtains prior approval. This form is used by the recipient to report income for the Data Month in each QR Payment Quarter. This form includes an addendum listing examples of income, expenses, and the penalties for fraud. The QR 7 and the addendum (both together are considered one form) must be sent to the recipient at the end of their QR Data Month. The QR 7's certification section has a statement that the client has received the addendum and a place where the recipient will attest to its receipt. The addendum is not required to be returned with the QR 7, which will be considered late if not received by the 11th day of the QR Submit Month.

(QR) (5) QR 7A (rev. 4/03) - How to fill out your QR 7

QR 7A is a CDSS-required form, but substitutes are permitted if CWD obtains prior approval. This form instructs recipients on how to fill out the QR 7. The QR 7A must be given to applicants at the time of application, and to recipients at each annual recertification/redetermination. This form must also be made available any time a client requests it.

(QR) (6) QR 22 (rev. 9/03) - Sponsor's Statement of Facts Income/Resources

The QR 22 is a required form, but substitutes are permitted if CWD obtains prior approval. It is used to collect necessary information about a noncitizen's sponsor in order to determine eligibility for the noncitizen.

(QR) (7) QR 72 (rev. 5/04) - Sponsor's Quarterly Income and Resources Report.

The QR 72 is a CDSS-required form, but substitutes are permitted if CWD obtains prior approval. This form must be sent to sponsored noncitizens with the QR 7 each quarter.

(QR) (8) QR 285-B (rev. 2/04) - Food Stamp Budget Worksheet.

The QR 285-B is a CDSS-recommended form, and may be modified or substituted without prior approval. This form is used to determine food stamp benefits amounts, and to reaverage benefit amounts after a mid-quarter report is made by a recipient. The QR 285-B is used for food stamp households subject to QR and change reporting, and for mid-quarter changes.

(QR) (9) QR 377.1 (rev. 4/04) - Notice of Approval

The QR 377.1 is a CDSS-required form, and no substitutes are permitted. This form is used to inform households of their approval for food stamp benefits and their certification period.

(QR) (10) QR 377.2 (rev. 4/04) - Food Stamp Notice of Expiration of Certification

The QR 377.2 is used to inform change reporting households that their certification period will expire.

(QR) (11) QR 377.4 (rev. 1/04) - Food Stamp Notice of Change For Quarterly Reporting Household

The QR 377.4 is a CDSS-required form, and no substitutes are permitted. This form is used to inform QR households of changes, suspensions, and termination of benefits.

(QR) (12) DFA 377.5 QR (rev. 2/04) - Food Stamp Household Change Report

The DFA 377.5 is used to report information on changes in household circumstances by households not subject to QR requirements. (Continued)

- s. (2) Section 63-103.2s.(2)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-103.2s.(2)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) SAWS 2A CA2/DFA 285-A2/MC210 (rev. 5/92) Important Information for Applicants and Recipients for Cash Aid, Food Stamps, and Medical Assistance (Continued)
 - (QR) SAWS 2A QR (rev. 8/03) Rights, Responsibilities and Other Important Information

SAWS 2A QR is a CDSS-required form, and no substitutes are permitted. The form is used to inform applicants for cash aid, food stamps, and medical assistance of important information, including their rights and responsibilities. (Continued)

- t. (1) Section 63-102.2t.(1)(QR)shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (QR) TEMP QR 1 (rev. 8/03) New Reporting Requirements for CalWORKs and Food Stamp Recipients

TEMP QR 1 is a CDSS-required form, and no substitutes are permitted. The form serves as an informing notice sent to recipients on a monthly basis for a period of three months before, and three months after, implementation of QR. The TEMP QR 1 should also be provided to applicants who apply for benefits during this phase. The TEMP QR 1 explains the change from monthly reporting to QR. (Continued)

Authority Cited: Sections 10554, 11265.1, .2, and .3, and 18904, and 18910, Welfare and Institutions Code.

Reference: Sections 10554, and 18904, 11265.1, .2, and .3, and 18910, Welfare and Institutions Code; 7 CFR 273.2(b)(ii); and U.S.D.A. Food and Consumer Services Administrative Notice No. 94-22, dated January 7, 1994; and Food and Nutrition Service Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting waiver approval dated April 1, 2003.

63-300 APPLICATION PROCESS (Continued)

63-300

- .2 Application Form and Form Deviation
 - Section 63-300.2(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-300.2(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) All applications for Food Stamp Program eligibility shall be made on the DFA 285-A1, DFA 285-A2, and DFA 285-A3. For households which apply for both AFDC and Food Stamps at the same time, the SAWS 1 CA1/DFA 285-A1, and BC JA 2 CA2/DFA 285-A2, and SAWS 2A CA2/DFA 285-A2/MC 210 shall be used. These forms also may be used for Food Stamp only cases. These joint application forms also may be used for food stamp and/or General Assistance (GA) cases.
- (QR) All applications for Food Stamp Program eligibility shall be made on the DFA 285-A1, DFA 285-A2, and DFA 285-A3 QR. For households which apply for both CalWORKs and food stamps at the same time, the SAWS 1 CA1/DFA 285-A1, and BC JA 2 CA2/DFA 285-A2, and SAWS 2A QR/DFA 285-A2/MC 210 shall be used. These joint application forms also may be used for food stamp only cases and/or General Assistance (GA) cases. (Continued)
 - .24 <u>Section 63-300.24(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-300.24(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.</u>
 - (MR) Recertification of Monthly Reporting Households

Households subject to Food Stamp monthly reporting requirements shall have their Food Stamp eligibility redetermined by using the forms specified in Section 63-300.2 and the CA 7 for the budget month that corresponds to the first month of the new certification period.

- (QR) Recertification of Quarterly Reporting Households
- (QR) Households subject to food stamp QR requirements shall have their food stamp eligibility redetermined by using the forms specified in Section 63-300.2 and the QR 7 for the Submit Month that corresponds to the last month of the certification period.

- .25 <u>Section 63-300.25(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-300.25(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.</u>
- (MR) Recertification of Nonmonthly Reporting Households
- (MR) Nonmonthly reporting households shall have their Food Stamp eligibility redetermined by using the forms specified in Section 63-300.2.
- (QR) Recertification of Change Reporting Households
- (QR) Change reporting households shall have their food stamp eligibility redetermined by using the forms specified in Section 63-300.2. (Continued)

.4 (Continued)

- .41 Sections 63-300.41 et seq.(MR) shall become inoperative and Sections 63-300.41 et seq.(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) The CWD at the time of the interview, shall determine which households shall be subject to monthly reporting and/or retrospective budgeting, as specified in Section 63-505.2. Households subject to monthly reporting and/or retrospective budgeting requirements shall be provided with the following at the certification and recertification interviews:
- (MR) .411 Written and verbal explanations of monthly reporting/retrospective budgeting;
- (MR) .412 A copy of the CA 7 report and an explanation of how the report shall be completed and submitted;
- (MR) .413 An explanation of the monthly reporting verification requirements that the household is responsible for meeting;
- (MR) .414 A telephone number (toll-free or a number where collect calls will be accepted from households living outside the local calling area) which the household may call to ask questions or to obtain help in completing the monthly report.

- (QR) The CWD at the time of the interview, shall determine which households shall be subject to QR and PB, as specified in Section 63-505.2.

 Households subject to QR and PB requirements shall be provided with the following at the certification and recertification interviews:
- (QR) .411 Written and verbal explanations of QR/PB;
- (QR) .412 A copy of the QR 7 report and an explanation of how the report shall be completed and submitted;
- (QR) .413 An explanation of the QR verification requirements that the household is responsible for meeting;
- (QR) .414 A telephone number (toll-free or a number where collect calls will be accepted from households living outside the local calling area) which the household may call to ask questions or to obtain help in completing the quarterly report. (Continued)

.5 (Continued)

- (d) Section 63-300.5(d)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-300.5(d)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) If the expense cannot be verified within 30 days of the date of application, the CWD shall determine the household's eligibility and benefit level without providing a deduction for the unverified expense. If the household subsequently provides the missing verification, the CWD shall redetermine the household's benefits, and provide increased benefits, if any, in accordance with the timeliness standards in Section 63-504.35 for monthly reporting households and Section 63-504.42 for nonmonthly reporting households.

The household shall be entitled to the restoration retroactive to the month of application of benefits denied as a result of the disallowance of the expense, only if the expense could not be verified within the 30-day processing standard because the CWD failed to allow the household sufficient time, as defined in Section 63-301.4, to verify the expense. If the household would be ineligible unless the expense is allowed, the household's application shall be handled as provided in Section 63-301.4.

For verification requirements for the CA 7, refer to Sections 63-504.325, .326 and .341.

(QR) If the expense cannot be verified within 30 days of the date of application, the CWD shall determine the household's eligibility and benefit level without providing a deduction for the unverified expense. If the household subsequently provides the missing verification, the CWD shall redetermine the household's benefits, and provide increased benefits, if any, in accordance with the timeliness standards in Section 63-508.66 for QR households and Section 63-504.42 for change reporting households.

The household shall be entitled to the restoration retroactive to the month of application of benefits denied as a result of the disallowance of the expense, only if the expense could not be verified within the 30-day processing standard because the CWD failed to allow the household sufficient time, as defined in Section 63-301.4, to verify the expense. If the household would be ineligible unless the expense is allowed, the household's application shall be handled as provided in Section 63-301.4.

For verification requirements for the QR 7, refer to Sections 63-508.45 and 63-508.613. (Continued)

- .6 (Continued)
 - .62 (Continued)
 - .623 Section 63-300.623(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-300.623(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) A CWD which receives monthly income reports and other requested documents which have been mailed by the applicant or recipient shall not be subject to the requirements in this section.
 - (QR) A CWD which receives quarterly income/eligibility reports and other requested documents which have been mailed by the applicant or recipient shall not be subject to the requirements in this section.

Authority Cited: Sections 10554, 11265.1, .2 and .3, and 18904, and 18910, Welfare and Institutions Code.

Reference:

Sections 10554, 11023.5, <u>11265.1</u>, <u>.2</u>, and <u>.3</u>, 11348.5, 18904, <u>18910</u>, and 18932, Welfare and Institutions Code; 7 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 273.2(b)(ii), (c)(2)(i) and (ii), (c)(3), (c)(5), (e)(1), (e)(2), (e)(3), (f)(1)(i)(C), (ii)(B)(1), (2), (3), and (C), and (iii)(h)(1)(i)(D), and proposed (f)(1)(xii) as published in the Federal Register, Vol. 59, No. 235 on December 8, 1994, (f)(3), (f)(3)(ii), (f)(8), (h), (h)(1)(i)(D), and (i)(1); 7 CFR 273.4(a)(2) and (10) and (c)(2); 7 CFR 273.7(i)(4) and (j)(1); 7 CFR 273.12(c) and (c)(3); 7 CFR 273.14(b)(3)(i), (iii) and (b)(4) and (e); 7 CFR 273.21(h)(2)(iv), (i), and (j)(3)(iii)(B); USDA Food and Nutrition Service Office, Western Region, Administrative Notice 84-56, Indexed Policy Memo 84-23; Food and Nutrition Service Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting waiver dated April 1, 2003; 7 U.S.C.A. 2020(e)(2); Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), Public Law (P.L.) 101-336, 1990; U.S.D.A., Food and Consumer Services, Administrative Notice No. 94-22, dated January 7, 1994; Chapter 306, Statutes of 1988, and AB 1371, Chapter 306, Statutes of 1995; Blanco v. Anderson Court Order, United States District Court, Eastern District of California, No. CIV-S-93-859 WBS, JFM, dated January 3, 1995, and Federal Register, Vol. 66, No. 229, dated November 28, 2001.

63-301 APPLICATION PROCESSING TIME STANDARDS (Continued) 63-301

- .5 Expedited Service (Continued)
 - .54 Special Procedures for Expediting Service
 - .544 (Continued)
 - (a) One-Month Certification

Section 63-301.544(a)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-301.544(a)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (MR) Nonmonthly reporting households that apply on or before the 15th day of the calendar or fiscal month shall be certified for one month only. (Continued)
- (QR) Change reporting households that apply on or before the 15th day of the calendar or fiscal month shall be certified for one month only.
- (b) Longer Than One-Month Certification
 - (1) Section 63-301.544(b)(1)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-301.544(b)(1)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) Nonmonthly reporting households applying after the 15th day of the calendar or fiscal month shall be certified only for the month of application, and the subsequent month.
 - (QR) Change reporting households applying after the 15th day of the calendar or fiscal month shall be certified only for the month of application, and the subsequent month.

- (2) Section 63-301.544(b)(2)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-301.544(b)(2)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Monthly reporting households shall be assigned a normal certification period as specified in Section 63-504.1.
- (QR) QR households shall be assigned a normal certification period as specified in Section 63-504.1.

.7 (Continued)

- .71 Section 63-301.71(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-301.71(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Households subject to retrospective budgeting that have been suspended for PA purposes or that receive zero benefits.
- (QR) Households subject to QR that receive zero benefits. (Continued)
- .74 (Continued)
 - .742 Section 63-301.742(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-301.742(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) The household fails to comply with the monthly reporting requirements specified in Section 63-504.32, and Sections 63-505.2, .3, and .4;
 - (QR) The household fails to comply with the QR requirements specified in Sections 63-508.4 and .613; (Continued)

.75 (Continued)

Authority Cited: Sections 10554, 11265.1, .2, and .3, and 18904, and 18910, Welfare and Institutions Code.

Reference:

Sections 10554, 11265.1, .2, and .3, 18901, and 18904, and 18910, Welfare and Institutions Code; Section 11349.1, Government Code; 7 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 271.2; 7 CFR 272.3(c)(1)(ii); 7 CFR 273.2(d)(1), (e)(3), (h)(1)(C), (h)(1)(i)(B) and (D), (h)(2)(i)(A), (i)(4)(iii)(B), (j), (j)(1), (j)(1)(iv), (j)(2)(iii) and (iv), (j)(3), (j)(4), and (j)(4)(vi); 7 CFR 273.4; 7 CFR 273.7 and .7(g)(1)(i); 7 CFR 273.8(e)(17); 7 CFR 273.9(d)(7) as published in the Federal Register, Vol. 59, No. 235 on December 8, 1994; 7 CFR 273.10(c)(1) and (g)(1)(ii); 7 CFR 274.2; (Court Order re Final Partial Settlement Agreement in Jones v. Yeutter (C.D. Cal. Feb. 1, 1990) [Dock. No. CV-89-0768].); Public Law (P.L.) 102-237, Sections 902 and 905, as specified in Federal Administrative Notice 92-12, dated January 9, 1992; USDA, Food and Consumer Service, Administrative Notice 97-105, dated August 21, 1997; and P.L. 104-193, Sections 815 and 838 (Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996); Food and Consumer Service Waiver dated May 24, 1996; Food and Nutrition Service Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting waiver dated April 1, 2003; Federal Food Stamp Policy Memos 82-9 dated December 8, 1981, and 88-4 dated November 13, 1987, and Federal Register, Vol. 66, No. 229, dated November 28, 2001.

63-410 FOOD STAMP WORK REQUIREMENT FOR ABLE-BODIED 63-410 ADULTS WITHOUT DEPENDENTS (ABAWD) (Continued)

- .2 (Continued)
 - .21 The ABAWD work requirement is fulfilled by performing one of the following:
 - .211 Working 20 hours or more per week (averaged monthly);
 - (a) The food stamp recipient shall submit documentation verifying the number of hours worked.

Section 63-410.211(a)(1)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

(QR) (1) A food stamp recipient who is satisfying the ABAWD work requirement through employment must report within 10 days when hours of work drop to below 20 hours per week or 80 hours per month. This mandatory recipient mid-quarter reporting requirement does not apply to persons who meet one of the exemptions at Section 63-410.3 or live in a county with an approved ABAWD waiver. Persons who are satisfying the ABAWD work requirement through a combination of education/training and employment of less than 20 hours per week are not subject to the mid-quarter requirement when hours of employment are reduced. (Continued)

Authority Cited: Sections 10553, 10554, 11265.1, .2, and .3, and 18904, and 18910, Welfare and Institutions Code.

Reference:

Sections 10554, and 11265.1, .2, and .3, 18904, and 18910, Welfare and Institutions Code; 7 U.S.C. 2015(d) and (o); instructions received from Dennis Stewart, Regional Director of the Food Stamp Program, Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) dated April 21, 1998, 7 CFR 273.7(f); 7 CFR 273.13; 7 CFR 273.24(b), (c), (e), and (g); 45 CFR 400.154; and Food and Nutrition Service Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting waiver dated April 1, 2003.

63-501 RESOURCE DETERMINATIONS (Continued)

63-501

- .3 (Continued)
 - (m) (Continued)
 - (2) Section 63-501.3(m)(2)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-501.3(m)(2)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) Any federal, state or local EITC payment received by any household member shall be excluded for 12 months, provided the household was participating in the Food Stamp Program at the time of receipt of the earned income tax credit and provided the household participates continuously during that 12-month period. Continuous participation includes breaks in participation of one month or less due to administrative reasons, such as delayed recertifications or missing or late CA 7s.
 - (QR) Any federal, state or local EITC payment received by any household member shall be excluded for 12 months, provided the household was participating in the Food Stamp Program at the time of receipt of the earned income tax credit and provided the household participates continuously during that 12-month period. Continuous participation includes breaks in participation of one month or less due to administrative reasons, such as delayed recertifications or missing or late QR 7s. (Continued)

Authority Cited: Sections 10553, 10554, 11209, <u>11265.1</u>, <u>.2</u>, and <u>.3</u>, and 18904, and <u>18910</u>, Welfare and Institutions Code.

Reference: Sections 10554, 11265.1, .2, and .3, 18901, and 18904, and 18910, Welfare and Institutions Code; 7 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 272.8(e)(17); 7 CFR 273.2(j)(4); 7 CFR 273.8; 7 CFR 273.8(e)(11), (12)(ii), and (18); 7 CFR 273.8(f) and (h); Public Law (P.L.) 100-50, Sections 22(e)(4) and 14(27), enacted June 3, 1987; P.L. 101-201; P.L. 101-426, Section 6(h)(2), as specified in United States Department of Agriculture (U.S.D.A.), Food and Nutrition Service (FNS),

Administrative Notice (AN) 91-37; P.L. 101-508, Section 11111(b); P.L. 101-624, Section 1715; P.L. 102-237, Section 905, as specified in

Federal Administrative Notice 92-12, dated January 9, 1992; Section 2466d., Title 20, United States Code (U.S.C.); 7 U.S.C. 2014(d) and (g)(2)(D); 26 U.S.C. 32(j)(5); 42 U.S.C.A. 5122 as amended by P.L. 100-707, Section 105(i); U.S.D.A., FNS, ANs 91-30 and 94-39; Index Policy Memo 90-22, dated July 12, 1990; U.S.D.A., FNS, AN 94-58, dated July 5, 1994; and P.L. 104-193, Sections 810 and 827 (Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996); and Food and Nutrition Service Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting waiver approval dated April 1, 2003.

63-503 DETERMINING HOUSEHOLD ELIGIBILITY AND BENEFIT LEVELS

63-503

- .1 Month of Application (Continued)
 - .14 <u>Section 63-503.14(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-501.14(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.</u>
 - (MR) Because of reported, estimated or anticipated changes, a household may be eligible for the month of application, but ineligible in the subsequent month. The household shall be entitled to benefits for the month of application even if the processing of its application results in the benefits being issued in the subsequent month. (See Sections 63-504.1 for certification periods and Section 63-504.2 for notice requirements.) Similarly, a household may be ineligible for the month of application, but eligible in the subsequent month due to reported, estimated or anticipated changes in circumstances. Even though denied for the month of application, the household does not have to reapply in the subsequent month. The same application shall be used for the denial for the month of application, and for the determination of eligibility for subsequent months, within the timeliness standards in Section 63-301.1.
 - (QR) Determination of benefits in a change reporting household, based on reported, estimated or anticipated changes, may result in a household being eligible for the month of application, but ineligible in the subsequent month. The household shall be entitled to benefits for the month of application even if the processing of its application results in the benefits being issued in the subsequent month. (See Sections 63-504.1 for certification periods and Section 63-504.2 for notice requirements.) Similarly, a household may be ineligible for the month of application, but eligible in the subsequent month due to reported, estimated or anticipated changes in circumstances. Even though denied for the month of application, the household does not have to reapply in the subsequent month. The same application shall be used for the denial for the month of application, and for the determination of eligibility for subsequent months, within the timeliness standards in Section 63-301.1.
 - .141 Section 63-503.141(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (QR) Determination of benefits in a QR/PB household is also based upon reported, estimated and/or anticipated income over the QR Payment Quarter. The household shall be entitled to benefits if otherwise eligible in accordance with Sections 63-508 and 63-509.
- Section 63-503.15(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-501.15(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) As a result of reported, estimated or anticipated changes, the household's allotment for the month of application may differ from its allotment in subsequent months. The household's allotment shall vary from month to month to reflect actual changes reported during the certification period or those changes anticipated at the time of certification unless the averaging techniques in Sections 63-504.411(b), .242(c) or .252 are used. The CWD shall establish the household's certification period in accordance with Section 63-504.1.
- (QR) As a result of reported, estimated or anticipated changes in a change reporting household, the household's allotment for the month of application may differ from its allotment in subsequent months. The household's allotment shall vary from month to month to reflect actual changes reported during the certification period or those changes anticipated at the time of certification unless the averaging techniques in Sections 63-504..242(c), .252 or .411(b) are used. The CWD shall establish the household's certification period in accordance with Section 63-504.1.
 - .151 Section 63-503.151(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (QR) As a result of reported, estimated or anticipated changes in a QR household, the household's allotment for the month of application may differ from its allotment in subsequent months. The household's allotment may vary from month to month within the quarter to reflect changes reported during the QR Payment Quarter or those changes anticipated at the time of certification unless the averaging techniques in Sections 63-509(a)(4), (a)(5) and (a)(6) are used. The CWD shall establish the household's certification period in accordance with Section 63-504.1. The CWD may match certification periods with QR reporting cycles. (Continued)

.2 Determining Resources, Income and Deductions

Sections 63-503.21 et seq.(MR) shall become inoperative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (MR) .21 Prospective Budgeting in the Beginning Months for Households Who Shall be Subject to Retrospective Budgeting (Continued)
 - (MR) .211 Determining Resources
 - (MR) Except for households determined to be categorically eligible as specified in Sections 63-301.7 and .82, the household's resources at the time of the interview shall be used to determine the household's eligibility, in accordance with Sections 63-501 and 63-409.12.
 - (MR) .212 Determining Income
 - (MR) The CWD shall determine food stamp eligibility according to the household's gross and/or net income as specified in Section 63-503.32. The CWD, in determining the household's eligibility, shall determine what sources are exempt from consideration as income per Section 63-502.14 and Section 63-502.2. If an applicant household is destitute, as defined in Section 63-503.43, the CWD shall compute its gross income in accordance with Section 63-503.434.

(MR) (a) Actual Income

(MR) For purposes of determining the household's eligibility and level of benefits during the beginning months, the CWD shall take into account the actual income already received by the household during the month of application and any anticipated income the CWD and the household are reasonably certain will be received during the remaining beginning months. Income shall not be counted if its receipt is uncertain. If the exact amount of anticipated income is uncertain only that portion which can be anticipated with reasonable certainty shall be counted as income. In cases where the receipt of income is reasonably certain but the monthly amount may fluctuate, the household may elect to income average, as provided in Section 63-503.212(b).

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- (MR) (1) The following are examples of how to determine anticipated income:
 - (MR) (A) The anticipated receipt of an initial PA/GA payment is counted in determining eligibility only if the PA/GA payment has been approved and authorized and will be issued within the month.
 - (MR) (B) The anticipated receipt of earned income, such as income from a new job, will only be counted if it can be determined with reasonable certainty that a specific amount of earnings will be received within the month, e.g., the person is currently employed or will be employed during the month and the pay day(s) is within the month.
 - (MR) (C) The anticipated receipt of other income, such as unemployment insurance benefits, will only be counted if it can be verified that benefits will be received within the month, e.g., award letter indicates the payment amount and that it can be expected by or on a specified date and that date falls within the month

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(MR) (b) Averaging Income

Households subject to retrospective budgeting shall not have their income averaged, even if their income fluctuates from month to month, except as provided below:

(MR) (1) Self-employment income received less often than monthly. Households which derive their annual income in a period of time shorter than one year shall have that income averaged over a 12-month period.

- (MR) (2) Nonexcluded scholarship, deferred educational loan, and educational grant income received by households less often than monthly. Such income, after exclusions, shall be averaged over the period it is intended to cover and shall not be prospectively counted in the beginning months for retrospectively budgeted households.
- (MR) (3) Contract income received by households which derive their annual income in a period of time shorter than one year. Such income shall be averaged over the period it is intended to cover, provided the income from the contract is not earned on an hourly or piece-work basis. Such income shall not be prospectively counted in the beginning months for retrospectively budgeted households.

(MR) (c) Income Only in the Month Received

- (MR) (1) Income anticipated during the beginning months shall be counted as income only in the month it is expected to be received, unless the income is averaged. Whenever a full month's income is anticipated but is received on a weekly or biweekly basis, the CWD shall use the exact monthly amount whenever possible. If the exact amount is not available, the CWD shall use the amount which is reasonably certain to be received in accordance with Section 63-503.212(a).
- Wages held at the request of the employee shall be (MR) (2)considered income to the household in the month the wages would otherwise have been paid by the employer. Wages held by the employer, as a general practice, even if in violation of the law, shall not be counted as income to the household. If the household anticipates that it will ask for and receive an advance, the advance shall be counted as income. Income from wages that were previously held by the employer as a general practice and not previously counted as income by the CWD shall be counted as income in the month received. Advances on wages shall count as income in the month received only if the CWD is reasonably certain of its receipt, in accordance with Section 63-503.212(a).

(MR) (3) The CWD shall budget stable earned and unearned income which is received on a regular basis as a single monthly payment for the month such income is intended to cover. Households receiving such income shall not have their monthly income varied merely because mailing or payment cycles may cause two payments to be received in one month and none in the next month.

Sections 63-503.22 et seq.(MR) shall become inoperative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) .22 Transitioning Households from Prospective to Retrospective Budgeting

A household's benefit level shall be computed prospectively during the beginning months of the household's certification period by considering all factors of eligibility. The prospective determination of eligibility and benefit level shall be based on the income and other circumstances that the CWD is reasonably certain will exist for that household during the beginning months as specified in Section 63-503.212(a).

- (MR) .221 If the household has two beginning months, when the CWD receives the household's first CA 7 during the second beginning month, the CWD shall continue to prospectively determine the household's eligibility, but the CWD shall issue benefits retrospectively for month three based on the actual information reported on the CA 7 for month one except as specified in Section 63-503.232(c).
- (MR) .222 If the household has three beginning months, when the CWD receives the household's second CA 7 during the third beginning month, the CWD shall continue to prospectively determine the household's eligibility. The CWD shall commence issuing benefits retrospectively for month four based on the actual information reported on the CA 7 for month two, except as specified in Section 63-503.232(c).

Sections 63-503.23 et seq.(MR) shall become inoperative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) .23 Households Subject to Retrospective Budgeting After the Beginning Months

(MR) .231 Prospective Eligibility

The CWD shall continue to prospectively determine Food Stamp eligibility after the beginning months. The prospective eligibility determination determines whether or not a household continues to be eligible for benefits, and does not determine what benefit level a household is entitled to receive. A household is neither eligible for a restoration of benefits, nor shall a claim be established against a household for an inaccurate estimate of a household's prospective eligibility. Categorically eligible households shall be considered eligible for food stamps because of their status as PA recipients. The prospective eligibility determination for other households shall be made as follows.

(MR) (a) Determining Resources

Each month any reported changes in the household's resources shall be used in conjunction with the resources at the time of the interview to determine the household's prospective eligibility, in accordance with Sections 63-501 and 63-409.12.

(MR) (b) Determining Income

When the household's benefits are retrospectively budgeted, the CWD shall continue to prospectively determine food stamp eligibility according to the household's gross and/or net income as specified in Section 63-503.32. The CWD, in determining the household's prospective eligibility shall consider the household's actual reported budget month income or income that has been averaged for the budget month and anticipated income changes in the issuance month. For this actual, averaged, and anticipated income, the CWD shall determine what sources are exempt from consideration as income, per Sections 63-502.14 and 63-502.2.

(MR) (c) Household Composition

The CWD shall determine food stamp eligibility using the household's composition during the issuance month.

(MR) .232 Retrospective Budgeting

The CWD shall use the following income to retrospectively budget the household's level of benefits.

(MR) (a) Actual Income

For purposes of determining the household's level of benefits for the issuance month, the CWD shall take into account the household's actual reported income for the budget month, except for child/spousal support disregard payments, which shall be based on the CWD information.

(MR) (b) Averaged Income

For purposes of determining the household's level of benefits for the issuance month, the CWD shall take into account any income that has been averaged for the household for the budget month.

- (MR) (1) Self-employment income received less often than monthly. Households which derive their annual income in a period of time shorter than one year shall have that income averaged over a 12-month period.
- (MR) (2) Nonexcluded scholarship, deferred educational loan, and educational grant income as specified in Section 63-503.212(b)(2). Such income shall not effect more benefit months than the number of months in the period over which it is averaged.
- (MR) (3) Contract income as specified in Section 63-503.212(b)(3). Such income shall not effect more benefit months than the number of months in the period over which it is averaged.

(MR) (c) Income Only in the Month Received

When determining the household's level of benefits for the issuance month, the CWD shall count as income only that amount actually received by the household in the budget month, except as provided below:

- (MR) (1) Income that has been averaged, in accordance with Section 63-503.212(b).
- (MR) (2) The CWD shall budget stable earned and unearned income which is received on a regular basis as a single monthly payment for the month such income

is intended to cover. Households receiving such income shall not have their monthly income varied merely because mailing or payment cycles may cause two payments to be received in one month and none in the next month.

(MR) (3) A GA/GR payment, covering a period which begins in the current month and ends in a future month, received in the current month is counted as income in the current month.

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(MR) (A) For example, a GA/GR payment received in June which is intended to cover the last two weeks in June and the first two weeks in July is counted as income for June.

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- (MR) (4) Wages held at the request of the employee shall be considered income to the household in the month the wages would otherwise have been paid by the employer.
- (MR) (5) All AFDC, GA/GR, RCA, and ECA payments (initial, regular monthly, and additional/corrective) for the issuance month shall be anticipated with reasonable certainty, as defined in Section 63-503.212(a). The CWD shall ensure that any additional/corrective payments to the regular grant received in and for the issuance month are counted prospectively.
 - (MR) (A) Federally funded AFDC additional/corrective payments that the CWD could not anticipate with reasonable certainty or did not have time to budget prospectively shall be budgeted retrospectively.
 - (MR) (B) State-only AFDC, GA/GR, RCA, and ECA payments that the CWD could not anticipate with reasonable certainty or did not have time to budget prospectively shall not be budgeted retrospectively.

(MR) (C) Repealed by Manual Letter No. FS-91-10, effective 12/1/91.

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(MR) (D) The following case situations illustrate the distinction between an additional/corrective payment and a regular monthly payment:

(MR) 1. Example 1:

An ongoing Food Stamp household reported the birth of a child in March. As a result, the CWD issued two supplemental PA payments in April, the first for prorated March benefits, the second for April benefits, and added the child to the Food Stamp household effective April 1.

The prorated supplement for March benefits would be considered a nonrecurring lump sum payment because it is a retroactive payment for a previous month and is counted as a resource in April. The supplemental PA payment received in and for the month of April would be considered an additional/corrective payment which would be budgeted retrospectively for the June issuance month.

(MR) 2. Example 2:

An ongoing Food Stamp household filed a March CA 7 (Rev. 1) which caused the CWD to reduce the May PA grant amount to \$0. The CWD used \$0 income to compute the Food Stamp benefit level for the issuance month of May. Subsequent to this action, the CWD discovers that an error was made in the determination

of the Food Stamp household's PA grant and recomputes the PA budget to an appropriate grant amount of \$400.

The \$400 would be considered a regular monthly PA payment. This is because no other grant amount for issuance month had been established and paid. Therefore, the amount issued would be considered a regular monthly PApayment. However, if the CWD had established and actually paid a grant amount (e.g., \$50), any adjustment to this amount would be considered an additional/corrective payment amount and budgeted retrospectively how regardless ofadditional/corrective payment was issued (i.e., one check, two checks, etc.).

(MR) 3. Example 3:

An ongoing Food Stamp household filed a March CA 7 (Rev. 1) which resulted in a determination that the monthly PA grant would decrease from \$400 to \$50 for May. The \$50 PA grant level was used to determine the food stamp benefits for the issuance month of May. Subsequently, the Food Stamp household filed an administrative appeal and received aid paid pending (APP) in the amount of \$400.

In this instance, the \$350 (\$400-\$50) would not be budgeted retrospectively as an additional/corrective payment. This is because APP is required by state administrative appeals procedures. The \$350 + \$50 would be considered a regular monthly payment under the

requirements of the partial settlement agreement.

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(MR) (d) Discontinued Income

For the purposes of this section, discontinued income is any income that a household received in a budget month from a source that no longer provides income to the household, except when the income has been discontinued due to participation in a strike or, a household member other than the primary wage earner voluntarily quits a job without good cause in accordance with Section 63-408.4.

(MR) (1) In a Beginning Month

Discontinued income which was included in the household's prospective budget shall be disregarded when the beginning month becomes the budget month.

(MR) (2) After the Beginning Months

For households receiving AFDC, GA/GR, RCA, or ECA payments in the issuance month, discontinued income from the corresponding budget month shall be disregarded provided:

- (MR) (A) The household has reported the termination of the income on the CA 7 for the budget month or in some other manner,
- (MR) (B) The CWD has sufficient time to process the change and affect the allotment in the issuance month corresponding to the budget month in which the income stopped, and
- (MR) (C) The AFDC, GA/GR, RCA, or ECA payments are increased as a result of the termination of the income.
- .24 <u>Section 63-503.24(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.24(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.</u>

- (MR) Determining the Eligibility and Benefit Level of Households Excluded from Retrospective Budgeting (Continued)
- (QR) Determining the Eligibility and Benefit Level of Households Excluded from QR/PB. (Continued)
 - .242 Determining Income (Continued)
 - (b) Income Only in the Month Received
 - (1) Section 63-503.242(b)(1)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.242(b)(1)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) Income anticipated during the certification period shall be counted as income only in the month it is expected to be received, unless the income is averaged. The CWD shall use the exact monthly figure if it can be anticipated. Whenever a full month's income is anticipated but is received on a weekly or biweekly basis, the CWD shall convert the income to a monthly amount by multiplying weekly amounts by 4.3 and biweekly amounts by 2.15 if the exact amount is not known.
 - (QR) Income reasonably anticipated during the certification period shall be counted as income only in the month it is expected to be received, unless the income is averaged. The CWD shall use the exact monthly figure if it can be reasonably anticipated. Whenever a full month's income is anticipated but is received on a weekly or biweekly basis throughout the QR Payment Quarter, the CWD shall convert the income to a monthly amount by multiplying weekly amounts by 4.33 and biweekly amounts by 2.167 if the exact amount is not known. (Continued)
- .25 Section 63-503.25(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.25(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) Determining Deductions for All Households

Deductible expenses include only certain medical, dependent care, shelter costs, and child support as specified in Section 63-502.3.

(QR) Determining Deductions for Change Reporting and QR/PB Households

Deductible expenses include only certain medical, dependent care, shelter costs, and child support as specified in Section 63-502.3. Treatment of deductions for households subject to QR/PB are specified in Sections 63-509(a)(3), (a)(3)(A), (a)(3)(B), and (a)(3)(C). (Continued)

.252 Averaging Expenses (Continued)

- (c) Section 63-503.252(c)(MR) shall become inoperative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) For retrospectively budgeted households, the CWD shall budget deductible expenses or payments for the child support deduction averaged over two or more months retrospectively, except medical expenses, provided that such deductions are not budgeted over more months than they are intended to cover, and the total amount deducted does not exceed the total amount of the expenses. Medical expenses shall be budgeted prospectively. The CWD shall continue to allow deductions for expenses incurred or payments made for the child support deduction even if billed on other than a monthly basis unless the household reports a change in the expense. At that time, it shall be recalculated.

.253 Anticipating/Estimating Expenses (Continued)

(b) Other Expenses

Section 63-503.253(b)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.253(b)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) The CWD shall calculate a nonmonthly reporting household's expenses based on the expenses the household expects to be billed for or based on the payments expected to be made for the child support deduction during the certification period. Anticipation of the expenses or

payments for the child support deduction shall be based on the most recent month's bills or payments for the child support deduction, unless the household is reasonably certain a change will occur. When the household is not claiming the standard utility allowance, the CWD may anticipate changes during the certification period based on last year's bills from the same period updated by overall price increases; or, if only the most recent bill is available, utility cost increases or decreases over the months of the certification period may be based on utility company estimates for the type of dwelling and utilities used b the household. The CWD shall not average past expenses, such as utility bills for the last several months, as a method of anticipating utility costs for the certification period.

The CWD shall calculate a change reporting household's (QR) expenses based on the expenses the household expects to be billed for or based on the payments expected to be made for the child support deduction during the certification period. Anticipation of the expenses or payments for the child support deduction shall be based on the most recent month's bills or payments for the child support deduction, unless the household is reasonably certain a change will occur. When the household is not claiming the standard utility allowance, the CWD may anticipate changes during the certification period based on last year's bills from the same period updated by overall certification period may be based on utility company estimates for the type of dwelling and utilities used by the household. The CWD shall not average past expenses, such as utility bills for the last several months, as a method of anticipating utility costs for the certification period.

Section 63-503.253(c)(MR) shall become inoperative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (MR) (c) Expenses In the Beginning Months (Continued)
- .254 Section 63-503.254(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.254(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Disallowed expenses. The following expenses are not deductible: (Continued)

- (QR) <u>Disallowed expenses</u>. The following expenses are not deductible for change reporting households and QR/PB households: (Continued)
- .255 Section 63-503.255(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.255(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) For nonmonthly reporting households the income conversion procedures of Section 63-503.242(b)(1) shall also apply to expenses billed on a weekly or biweekly basis.
- (QR) For change reporting and QR households, the income conversion procedures of Section 63-503.242(b)(1) shall also apply to expenses billed on a weekly or biweekly basis.
- .3 Calculating Net Income and Benefit Levels
 - .31 Net Monthly Income
 - .311 Section 63-503.311(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.311(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) To determine a household's net monthly income, unless the household contains a member who is elderly or disabled as defined in Section 63-102(c), the CWD shall:
 - (QR) To determine a change reporting household's net monthly income, unless the household contains a member who is elderly or disabled as defined in Section 63-102(c), the CWD shall follow the steps listed below. For QR/PB households the steps listed below shall be followed after income is averaged over the QR/PB Payment Quarter as specified in Section 63-509(a)(4). (Continued)
 - .312 Section 63-503.312(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.312(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) To determine the net monthly income of a household that includes a member who is elderly or disabled as defined in Section 63-102(e) the CWD shall:

(QR) To determine the net monthly income of a change reporting household that includes a member who is elderly or disabled as defined in Section 63-102(e), the CWD shall follow the steps listed below. For QR/PB households, the steps listed below shall be followed after income is averaged over the QR/PB Payment Quarter as specified in Section 63-509(a)(4). (Continued)

.32 Eligibility and Benefits

.321 (Continued)

Sections 63-503.321 et seq.(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.321 et seq.(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (MR) (a) For households which are subject to monthly reporting, the CWD shall apply the gross and net monthly income eligibility standards each month during the household's certification period. The household's continued eligibility for benefits shall be based on the household's size and income information which the household and the CWD anticipate for the issuance month. This determination shall be based on the information reported on and submitted with the household's most recent CA 7. The CWD shall also consider information which the household reports outside of the normal monthly reporting system.
 - (MR) (1) If the household's gross and net monthly income does not exceed the standards the CWD shall issue benefits, in accordance with Section 63-503.22.
 - (MR) (2) If the household's gross or net monthly income exceeds the standards, the CWD shall either deny the application or terminate; or suspend the household's benefits in accordance with Section 63-504.37.
- (MR) (b) For migrant farmworker households, the CWD shall deny the application if the household's gross and/or net monthly income exceeds the standards.

(QR) (a) For food stamp households which are subject to QR, the CWD shall apply the gross and net monthly income eligibility standards to the averaged QR/PB Payment Quarter's income during the certification period. The household's continued eligibility for benefits shall be based on the household's size and income information which the household and the CWD anticipate for the QR Payment Quarter. This determination shall be based on the information reported on and submitted with the household's most recent QR 7. The CWD shall also consider information which the household reports outside of the normal QR system. (Continued)

.322 (Continued)

Section 63-503.322(a)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.322(a)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (MR) (a) For households which are subject to monthly reporting, the CWD shall apply the net monthly income eligibility standards each month during the household's certification period, except as specified in Sections 63-301.7 and .82. The household's continued eligibility for benefits shall be based on the household's size and income information which the household and the CWD anticipate for the next issuance month. This determination shall be based on the information reported on and submitted with the most recent CA 7. The CWD shall also consider information which the household reports outside of the normal monthly reporting system.
 - (MR) (1) If the household's net monthly income does not exceed the standard, the CWD shall issue benefits in accordance with Section 63-503.22.
 - (MR) (2) If the household's net monthly income exceeds the standard, the CWD shall either deny the application or terminate; or suspend the household's benefits in accordance with Section 63-504.37.
- (MR) (b) For migrant farmworker households, the CWD shall deny the application if the household's net monthly income exceeds the standard.

- (QR) (a) For households which are subject to QR, the CWD shall apply the gross and net monthly income tests to income averaged over the QR Payment Quarter. The household's continued eligibility for benefits shall be based on the household's size and income information which the household and the CWD anticipate for the next QR Payment Quarter or remaining months in the quarter.
 - (QR) (1) If the household's net quarterly averaged income does not exceed the standard, the CWD shall issue benefits in accordance with Section 63-503.22.
 - (QR) (2) If the household's net quarterly averaged income exceeds the standard, the CWD shall deny the application or terminate benefits at the end of the quarter. If CalWORKs benefits are terminated mid-quarter based on income in excess of the IRT and income exceeds the household's standards, a mid-quarter action shall be taken to deny or terminate benefits and Transitional Food Stamp Benefits must be issued in accordance with Section 63-504.13.
- .324 Section 63-503.324(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.324(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) The household's monthly allotment shall be determined from the Coupon Allotment Tables on the basis of household size and net income. The counties shall issue food stamp coupons pursuant to the coupon allotment tables as promulgated and updated by the USDA. The SDSS shall provide the updated coupon allotment tables, which are to be implemented upon their effective date. Refer to Handbook Section 63-1101 for the most recent coupon allotment tables and their effective date.
- (QR) Change reporting and QR/PB household's monthly allotment shall be determined from the Coupon Allotment Tables on the basis of household size and net income. The counties shall issue food stamp benefits pursuant to the coupon allotment tables as promulgated and updated by the USDA. The CDSS shall provide the updated coupon allotment tables, which are to be implemented upon their effective date. Refer to Handbook Section 63-1101 for the most recent coupon allotment tables and their effective date.

- .325 Section 63-503.325(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.325(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Except during an initial month, all eligible one- and two-person households shall receive a minimum monthly allotment of \$10 and all eligible households with three or more members which are entitled to \$1, \$3, and \$5 allotments shall receive allotments of \$2, \$4, and \$6 respectively to correspond with current coupon book determination.
- (QR) Except during an initial month of application, all eligible one- and two-person change reporting and QR households shall receive a minimum monthly allotment of \$10 and all eligible households with three or more members which are entitled to \$1, \$3, and \$5 allotments shall receive allotments of \$2, \$4, and \$6 respectively to correspond with current coupon book determination.
- .326 Section 63-503.326(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.326(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) For an eligible household with three or more members which is entitled to benefits for the initial month but not the following month, the CWD shall certify the household in accordance with Section 63-504.1 and terminate the case for the following month if the household is prospectively ineligible. The household shall be notified in accordance with Section 63-504.261.
- (QR) For an eligible change reporting household with three or more members which is entitled to benefits for the initial month but not the following month, the CWD shall certify the household in accordance with Section 63-504.1 and terminate the case for the following month if the household is prospectively ineligible. For QR/PB households with three or more members, benefits shall be provided during the QR Payment Quarter if averaged income over the quarter does not render the household ineligible for the quarter. The QR/PB household shall be certified in accordance with Section 63-504.1 if averaged income over the quarter for the QR/PB household does not exceed the 130 percent FPL for family size.

- .327 Section 63-503.327(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.327 et seq.(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) For those eligible households which are entitled to no benefits in their initial month of application in accordance with Section 63-503.324, but are entitled to benefits in the next month, the CWD shall certify the households beginning with the month of application.
- (QR) No Eligibility in the Initial Month of Application
- (QR) (a) For those eligible change reporting households which are not entitled to benefits in their initial month of application in accordance with Section 63-503.324, but are entitled to benefits in the next month, the CWD shall certify the households beginning with the month of application.
- (QR) (b) For QR/PB households whose income has been averaged over the QR Payment Quarter and averaged income makes the household ineligible, the application shall be denied unless the household is categorically eligible.
 - (1) The CWD shall inform households whose applications have been denied that if their income stops or drops, the household may contact the CWD to reapply for benefits.
 - (2) The CWD shall use the original application along with updated information if the household reapplies within 30 days of the denial of benefits.
 - (3) The denial shall be rescinded providing the household is determined eligible based on new information.
- .328 Section 63-503.328(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.328(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) When a household's circumstances change and it becomes entitled to a different income eligibility test, the CWD shall apply the different test at the next recertification or whenever the CWD changes the household's eligibility, benefit level or certification

- period, whichever occurs first.
- (QR) When a change reporting or QR/PB household's circumstances change and it becomes entitled to a different income eligibility test, the CWD shall apply the different test at the next recertification or whenever the CWD changes the household's eligibility, benefit level or certification period, whichever occurs first.
- .329 Section 63-503.329(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.329(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) The CWD shall deny the application of an otherwise eligible household with three or more members that has a net income which would set its benefit level at zero. The application shall be denied on the grounds that net income exceeds the level at which benefits are issued unless any of the following occur:
- (QR) The CWD shall deny the application of an otherwise eligible change reporting or QR/PB household with three or more members that has a net income which would set its benefit level at zero. The application shall be denied on the grounds that net income exceeds the level at which benefits are issued unless any of the following occur:
 - (a) (Continued)
- .4 Households with Special Circumstances
 - .41 Households with Self-Employment Income

Section 63-503.41(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.41(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (MR) For monthly reporting households receiving self-employment income, including those households that own and operate a commercial boarding house, the CWD shall calculate the self-employment income in accordance with this section. All households that own and operate a noncommerical boarding house shall have their income calculated in accordance with Section 63-503.42.
- (QR) For QR households receiving self-employment income, including those households that own and operate a commercial boarding house, the CWD

shall calculate the self-employment income in accordance with this section. All households that own and operate a noncommercial boarding house shall have their income calculated in accordance with Section 63-503.42. QR/PB households are subject to income averaging rules as specified in Sections 63-509(a)(4), (a)(5) and (a)(6).

- .411 Households with Self-Employment Income
 - (a) Section 63-503.411(a)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.411(a)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) Monthly reporting households which receive selfemployment income on a monthly basis shall report the actual amount of such income on the monthly eligibility report. The CWD shall calculate the household's benefit level for each month based on the actual amount of selfemployment income reported even if such income fluctuates from month to month.
 - QR households which receive self-employment income on a monthly basis shall report the actual amount of such income on the QR Report for the Data Month. The CWD shall calculate the household's benefit level for the Payment Quarter based on the actual amount of self-employment income reported on the QR 7 and anticipated income for each month of the upcoming QR Payment Quarter. Self-employment income shall be averaged over the QR Payment Quarter. Changes in self-employment income that occur mid-quarter shall be treated in accordance with Section 63-509(d).
 - (b) Section 63-503.411(b)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.411(b)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) Self-employment income received less often than monthly which represents a household's annual income shall be averaged over a 12-month period even if the household receives income from other sources in addition to self-employment. If income is from a household member's self-employment in a farming or fishing operation and irregular expenses are incurred to produce that income, the household shall have the option to annualize the allowable

costs of producing self-employment income from farming when the self-employment farm income is annualized.

(QR) Self-employment income received less often than monthly which represents a change reporting or QR/PB household's annual income shall be averaged over a 12-month period even if the household receives income from other sources in addition to self-employment. The annualized monthly income figure shall be used as the averaged income for the QR Payment quarter.

If income is from a household member's self-employment in a farming or fishing operation and irregular expenses are incurred to produce that income, the household shall have the option to annualize the allowable costs of producing self-employment income from farming when the self-employment farm income is annualized. For QR households, the annualized monthly figure for allowable costs of producing income from farming or fishing shall be used as an averaged expense for the QR Payment quarter.

- (c) Section 63-503.411(c)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.411(c)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) If a household's self-employment enterprise has been in existence for less than a year the income from that self-employment enterprise shall be averaged over the period of time the business has been in operation, and the monthly amount projected over the certification period.
- (QR) If a household's self-employment enterprise has been in existence for less than a year, the income from that self-employment enterprise shall be averaged over the period of time the business has been in operation, and the monthly amount projected over the certification period. For QR/PB households, the projected income over the certification period shall be used in averaging income over the QR Payment Quarter.
- .412 Averaging Self-Employment Income Received Less Often Than Monthly (Continued)
 - (b) Section 63-503.412(b)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.412(b)(QR) shall become operative in a

- county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Self-employment must be averaged over the period of time the income is intended to cover even if the household receives income from other sources.
- (QR) Self-employment must be averaged over the period of time the income is intended to cover even if the household receives income from other sources. For QR/PB households, self-employment must be averaged over the certification period or over a QR Payment Quarter.
- (c) Section 63-503.412(c)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.412(c)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Actual self-employment income and expense information reported and verified with the household's CA 7 shall be used at the household's next certification to average and project the household's circumstances for the next year or period of time the income is intended to cover, except that the self-employment income averaged for the current certification period must be redetermined in the following instances:
- (QR) Actual self-employment income and expense information reported and verified with the household's last QR 7 shall be used at the household's next certification to average and project the household's circumstances for the next year or next QR Payment Quarter, except that the self-employment income averaged for the current certification period or QR Payment Quarter must be redetermined in the following instances:
 - (1) (Continued)
- .415 Determining Monthly Income from Self-Employment (Continued)

Sections 63-503.415(a) through (b)(1)(MR) shall become inoperative and Sections 63-503.415(a) through (b)(1)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (MR) (a) For monthly reporting households who report their actual monthly self-employment income on the CA 7, the CWD shall add all gross self-employment income (including capital gains), and exclude the actual monthly cost of producing the self-employment income as reported on the CA 7.
- (MR) (b) For the period of time over which self-employment income is averaged, the CWD shall add gross self-employment income (including capital gains), exclude the cost of producing the self-employment income, and divide the self-employment income by the number of months over which the income will be averaged.
 - (MR) (1) For self-employed farmers or fishermen, as defined in Section 63-102s, losses shall be prorated in the same manner used to prorate the self-employment income.
- (QR) (a) For QR households that report actual monthly self-employment income on the QR 7, the CWD shall add all gross self-employment income (including capital gains) and average it over the QR Payment Quarter, and exclude the averaged anticipated cost of doing business. The CWD shall determine if the monthly income is already determined by averaging income over the certification period or if anticipated income is to be averaged over the QR Payment Quarter. Calculation of benefits over the quarter shall be computed in accordance with Section 63-509.
- (QR) (b) The CWD shall add gross self-employment income (including capital gains) over the three-month QR Payment Quarter and divide the gross income total by three (3) to determine the monthly income amount for each month of the quarter. Stable income; e.g., income averaged over the certification period, need not be averaged over the quarter.
 - (QR) (1) For self-employed farmers or fishermen, losses shall be averaged in the same manner used to average the self-employment income, either over the certification period or over the QR Payment Quarter. (Continued)
 - (c) (Continued)

.416 (Continued)

- <u>Section 63-503.5(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.</u>
- (QR) Nonexcluded scholarship, deferred educational loans and educational grant income received less often than monthly for both change reporting and QR households shall be averaged, after exclusions, over the period it is intended to cover.
- <u>Section 63-503.6(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.</u>
- (QR) Contract income received by change reporting and QR households that derive their annual income in a period of time shorter than one year shall be averaged over the period it is intended to cover, provided the income from the contract is not earned on an hourly or piece-work basis.
- .57 (Continued)
 - .571 (Continued)
 - .5711 (Continued)
 - .<u>57</u>12 (Continued)
 - .5713 (Continued)
 - .5714 (Continued)
 - .572 (Continued)
- .68 (Continued)
- Section 63-503.9(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.9(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Certified Monthly Reporting Households Applying for Aid in a New County
- (QR) Households Losing County Residence
 - .791 Section 63-503.91(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-503.91(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (MR) The applications of households which were certified for Food Stamp Program participation in one county or state and which move to another county or this state and apply for benefits without at least a one-month break in certification, shall be treated as initial applications, except they shall continue to be retrospectively budgeted, as specified in Section 63-504.711. Households which have requested and are entitled to expedited service shall have their benefits available in accordance with Section 63-301.531(b).
- (QR) The applications of change reporting food stamp households which were certified for Food Stamp Program participation in one county and which move to another county and apply for benefits, shall be treated as initial applications, except they shall continue to be retrospectively budgeted, as specified in Section 63-504.711. Households which have requested and are entitled to expedited service shall have their benefits available in accordance with Section 63-301.531(b).
 - .7911 Section 63-503.911(MR) shall become inoperative and Sections 63-503.911(a) and (b)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) Households which were subject to retrospective budgeting in the previous county or state shall continue to be retrospectively budgeted, unless the household is now excluded, as specified in Section 63-505.21. (Continued)
 - (QR) (a) For households that are subject to QR/PB and move out of state, benefit shall be terminated mid-quarter.
 - (QR) (b) For QR/PB households that move out of county, the CWD shall continue to follow existing rules which require the recipient to be discontinued from the former county of residence and reapply in the new county, except when there is a companion CalWORKs case that is being transferred, the former county will continue to provide benefits until the end of the month in which the CalWORKs case is transferred from the former county in accordance with Section 63-509(c)(2). The new county shall assign a new QR reporting cycle to the household. (Continued)

.7912 (Continued)

Authority Cited: Sections 10553, 10554, 10604, <u>11265.1</u>, <u>.2 and .3</u>, 11369, and 18904, <u>and 18910</u>, Welfare and Institutions Code.

Reference:

Sections 10554, and 11265.1, .2, and .3, 18904, and 18910, Welfare and Institutions Code; 7 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 271.2; 7 CFR 272.3(c)(1)(ii); 7 CFR 273.1(b)(2)(iii), (c)(3)(i), (ii) and (e)(1)(i) as published in the Federal Register, Volume 59, No. 110 on June 9, 1994; 7 CFR 273.2(j)(4); 7 CFR 273.4(c)(2), (c)(2)(i), (c)(2)(i)(A), (c)(2)(iv), (c)(2)(v), (c)(3)(v), and (e)(1) and (2); 7 CFR 273.9(b)(1)(ii)and (b)(2)(ii), and (d)(6)(iii)(F); 7 CFR 273.10; 7 CFR 273.10(a)(1)(iii)(B); 7 CFR 273.10(c)(2)(iii), (c)(3)(ii), proposed amended 7 CFR 273.10(d) as published in the Federal Register, Vol. 59, No. 235 on December 8, 1994; (d)(1)(i), (d)(2), (d)(3), (d)(4), and proposed (d)(8) as published in the Federal Register, Vol. 59, No. 235 December 8, 1994, and proposed amended 7 CFR 273.10(e)(1)(i)(E-H) as published in the Federal Register, Vol. 59, No. 235 on December 8, 1994; 7 CFR 273.11(a)(1)(i) through (iii), (a)(2)(i), (b)(1), (b)(1)(i) and (ii), (c), (c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(2)(iii), (c)(3)(ii), (d)(1), and (e)(1); 7 CFR 273.12(a)(1)(i)(A), (a)(1)(i)(B), (a)(1)(i)(C)(2), and (c)(3)(iv); 7 CFR 273.21(f)(2)(ii), (iii), (iv), and (v), (g)(3), (j)(1)(vii)(B), and (S); 7 CFR 273.24(b)(4); (Court Order re Final Partial Settlement Agreement in Jones v. Yeutter (C.D. Cal. Feb. 1, 1990) F. Supp.; Waiver Letter WFS-100:FS-10-6-CA, dated October 2, 1990, U.S.D.A., Food and Consumer Services; Administrative Notice No. 89-12, No. 92-23, dated February 20, 1992, No. 94-39, and No. 94-65; Public Law (P.L.) 100-435, Section 351, and P.L. 101-624, Section 1717; [7 United States Code (U.S.C.) 2012, 2014(e), and 2017(c)(2)(B)]; 7 U.S.C. 2015(d)(1); 8 U.S.C. 1631, P.L. 104-193, Sections 115, 815, 821, 827 and 829 (Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996); Federal Food Stamp Policy Memos 82-9 dated December 8, 1981, and 88-4 dated November 13, 1987, and Federal Register, Vol. 66, No. 229, dated November 28, 2001, and USDA, FNS AN 02-23 dated February 6, 2002; and USDA FNS AN 03-23, dated May 2003; and Food and Nutrition Service Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting waiver approval dated April 1, 2003.

63-504 HOUSEHOLD CERTIFICATION AND CONTINUING ELIGIBILITY

63-504

.1 Certification Periods (Continued)

Handbook Section 63-504.1(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

HANDBOOK BEGINS HERE

(QR) Counties may match certification periods with QR reporting cycles. Where possible, CalWORKs shall adjust its redetermination period to coincide with the Food Stamp Program certification period. The food stamp certification period shall not be shortened unless as specified in Section 63-504.15. The certification may be lengthened if it does not exceed 12 months as specified in Section 63-504.16.

HANDBOOK ENDS HERE

- .11 (Continued)
- .12 Section 63-504.12(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.12(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Additional Requirement for Establishing Certification Periods for Monthly Reporting Households
- (QR) Additional Requirements for Establishing Certification Periods for QR Households
 - .121 (Continued)
- .13 Section 63-504.13(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.13(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Additional Requirements for Establishing Certification Periods for Nonmonthly Reporting Households

- (QR) Additional Requirements for Establishing Certification Periods for Change Reporting Households
 - .131 Section 63-504.131(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.131(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) Nonmonthly reporting households shall be assigned the longest certification period possible based on the predictability of the individual household's circumstances. The certification period shall not exceed 12 months.
 - (QR) Change reporting and QR households shall be assigned the longest certification period possible based on the predictability of the individual household's circumstances. The certification period shall not exceed 12 months.
 - (a) (Continued)
- .14 Additional Requirements for Establishing Certification Periods for Nonmonthly Reporting Households
 - .141 Nonmonthly reporting households shall be assigned the longest certification period possible based on the predictability of the individual household's circumstances. The certification period shall not exceed 12 months.
 - (a) Households shall be certified for one or two months, as appropriate, when the household cannot reasonably predict what its circumstances will be in the near future, or when there is a substantial likelihood of frequent and significant changes in income or household status.
 - .142 Certification periods for households consisting of all adult members who are elderly or disabled persons may be certified for up to 24 months, provided household circumstances are expected to remain stable. The CWD shall have at least one contact with these households every 12 months. The contact may be in the form of a telephone interview, an in-office interview or some form of a written report.
 - (a) If children are part of a household in which all other adult members are elderly or disabled, the household may be certified for up to 24 months.

- .154 Certification Periods for Households Residing on a Reservation
 - .1541 Section 63-504.141(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.141(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) Monthly reporting households residing on a reservation shall be certified for 24 months.
 - (QR) Households residing on a reservation shall be certified for 24 months.
 - .1542 (Continued)
- .165 (Continued)
 - .1651 (Continued)
- .176 (Continued)
 - .1761 (Continued)
 - .17<u>6</u>2 (Continued)
- .2 Notices of Action (Continued)
 - .22 Approval Actions (Continued)
 - .222 Section 63-504.222(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.222(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) When the initial allotment includes benefits for both the month of application and the second month's benefits, the notice shall inform the household that this initial allotment includes more than one month's benefits and shall indicate the monthly benefit level for the remainder of the certification period.

- When the initial allotment includes benefits for both the month of application and the second month's benefits, the notice shall inform the household that this initial allotment includes more than one month's benefits and shall indicate the monthly benefit level for the remainder of the certification period for change reporting households or the benefit level for the QR Payment Quarter for QR/PB reporting households.
- .223 (Continued)

- .225 Section 63-504.225(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.225(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) The recommended CDSS developed form to use for notification of approval actions is the DFA 377.1 or a County substitute containing all notice requirements.
- (QR) The recommended CDSS-developed form to use for notification of approval actions is the DFA 377.1 QR or a county substitute containing all notice requirements.

HANDBOOK ENDS HERE

- .23 (Continued)
- .26 Changes in Eligibility Status or Benefit Levels (Continued)

HANDBOOK BEGINS HERE

Handbook Section 63-504.26(MR) shall become inoperative and Handbook Section 63-504.26(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) The Department of Social Services and the CWDs are permanently enjoined by court order in <u>Saldivar v. McMahon</u> from implementing MPP 22-022(j). Therefore, the CWDs are to continue to provide timely and adequate notice in all instances where the proposed action would result in a discontinuance or reduction of benefits due to a late or incomplete CA 7.

(QR) The Department of Social Services and the CWDs are permanently enjoined by court order in Saldivar v. McMahon from implementing MPP Section 22-022(j). Therefore, the CWDs are to continue to provide timely and adequate notice in all instances where the proposed action would result in a discontinuance or reduction of benefits due to a late or incomplete QR 7. (Continued)

HANDBOOK ENDS HERE

.263 (Continued)

Section 63-504.263(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.263(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (MR) Notice of a proposed change in benefits shall be sent to a monthly reporting household that fails to submit verification/information of a deduction with a CA 7 that is otherwise complete as specified in Section 63-504.32, or submits a CA 7 that contains questionable information as defined in Section 63-300.53.
- (QR) Notice of a proposed change in benefits shall be sent to a QR household that fails to submit verification/information of a deduction with a QR 7 that is otherwise complete as specified in Section 63-504.32, or submits a QR 7 that contains questionable information as defined in Section 63-300.53.
 - (a) Section 63-504.263(a)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.263(a)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) The notice of action shall be sent no later than 10 days before the end of the report month. The household shall be given until the extended filing date to provide the missing verification/information.
 - (QR) The notice of action shall be sent no later than 10 days before the end of the Submit Month. The household shall be given until the extended filing date to provide the missing verification/information.

- (b) Section 63-504.263(b)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.263(b)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) If the household submits a CA 7 after the CWD has mailed the notice specified in Section 63-504.27, the CWD need not provide a notice informing the household of a proposed change in benefits.
- (QR) If the household submits a QR 7 after the CWD has mailed the notice specified in Section 63-504.27, the CWD need not provide a notice informing the household of a proposed change in benefits.
- (c) (Continued)
- .264 <u>Section 63-504.264 et seq.(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.264 et seq.(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.</u>
- (MR) Notification to Monthly Reporting Households
- (QR) Notification to Quarterly Reporting Households
- (MR) The CWD shall provide a notice of action to a monthly reporting household to inform them of any increase or decrease in benefits resulting from information reported by the household on the CA 7.
- (QR) The CWD shall provide a notice of action to a QR household to inform them of any increase or decrease in benefits as specified in Section 63-504.37, resulting from information reported by the household on the QR 7.
- (MR) (a) Notice shall be provided to a household which submits a complete CA 7, including all required verification, to the CWD by the 11th of the report month:
- (QR) (a) Notice shall be provided to a household which submits a complete QR 7, including all required verification, to the CWD by the 11th of the submit month: (Continued)

- (MR) (b) Notice shall be provided to a household which submits a complete CA 7 after the 11th of the report month and by the extended filing date no later than the household's normal or delayed issuance date.
- (QR) (b) Notice shall be provided to a household which submits a complete QR 7 after the 11th of the submit month and by the extended filing date no later than the household's normal or delayed issuance date.

- .265 Section 63-504.265(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.265(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) The recommended CDSS developed form to use for notification of changes in eligibility status or benefit levels, or the suspension of benefits, is the DFA 377.4 or a County substitute containing all notice requirements.
- (QR) The recommended CDSS-developed form to use for notification of changes in eligibility status or benefit levels is the DFA 377.4 QR or a county substitute containing all notice requirements.

HANDBOOK ENDS HERE

- .266 Exemptions from Providing a Notice of Action (Continued)
 - (d) Section 63-504.266(d)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.266(d)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) The monthly reporting household's allotment varies from month to month during the beginning months to take into account changes which were estimated at the time of certification and the household was so notified at the time of certification.
 - (QR) The QR household's allotment is adjusted to take into account changes which were estimated at the time of certification and the household was so notified at the time of certification.

- (e) Section 63-504.266(e)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.266(e)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) The nonmonthly reporting household's allotment varies from month to month within the certification period to take into account changes which were anticipated at the time of certification, and the household was so notified at the time of certification.
- (QR) The change reporting household's allotment varies from month to month within the certification period to take into account changes which were anticipated at the time of certification, and the household was so notified at the time of certification. (Continued)
- (j) Section 63-504.266(j)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.266(j)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) A household's participation in the Food Stamp Program is terminated as specified in Section 63-504.33, because the household failed to respond to the notice of action informing them of the nonreceipt of the CA 7 by filing a complete CA 7 by the extended filing date.
- (QR) A household's participation in the Food Stamp Program is terminated as specified in Section 63-508.6, because the household failed to respond to the notice of action informing them of the nonreceipt of the QR 7 by filing a complete QR 7 by the extended filing date. (Continued)
- .267 Exemptions from Providing a Timely Notice of Action (Continued)
 - (e) (Continued)
 - (2) Section 63-504.267(e)(2)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.267(e)(2)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (MR) The household responding to a notice of action requesting the household to submit a complete CA 7 by the extended filing date.
- (QR) The household responding to a notice of action requesting the household to submit a complete QR 7 by the extended filing date.

Sections 63-504.27 et seq.(MR) shall become inoperative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) .27 CA 7 Not Received/CA 7 Incomplete (Continued)

HANDBOOK BEGINS HERE

See handbook section in 63-504.26 for <u>Saldivar</u> v. <u>McMahon</u> court order requirements for timely and adequate notice.

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The CWD shall provide a notice of action to a monthly reporting household which fails to file a CA 7 by the 11th of the report month or files an incomplete CA 7.

- (MR) .271 The notice of action shall inform the household:
 - (MR) (a) That the CA 7 either is overdue or incomplete;
 - (MR) (b) What the household must do to complete the CA 7;
 - (MR) (c) If any verification is missing and the effect on the household's benefits level;
 - (MR) (d) That the SSN of a new member must be reported;
 - (MR) (e) What the extended filing date is; and
 - (MR) (f) That the CWD will assist the household in completing the report.

- (MR) .272 The CWD shall send the notice of action no later than 10 days before the end of the report month and give the household until the extended filing date, as specified in Section 63-504.33, to file a complete CA 7. If a complete CA 7 is received after the 11th of the report month, but prior to the mailing of the notice, the notice shall not be sent.
- (MR) .273 If a household responds to the notice of action by submitting an incomplete CA 7, the CWD need not provide a second notice to the household.

(MR) .274 The recommended CDSS developed forms to use in notifying households of a missing or incomplete CA 7 are the NA 960X or NA 960Y, respectively or a County substitute containing all notice requirements.

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Sections 63-504.3 et seq.(MR) shall become inoperative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

(MR) .3 Monthly Reporting

(MR) The CWD, at the time of the application interview, shall determine which households are subject to monthly reporting requirements, as specified in Section 63-505.2. The CWD shall provide all monthly reporting households with the CA 7 for reporting the information and changes required by Section 63-505.3. The CWD shall provide assistance in completing and filing the CA 7 to households whose adult members are all either mentally or physically disabled, non-English speaking or lacking in reading and writing skills such that they cannot complete and file the CA 7. The CWD shall require monthly reporting households to submit a complete CA 7 by the 5th of each report month. Recipient due dates and CWD time limits shall be modified by Section 63-102c.

(MR) .31 CWD Action on the CA 7

- (MR) .311 Upon receiving the CA 7 the CWD shall:
 - (MR) (a) Review the report to ensure completeness and consider the report incomplete if it does not meet the criteria for a complete CA 7, as defined in Section 63-504.32.

- (MR) (b) Determine those items which will require additional verification and/or clarification, in accordance with Section 63-504.34.
- (MR) (c) Notify the household, as specified in Section 63-504.33, of the need to correct an incomplete or inaccurate CA 7, and/or submit additional verification/clarification, as required by Section 63-504.34.
- (MR) (d) Determine the household's eligibility prospectively by considering all factors, including income, in accordance with Section 63-503.321(a).
- (MR) (e) Determine the household's level of benefits based on actual information reported on the CA 7 and household composition determined as of the issuance month, in accordance with Section 63-503.3. In calculating the household's benefit level, the following income and deductions shall be considered:
 - (MR) (1) Nonexcluded earned and unearned income received in the corresponding budget month, including the earned income of an elementary or secondary school student only if the student is 18 years of age or older at the beginning of the budget month except as specified in Section 63-407(a)(4)(A). The CWD shall use the actual amount received by the household to compute benefits, except as provided in Section 63-503.22.
 - (MR) (2) Allowable deductions as billed or averaged from the corresponding budget month, including those shelter costs billed less often than monthly which the household has chosen to average.
- (MR) (f) Issue benefits, in accordance with the time frames set forth in Section 63-504.38.

(MR) .32 Complete CA 7

The CWD shall consider the CA 7 complete if all of the following requirements are met.

(MR) .321 The CA 7 is dated no earlier than the first day of the report month.

- (MR) (a) This requirement shall be met when the date entered on the CA 7, together with other dated material provided with the CA 7, and the date on which the CWD mailed or gave the CA 7 to the household clearly establishes the month and year to which the CA 7 applies.
- (MR) (b) This requirement shall not apply when:
 - (MR) (1) The first day of the report month falls on a nonpostal delivery day;
 - (MR) (2) The CA 7 is mailed by the CWD for delivery on the last postal delivery day of the budget month; and
 - (MR) (3) The recipient signs and dates the CA 7 on or before the last day of the budget month.
- (MR) .322 The CA 7 provides the CWD with address (location) information sufficient to locate the household, however, households which do not have a fixed address shall not have their CA 7s rendered incomplete solely for this reason.
- (MR) .323 The CA 7 is signed by the head of the household, authorized representative, or responsible household member. The PA caretaker relative, natural or adoptive parent, if not one of the above, shall not satisfy this requirement.
- (MR) .324 All questions and items pertaining to food stamp eligibility are fully answered and provide the CWD with the information to correctly determine eligibility and benefit level, except as specified in Sections 63-504.324(c) and (d) and Section 63-505.311.
 - (MR) (a) To be considered fully answered, information on the CA 7 together with attached documentation must provide sufficient information to allow for the determination of eligibility and/or benefit level.
 - (MR) (b) Questions on the CA 7 shall not be considered fully answered if situations such as, but not limited to the following, exist:

- (MR) (1) The CA 7 does not include information on changes that the household has previously reported to have occurred; for example, an actual change that the household reported to the CWD by telephone was not included on the CA 7 unless the appropriate case action has already been taken.
- (MR) (2) The CA 7 does not include information that was reported on the previous CA 7 and the household does not indicate a change has occurred, e.g., the household previously reported earnings from two sources and this month reports earnings from one source but does not explain the change.
- (MR) (c) If elements pertaining to one program's requirements are missing from the CA 7, the CA 7 shall be considered incomplete for that program only.
- (MR) (d) The CWD shall not consider the CA 7 incomplete if information regarding child/spousal support disregard payments has not been included.
- (MR) .325 Verification is provided for gross nonexcluded earned income each month and nonexcluded unearned income when first reported and when there is a change in the amount of income received, except as specified in Sections 63-505.311, and 63-504.325(a).
 - (MR) (a) For child/spousal support disregard payments, the agency record shall be the verification.
- (MR) .326 Verification is provided for the source of all excluded income when first reported and when there is a change in the source of the income.
- (MR) .33 CWD Action on an Incomplete CA 7

(MR) (a) See handbook section in 63-504.26 for <u>Saldivar</u> v. <u>McMahon</u> court order requirements for timely and adequate notice.

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(MR) (b) After notifying the household as specified in Section 63-504.27, the CWD shall allow the household until the extended filing date to file a complete CA 7.

- (MR) (c) The household's participation shall be terminated effective the end of the report month, as specified in Section 63-504.36, if the household fails to file a complete CA 7 by the extended filing date.
- (MR) .34 CWD Action on a Complete CA 7 Requiring Additional Verification/Information

See handbook section in 63-504.26 for <u>Saldivar</u> v. <u>McMahon</u> court order requirements for timely and adequate notice.

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If the household submits a CA 7 by the date the CWD mails the notification of the missing CA 7, but fails to provide the required verification/information with the CA 7, the CWD shall notify the household as specified in Section 63-504.26 of the need to submit the missing verification/information by the extended filing date. The CWD shall not delay benefits if the missing verification/information is for a deduction. If the household fails to provide the missing verification/information, other than for income, by the extended filing date, the CWD shall not consider the CA 7 incomplete. Any deductions for which the verification/information is missing shall be disallowed. Items specified in Sections 63-504.341(g) and (h) shall be handled as specified in Section 63-504.342.

- (MR) .341 The household shall provide with the CA 7 verification of the following items:
 - (MR) (a) Dependent care costs which have changed since the last report or when there is questionable information which is inaccurate, incomplete, outdated, or inconsistent;
 - (MR) (b) If the household voluntarily reports a change in its medical expenses and fails to verify the change as specified in Section 63-504.421, and that change would increase the household's allotment, the CWD shall not make the change. The CWD shall act on reported changes without requiring verification if the changes would decrease the households allotment or make the household ineligible, although verification which is required as specified in Section 63-504.421 shall be obtained prior to the household's recertification.

- (MR) (c) Utility costs which entitle the household to the standard utility allowance (SUA). The household shall provide verification of these costs when first allowed entitlement to the SUA and when the household moves;
- (MR) (d) Actual utility costs, if the household is claiming the actual expenses, when first allowed as a deduction, and when there is a move;
- (MR) (e) All expenses incurred in producing self-employment income;
- (MR) (f) Residency as defined in Section 63-401 when there is a change;
- (MR) (g) Social Security numbers or citizenship or alien status for household members when there is a change.
- (MR) (h) A change in the legal obligation to pay child support to a person not in the food stamp household, as specified in Section 63-502.37, and/or an increase in the amount of child support payments.
- (MR) .342 The CWD may elect to require verification of housing costs when first allowed as a deduction and when there is a move, as specified in Section 63-300.52.
- (MR) .343 If the household submits information and/or verification with the CA 7 which the CWD determines to be questionable, as specified in Section 63-300.53, the CWD shall notify the household as specified in Section 63-504.26. The household shall be allowed until the extended filing date to submit the necessary verification/clarification. If the household fails to submit the necessary verification/clarification by the extended filing date, the CWD shall act on the reported information if it results in a decrease in benefits, or not act on the reported information if it results in an increase.
- (MR) .344 The CWD shall contact the household as needed to obtain further information on specific items. These items include, but are not limited to:
 - (MR) (a) The effect of a reported change in resources on a household's total resources; and

(MR) (b) The effect of a reported change in household composition or loss of job or source of earned income on the applicability of the work registration or voluntary quit requirements.

(MR) .35 Action on Reported Information

HANDBOOK BEGINS HERE

See handbook section in 63-504.26 for <u>Saldivar</u> v. <u>McMahon</u> court order requirements for timely and adequate notice.

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- (MR) .351 The CWD shall take prompt action on all changes to determine if the reported information affects the household's eligibility and/or benefit level.
 - (MR) (a) If the reported change results in the household becoming ineligible, the CWD shall terminate the household's participation effective the next issuance month unless the household is suspended, as specified in Sections 63-504.371 or .372.
 - (MR) (b) Excess resources shall not be counted if they are reduced to the resource limit in the month received.
- (MR) .352 If the change reported on the CA 7, except for the addition of a new household member results in an increase or decrease in benefits, the CWD shall make the change effective the next issuance month and notify the household as specified in Section 63-504.26.
- (MR) .353 If the reported change results in an increase or decrease in a household's benefits due to the addition of a new household member, the CWD shall make a determination of the new household member's eligibility within 30 days of the date the change was reported. To complete the determination, the CWD has the option either to require the household to complete the CA 8, or to contact the household to obtain the necessary information for the new member and update the last application. However, if the change in circumstances brings continued eligibility into question, the CWD may shorten the certification period of the household, as specified in Section 63-504.14, and proceed to recertify the household.

- (MR) (a) The CWD shall issue benefits for the new member effective the first of the month following the month in which the change was reported. The new member shall be required to comply with the verification requirements specified in Section 63-300.5 and the work registration requirements specified in Section 63-407. If the new member is not eligible to participate, the CWD shall treat the income of that excluded member as specified in Section 63-503.44.
- (MR) (b) The CWD shall prospectively budget the new member's income and specific deduction in combination with the existing household's retrospectively budgeted income and deductions to determine the household's benefit level for the first two months the new member is added to the household. The entire household shall be retrospectively budgeted in the third and subsequent months. If the new member had been providing income to the household on an ongoing basis prior to becoming a member of the household and that new member's income had been budgeted retrospectively, the CWD shall exclude the previously provided income in determining the household's issuance month benefits and eligibility.
 - (MR) 1. The CWD shall add a previously excluded member's income (an individual who disqualified for an IPV or failure to comply with workfare or work requirements, was ineligible because of failure to comply with the social security number requirement, or was previously an ineligible alien), retrospectively. The previously excluded member shall be added to the household the month after the disqualification period ends. All other previously excluded members such as SSI/SSP individuals or ineligible students, shall have his/her income added prospectively in accordance with the procedures in paragraph (a) of this section.
- (MR) (c) The CWD shall notify the household as specified in Section 63-504.26, if the new member's income and resources make the household ineligible or result in a reduction or increase in benefits.

- (MR) .354 If the household reports the addition of a new member after the extended filing date for the appropriate month, the CWD shall determine the effect of the new member's income, resources, and deductions on the existing household's eligibility and benefit level.
 - (MR) (a) The CWD shall prospectively budget the income and deductions of the new member for the first two months following the month in which the new member should have been included as a member of the household. The CWD then shall follow the budgeting procedures as specified in Section 63-504.353(b).
 - (MR) (b) The CWD shall establish a claim against the household, in accordance with Section 63-801, to recover any overissuances resulting from the unreported addition of the household member.
 - (MR) (c) The household shall not be entitled to any restoration of lost benefits resulting from the unreported addition of the household member, in accordance with Section 63-802.1.
- (MR) .355 The household shall provide, as specified in Sections 63-300.51 and 63-504.32, the information necessary to complete the determinations of eligibility and benefit levels for the household and the new member(s).
 - (MR) (a) If the household refuses to provide the necessary information, their participation shall be terminated as specified in Section 63-505.1.
 - (MR) (b) If the household fails to provide the necessary information regarding the new member on the CA 7 for the budget month in which the change was reported, the CA 7 is considered incomplete and the household's participation shall be terminated as specified in Section 63-504.361(b).
- (MR) .356 The income and specific deductions of a member leaving the household shall be disregarded when determining the household's eligibility and benefit level for the month following the month in which the change was reported. The household shall be sent a notice of action as specified in Section 63-504.26 if the household's allotment increases or decreases. The remaining household members' benefit level shall continue to be retrospectively budgeted.

- (MR) .357 If a household reports a change outside of the CA 7, the CWD shall evaluate the effect of the change on the household's eligibility and benefit level. Regardless of the effect, the CWD shall inform the household to include the information on the next month's CA 7 and inform the household of any additional verification requirements.
 - (MR) (a) If the change results in the household's ineligibility, the CWD shall terminate the household's participation effective the first issuance month following the timely notice of the termination.
 - (MR) (b) Except for the addition of a household member, if the change affects the benefit level, the CWD shall note the information in the case file, reflect the change in the corresponding issuance month and notify the household as specified in Section 63-504.26.

(MR) .36 Termination

- (MR) .361 The CWD shall terminate a monthly reporting household's participation in the Food Stamp Program if the household:
 - (MR) (a) Is no longer eligible for Food Stamps or a change in household circumstances makes the household prospectively ineligible for one or more months, except if the household is suspended as specified in Sections 63-504.371 or .372. The household shall be notified as specified in Section 63-504.261.
 - (MR) (b) Fails to submit a complete CA 7 by the extended filing date. The household shall be notified as specified in Section 63-504.27.
 - (MR) (c) Fails to comply with a nonfinancial eligibility requirement, such as the work registration requirements. The household shall be notified as specified in Section 63-504.261.
 - (MR) (d) Requests the termination in writing. The household shall be notified as specified in Section 63-504.267(f).
- (MR) .362 If a household whose participation has been terminated reapplies in the month following termination, the household shall be required to provide the CA 7 which is due in the month following termination. If the household's participation was terminated for failure to submit a complete CA 7 by the extended filing date, they

also shall be required to submit the missing CA 7(s) and complete an application. The application shall be processed as an untimely application for recertification. If the household fails to provide the CA 7(s), the reapplication shall be denied.

(MR) .363 If a household whose participation has been terminated submits a complete CA 7 after the issuance month, the household shall be required to complete an application and the CWD shall consider it as an initial application.

(MR) .37 Suspension

- (MR) .371 The CWD shall suspend a household, in the issuance month corresponding to the budget month in which the change occurred, if receipt of an additional routine check (third check for those paid biweekly and fifth check for those paid weekly) results in a period of ineligibility lasting no more than one month.
- (MR) .372 For changes that could not be or were not anticipated by the household or the CWD and that result in a one-month period of ineligibility, the CWD shall suspend the household for the issuance month corresponding to the budget month in which the change occurred.
 - (MR) (a) Excess resources shall not be counted if they are reduced to the resource limit in the month received.
 - (MR) (b) If a suspended household experiences an unanticipated change resulting in an additional one month period of ineligibility, the CWD shall terminate the household at the end of the month of suspension. If the household reapplies in the month following termination and is prospectively determined to be eligible for benefits, the CWD shall approve the application. If ineligible in the month of reapplication due to retrospective budgeting, the CWD shall suspend the household for the month of reapplication and continue to retrospectively budget the household's income and deductions in the subsequent months.
- (MR) .373 The CWD shall notify the household of the suspension as specified in Section 63-504.264, and supply the household with a CA 7 for the month of suspension.

- (MR) .374 The household shall be required to submit the complete CA 7 by the normal due date. If the household fails to submit the CA 7 by the normal due date, the CWD shall notify the household as specified in Section 63-504.27.
- (MR) .375 If the suspended household fails to submit a complete CA 7 for the month of suspension by the extended filing date, the CWD shall terminate the household's participation.
- (MR) .376 Retrospective budgeting shall be used to calculate the household's benefit level in the month following suspension, if the household is eligible to participate in the Food Stamp Program.

(MR) .38 Issuance of Benefits

(MR) .381 Timely Issuance

The CWD shall issue benefits by the household's regular issuance date, to an eligible household which has filed a complete CA 7 by 10 days before the end of the report month.

(MR) .382 Delayed Issuance

If an eligible household fails to file a complete CA 7 after 10 days before the end of the report month, but files a complete CA 7 by the extended filing date, the CWD shall issue the household's benefits as soon as administratively feasible. However, if necessary the CWD may delay providing the household an opportunity to participate up to 10 days after its normal issuance date. (Continued)

- .4 <u>Section 63-504.4(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.4(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.</u>
- (MR) Effecting Changes for Nonmonthly Reporting Households
- (QR) Effecting Changes for Change Reporting Households (Continued)
 - .42 Section 63-504.42(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.42(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) Action on Reported Changes for Prospectively Budgeted Households

- (QR) Action on Reported Changes in Change Reporting Households (Continued)
- .43 Section 63-504.43(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.43(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Nonmonthly Reporting Households Receiving PA Benefits
- (QR) Change Reporting Households Receiving PA Benefits
 - .431 (Continued)
 - .432 Section 63-504.432 et seq.(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.432 et seq.(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) The CWD shall use the CA 7 as the Food Stamp report form for PA households. The CWD shall ensure that the following requirements are met for PA households not subject to food stamp monthly reporting:
 - (a) These households shall not have their eligibility terminated or allotments changed merely because they fail to submit one or more of the system's regular reports. If a household's PA benefits are terminated due to the household's failure to submit a timely or complete CA 7, the CWD shall follow the procedures set forth in Section 63-504.435.
 - (b) These households shall be considered to have timely reported changes if the CA 7 is submitted within the time frames for submitting a timely CA 7 or the change was reported within 10 days of the date the change became known to the household, whichever is later.
 - (c) The CWD shall not restrict these households to reporting changes only on the CA 7. These households shall be allowed to report changes on the CA 7, in person or by telephone.
 - (d) The CWD shall act on all changes reported on the CA 7, in accordance with the processing standards in Section 63-504.42. The CWD shall ensure that adjustments are made

in a household's eligibility or allotment only for those months in which the reported change is anticipated to remain in effect.

- (QR) The CWD shall use the QR 7 as the food stamp report form for PA households. The CWD shall ensure that the following requirements are met for PA households not subject to food stamp QR:
 - These households shall not have their eligibility terminated or allotments changed merely because they fail to submit one or more of the system's regular reports. If a household's PA benefits are terminated due to the household's failure to submit a timely or complete QR 7, the CWD shall follow the procedures set forth in Section 63-504.435.
 - (b) These households shall be considered to have timely reported changes if the QR 7 is submitted within the time frames for submitting a timely QR 7 or the change was reported within 10 days of the date the change became known to the household, whichever is later.
 - (c) The CWD shall not restrict these households to reporting changes only on the QR 7. These households shall be allowed to report changes on the QR 3 or QR 377.5, in person or by telephone.
 - (d) The CWD shall act on all changes reported on the QR 7, in accordance with the processing standards in Section 63-504.42. The CWD shall insure that adjustments are made in a household's eligibility or allotment only for those months in which the reported change is anticipated to remain in effect. (Continued)
- .5 Sections 63-504.5 through .512(MR) shall become inoperative and Sections 63-504.5 through .512(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Procedures for Households Changing Their Reporting and Budgeting Status (Continued)
- (QR) Procedures for Households Changing Their Reporting Status
 - .51 Households which become subject to QR/PB

The CWD shall change the status of households which become subject to QR/PB beginning with the first month following the change in household circumstances which results in a change in the household's QR/PB status. The following conditions shall apply:

- .511 The CWD shall provide the household with information as specified in Section 63-300.41. If the CWD implements the change during the certification period, it may omit the verbal explanations for QR/PB.
- .512 The CWD shall not require the household to submit a QR 7 during any month in which the household was subject to change reporting requirements.
- .52 <u>Section 63-504.52(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.52(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.</u>
- (MR) The CWD shall use the following procedures to remove households from the monthly reporting/retrospective budgeting system.
- (QR) The CWD shall use the following procedures to remove households from the QR/PB budgeting system.
 - .521 Section 63-504.521(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.521(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) For any household which becomes exempt from the monthly reporting/retrospective budgeting system as specified in Section 63-505.21, the CWD shall notify the household within 10 days of the date the CWD becomes aware of the change that: (Continued)
 - (QR) For any household which becomes exempt from the QR/PB budgeting system as specified in Section 63-505.21, the CWD shall notify the household within 10 days of the date the CWD becomes aware of the change that:
 - (a) The household has become exempt from QR and is no longer required to file any future QR 7s. This does not apply to households in which one or more household members are in receipt of cash aid from programs such as CalWORKs, CA/GR, RCA or ECA which do require a quarterly report.

- (b) The change in budgeting will go into effect.
- .522 Section 63-504.522(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.522(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) The CWD shall begin determining the household's benefits prospectively in the first month that the household is no longer required to file a CA7.
- (QR) The CWD shall begin determining the household's benefits using change reporting rules the first month following the status change from QR to change reporting. (Continued)
- .6 Recertification of All Households
 - .61 General Requirements (Continued)
 - (c) Timely Application for Recertification
 - (1) Section 63-504.61(c)(1)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.61(c)(1)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) Monthly reporting households which file a complete CA 7 on or before the 11th of the last month of the certification period, and an application no later than the recertification interview shall be considered to have made a timely application for recertification.
 - QR households which file a complete QR 7 on or before the 11th of the last month of the certification period, and an application no later than the recertification interview shall be considered to have made a timely application for recertification.
 - (2) Section 63-504.61(c)(2)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.61(c)(2)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (MR) All nonmonthly reporting households, except those provided a notice of action informing them of the expiration of their certification period at the time of certification, who file applications by the 15th day of the last month of the certification period shall be considered to have made a timely application for recertification.
- (QR) All change reporting households, except those provided a notice of action informing them of the expiration of their certification period at the time of certification, who file applications by the 15th day of the last month of the certification period shall be considered to have made a timely application for recertification.
- (3) Section 63-504.61(c)(3)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.61(c)(3)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Nonmonthly reporting households provided a notice of action informing them of the expiration of their certification period at the time of certification shall have 15 days from the date the notice is received to file a timely application for recertification.
- (QR) Change reporting households provided a notice of action informing them of the expiration of their certification period at the time of certification shall have 15 days from the date the notice is received to file a timely application for recertification. (Continued)
- Section 63-504.62(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.62(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) CWD Action on Timely Reapplications By Monthly Reporting Households
- (QR) CWD Action on Timely Reapplications by Quarterly Reporting Households
 - .621 Section 63-504.621(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.621(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- (MR) The CA 7 shall be mailed to the household at the normal mailing time or along with the notice of action informing them of the expiration of their certification period. Return of both the CA 7 and the application is required to complete the recertification. (Continued)
- (QR) The QR 7 shall be mailed to the household at the normal mailing time or along with the notice of action informing them of the expiration of their certification period. Return of both the QR 7 and the application is required to complete the recertification.
 - (a) The QR 7 shall be submitted and completed as specified in Section 63-508.66. (Continued)
 - (b) The application form shall be submitted to the CWD no later than the time of the interview.
 - (c) If the household has not previously filed a complete QR 7, the household may submit it at the interview. In no event shall the reapplication be considered timely if a complete QR 7 is submitted after the 11th of the last month of the certification period.
- .622 Section 63-504.622(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.622(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's OR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) The CWD shall: 1) recertify the household using information on the CA 7 for the corresponding budget month to determine the household's benefit level for the first month of the new certification period; 2) delay reflecting information from the recertification interview affecting the household's benefit level until the second month of the new certification period if necessary to continue retrospective budgeting; and 3) continue to determine the household's prospective eligibility in accordance with Section 63-503.321.
- When certification falls in the same month as the QR Submit Month, the CWD shall: 1) recertify the household using information on the QR 7 for the corresponding Data Month and information received during the certification interview to determine the household's benefit level for the first Payment Quarter of the new certification period and, 2) continue to determine the household's prospective eligibility. If the CWD

establishes a certification of benefits other than in the Submit Month, the CWD must take action mid-quarter based on information received during the certification to discontinue, increase or decrease benefits, regardless of QR rules. (Continued)

- .624 Section 63-504.624(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.624(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Households that receive a notice of action informing them of the expiration of their certification period shall be subject to the verification requirements specified in Section 63-504.3 for information provided on the CA 7. These households shall not be subject to the other CA 7 processing provisions specified in Section 63-504.3 in the last month of the certification period. The recertification provisions specified in Section 63-504.6 are in effect in this month.
- (QR) Households that receive a notice of action informing them of the expiration of their certification period shall be subject to the verification requirements specified in Section 63-504.6 for information provided on the QR 7. (Continued)
- Section 63-504.63(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-504.63(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Process for Recertifying Nonmonthly Reporting Households (Continued)
- (QR) Process for Recertifying Change Reporting Households
- .7 (Continued)

Authority Cited: Sections 10553, 10554, 10604, <u>11265.1</u>, <u>.2 and .3</u>, 11369, and 18904, and 18910, Welfare and Institutions Code.

Reference: Sections 10554, and 11265.1, .2, and .3, 18904, and 18910, Welfare and Institutions Code; 7 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 271.2; proposed 7 CFR 273.2(f)(1)(xii) as published in the Federal Register, Vol. 59, No. 235 on December 8, 1994, (f)(8)(i); (f) (8)(i)(A) as published in the Federal Register, Vol. 59, No. 235 on December 8, 1994; (f)(8)(ii), (h), and (h)(1)(i)(D), 7 CFR 273.2(j)(3) and (4); 7 CFR 273.8(b); 7 CFR 273.9(d)(6)(iii)(F), 7 CFR 273.10(d)(4), (f), (g)(1)(i)

and (ii); 7 CFR 273.12(a)(1)(i)(A), (a)(1)(i)(B), and (a)(1)(i)(C)(2); proposed 7 CFR 273.12(a)(1)(vi) as published in the Federal Register, Vol. 59, No. 235 on December 8, 1994, and (c); 7 CFR 273.12(e)(1), (e)(2), and (e)(4); 7 CFR 273.13(a)(2); 7 CFR 273.13(b)(1); 7 CFR 273.14; 7 CFR 273.14(b)(3) and (e); 7 CFR 273.18(e)(6)(ii); 7 CFR 273.21(e)(1), (f)(1)(iii), (f)(1)(iv)(B), (f)(2)(v), (h)(2)(iv), proposed (h)(2)(ix) as published in the Federal Register, Vol. 59, No. 235 on December 8, 1994, (h)(3)(ii), (i), (j), (j)(1)(vi), (j)(1)(vii)(A) and (r), (i)(3)(ii), (i)(3)(iii)(B),(i)(3)(iii)(C), and proposed (j)(3)(iii)(E) as published in the Federal Register, Vol. 59, No. 235 on December 8, 1994; 7 CFR 274.10; Public Law (P.L.) 100-435, Section 351, P.L. 101-624, and P.L. 103-66; Section 1717, [7 U.S.C. 2014(e)]; 7 U.S.C. 2014(d)(7) and 2017(c)(2)(B); U.S.D.A. Food and Consumer Services, Administrative Notices 94-39 and 97-50; P.L. 104-193, Sections 801, 807 and 827 (Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996); Federal Nutrition Service Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting waiver approval dated April 1, 2003; Federal Administrative Notice 97-99, dated August 12, 1997; and United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) Administrative Notice (AN) 02-23, dated February 6, 2002; and USDA FNS AN 03-23, dated May 1, 2003.

63-505 HOUSEHOLD RESPONSIBILITIES (Continued)

63-505

- .2 <u>Section 63-505.2(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-505.2(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.</u>
- (MR) Monthly Reporting/Retrospective Budgeting Households (Continued)
- (QR) Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting Households

All households participating in the Food Stamp Program except as provided in Section 63-505.21, shall report household circumstances quarterly on the QR 7 as a condition of eligibility. QR households will also be required to report changes as specified in Sections 63-508 and 63-509.

- .21 Section 63-505.21(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-505.21(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) The following households shall be excluded from monthly reporting and retrospective budgeting. See Section 63-504.43 for those households receiving PA. (Continued)
- (QR) The following households shall be excluded from QR. See Section 63-504.43. (Continued)
- .3 Sections 63-505.3 through .34(MR) shall become inoperative and Sections 63-505.3 through .34(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Reported Information for Monthly Reporting Households (Continued)
- (QR) Reported Information for QR Households

<u>Households shall report on a quarterly basis, the following information about the household.</u>

- Data Month income, except as specified in Section 63-505.311, shelter and utility costs when there is a move, child care costs, the amount of child support payments made to a nonhousehold member as specified in Section 63-502.37, household composition, anticipated income and expense changes for the upcoming QR Payment Quarter and other relevant information required for a complete QR 7.
 - .311 Households need not report the receipt or amount of any PA, FC, GA, RCA, ECA or child/spousal support disregard payments paid by the CWD from which the household is receiving food stamp benefits.
- Any changes in income, shelter and utility costs when there is a move, child care costs, a change in the legal obligation to pay child support payments to a nonhousehold member, resources or other relevant circumstances affecting eligibility which the household expects to occur in the upcoming Payment Quarter or which occurred in the Data Month.
- .33 For food stamp purposes, households need not provide PA only information requested on the Quarterly Report (QR 7).
- A reduction of work effort to less than 20 hours per week, or averaged monthly 80 hours a month, for purposes of determining whether an ABAWD has satisfied the work requirement defined in Section 63-410.2.
- .4 Section 63-505.4(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-505.4(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) Verification Responsibilities for Monthly Reporting Households (Continued)
- (QR) Verification Responsibilities for Quarterly Reporting Households
 - .41 <u>Section 63-505.41(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-505.41(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.</u>
 - (MR) The CWD may request verification be submitted for any item that has changed or appears questionable. Monthly reporting households shall provide verification of the following information reported on the CA 7: (Continued)
 - (g) (Continued)

- (QR) The CWD may request verification be submitted for any item that has changed or appears questionable. QR households shall provide verification of the following information reported on the QR 7:
 - (a) Gross nonexcluded earned income each month; nonexcluded unearned income and the source of excluded income when first reported and when there is a change, except as specified in Sections 63-504.325(a) and 63-505.311.
 - (b) Dependent care costs when there is a change in the source or amount and when there is questionable information which is inaccurate, incomplete, outdated or inconsistent.
 - (c) If the household voluntary reports a change in its medical expenses, the CWD shall verify the change as specified in Section 63-504.421 before acting on it if the change increases the household's allotment. In the case of a reported change that decreases the household's allotment, or makes the household ineligible, the CWD shall act on the change without requiring verification, although verification which is required as specified in Section 63-504.421 shall be obtained prior to the household's recertification.
 - (d) <u>Utility costs which entitle the household to the standard utility allowance (SUA), when first allowed and when the household moves.</u>
 - (e) <u>Utility costs</u>, if the household is claiming actual expenses, when first allowed as a deduction and when the household moves;
 - (f) Residency as defined in Section 63-401 when there is a change, except for categorically eligible households.
 - (g) Social Security Number, except for PA categorically eligible households;
 - (h) Section 63-505.41(h)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-505.41(h)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) Actual cost of doing business expenses, if self-employed, with each CA 7.
 - (QR) Actual cost of doing business expenses, if self employed, with each QR 7.

- (i) (Continued)
- .5 Section 63-505.5(MR) shall become inoperative and 63-505.5(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) Reporting Changes for Households Excluded from Monthly Reporting Requirements (Continued)
 - (QR) Reporting Changes for Households Excluded from Quarterly Reporting Requirements (Continued)
 - .52 <u>Section 63-505.52(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-505.52(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.</u>
 - (MR) Timeliness Requirement for Reporting Changes of Nonmonthly Reporting Households (Continued)
 - (QR) <u>Timeliness Requirement for Reporting Changes of Change</u> <u>Reporting Households</u> (Continued)

Authority Cited: Sections 10553, 10554, 10604, <u>11265.1</u>, <u>.2 and .3</u>, 11369, and 18904, and 18910, Welfare and Institutions Code.

Reference:

Sections 10554, 10830, 11265.1, .2, and .3, 18904, and 18910, Welfare and Institutions Code: 7 CFR 272.4(f): 7 CFR 273.2(j)(3) and (4): 7 CFR 273.10(d)(4); 7 CFR 273.11(a)(2)(iii); 7 CFR 273.12, (a)(1)(i), (a)(1)(i)(A), (a)(1)(i)(B), (a)(1)(i)(C)(2), and proposed .12(a)(1)(vi) as published in the Federal Register, Vol. 59, No. 235 on December 8, 1994; 7 CFR 273.2(d); proposed 7 CFR 273.2(f)(1)(xii) as published in the Federal Register, Vol. 59, No. 235 on December 8, 1994; 7 CFR 273.21(b), (b)(4), (f)(2)(v), (h)(2)(iv), proposed (h)(2)(ix) as published in the Federal Register, Vol. 59, No. 235 on December 8, 1994, (h)(3), and (i); 7 CFR 273.12(a)(1)(vii); 7 CFR 273.24 (a)(1)(i) and (b)(7); P.L. 100-435, Section 351; P.L. 101-624, Section 1717 [7 U.S.C. 2014(e)] and Section 1723 [7 U.S.C. 2015(c)(1)(A)]; P.L. 102-237, Section 908 [7 U.S.C. 2016(h)(1)]; Food and Consumer Services Administrative Notice 96-13, dated December 7, 1995; United States Department of Agriculture. Food and Nutrition Service Administrative Notice 03-23, dated May 1, 2003; Letter from Food and Consumer Services to Fred Schack, dated March 25, 1996; Food Stamp Act of 1977; and Sections 10554, 10830, and 18904, Welfare and Institutions Code; and Federal Nutrition Service Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting waiver approval dated April 1, 2003.

63-508 QUARTERLY REPORTING

63-508

This section (QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

- <u>.1</u> <u>General Quarterly Reporting Process</u>
 - Eligibility and benefit amounts will be redetermined on a quarterly basis from information reported by the recipient on the Quarterly Eligibility/Status Report (QR 7), using PB as specified in this section.
 - <u>An income/eligibility report (QR 7) will be required to be submitted once per quarter (in the third month of the quarter).</u>
 - .13 Recipients will have mandatory reporting requirements during the quarter, also known as mid-quarter changes.
 - .131 For public assistance households
 - (a) Changes of address.
 - .132 For non-assistance households
 - (a) Changes of address
 - (b) Work hours for ABAWD individuals
 - .14 Generally, benefits are frozen for the three months of the quarter:
 - .141 <u>Circumstances under which benefits may be adjusted during the quarter are:</u>
 - (a) When a voluntary recipient mid-quarter report results in increased benefits;
 - (b) When a mandatory recipient mid-quarter report results in a decrease or discontinuance of benefits;
 - (c) When an individual or household requests discontinuance; or

- (d) When a county-initiated action results in decreased benefits.
- <u>Benefits shall not be decreased or discontinued during the quarter except as specified in this section.</u>

.2 Quarterly Reporting Cycle

- .21 The QR cycle is comprised of three consecutive months. The three months constitute a QR Payment Quarter. The terminology to describe the months and the quarter of an individual QR cycle are:
 - .211 QR Data Month: the month for which the recipient reports all information necessary to determine eligibility. The QR Data Month is the second month of each quarter.
 - .212 QR Submit Month: the month in which the QR 7 is required to be submitted to the CWD. This month immediately follows the QR Data Month and is the third month of each quarter.
 - .213 QR Payment Quarter: the quarter in which benefits are paid/issued in the three-month period immediately following the QR Submit Month.

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The following table illustrates how months are arranged in a QR cycle.

			2 nd Quarter		
January	February	March	<u>April</u>	May	June
1 st Month of the Quarter	QR Data Month	QR Submit Month	QR Payment Quarter		

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.22 Aligning Reporting Cycles

Instances will occur when reporting cycles between the CalWORKs program and the Food Stamp Program could vary and may need to be aligned together. The general rule for doing this is for the CalWORKs program to align its cycle with an existing food stamp household's reporting cycle, and for both programs to align their redeterminations and recertifications in the QR Submit Month. There may also be instances where the Food Stamp Program can align a reporting cycle to an existing

CalWORKs reporting cycle.

- .221 Reporting cycles may be aligned between the Food Stamp Program and the CalWORKs program.
- .222 When an existing Food Stamp Program cycle has been established and a new CalWORKs application is approved, the CalWORKs program shall, whenever possible, align its reporting cycle to the existing Food Stamp Program.
- .223 The Food Stamp Program may align its recertification period with the CalWORKs redetermination date by lengthening the household's certification period, providing the certification period does not exceed a 12-month period as specified in Section 63-504.16.
- .224 The household's recertification period cannot be shortened, as provided in Section 63-504.15, solely to align the recertification with the CalWORKs redetermination period.
- .225 If the recertification is not aligned with the CalWORKs redetermination date, the CWD shall determine eligibility and take action mid-quarter to increase, decrease or discontinue benefits as specified in Section 63-504.6 and as determined by the CWD based on information reported on the recertification form and by the recipient.

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- (a) CalWORKs is active without an accompanying food stamp case. A food stamp application is approved mid-quarter in February, in a January/February/March quarter. Action on the food stamp case is to align to the existing CalWORKs reporting cycle and redetermination date which shall not exceed a 12-month duration. The household will be instructed to return the QR 7 by the 5th of March, the QR Submit Month. Both program reporting cycles are now aligned. The CWD will anticipate the household's income for February and March and average income over the two "start-up" months.
- (b) The same case as above, except the food stamp application is approved in January. The household is instructed to return the QR 7 by March 5th. The two program reporting cycles are now aligned. The CWD will anticipate income through the month of March, the QR 7 Submit Month.

- Income is averaged over the quarter. The January food stamp allotment is pro-rated because January is an application month.
- The same case, except the food stamp application is approved in March. The household is instructed about their reporting cycle and that the QR 7 must be returned by June 5th. Both programs now have the same reporting cycle. The CWD will use actual/reasonably anticipated income received in March to determine benefits for March (i.e., the household received \$300 UIB in March, so \$300 is budgeted for March). The CWD will then anticipate the household's income through June, the upcoming quarter's Submit Month.

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<u>.3</u> Quarterly Reporting Form – Quarterly Eligibility/Status Report (QR 7)

The CWD, at the time of the application interview, shall determine which households are subject to QR requirements. The CWD shall provide all QR households with the QR 7 for reporting the information and changes required by Section 63-508.4. The CWD shall provide assistance in completing and filing the QR 7 to households whose adult members are all either mentally or physically disabled, non-English speaking or lacking in reading and writing skills such that they cannot complete and file the QR 7. The CWD shall require QR households to submit a complete QR 7 by the 5th of each Submit Month. Recipient due dates and CWD time limits shall be modified by Section 63-102(c).

- CWDs shall ensure that households receive the QR 7 at the end of each QR Data Month and no later than the first day of each QR Submit Month.

 Information reported on the QR 7 shall be used to determine eligibility and to prospectively budget income to determine the benefit level for the upcoming QR Payment Quarter.
- .32 CWDs must ensure that QR recipients provide information and answers to all questions and items on the QR 7 and attest, under penalty of perjury, that they have truthfully reported all required information.
 - Recipients will be required to report all income received for the QR Data Month, any changes in household composition or property since the submission of the last QR 7 and any changes in income the recipient anticipates will occur in the upcoming QR payment quarter.
 - .322 Upon receiving the QR 7 the CWD shall:

- (a) Review the report to ensure completeness and consider the report incomplete if it does not meet the criteria for a complete QR 7, as defined in Section 63-508.4.
- (b) Determine those items which will require additional verification and/or clarification.
- (c) Notify the household, as specified in Section 63-508.6, of the need to correct an incomplete or inaccurate QR 7, and/or submit additional verification/clarification, as required by Section 63-508.613.
- (d) Determine the household's eligibility prospectively by considering all factors, including income, in accordance with Section 63-508.4.
- (e) Determine the household's level of benefits for that next QR Payment Quarter based on information reported on the QR 7, including anticipated income for that QR Payment Quarter, and household composition determined as of the Data Month. In calculating the household's benefit level, the following income and deductions shall be considered:
 - Nonexcluded earned and unearned income received in the corresponding Data Month and any anticipated changes for the next AR Payment Quarter, including the earned income of an elementary or secondary school student only if the student is 18 years of age or older at the beginning of the Data Month. The CWD shall use the actual/reasonably anticipated amount received by the household to compute benefits, except as provided in Section 63-503.22.
 - (2) Allowable deductions as billed or averaged from the corresponding payment quarter or as averaged over the certification period, including those shelter costs billed less often than monthly which the household has chosen to average.
- (f) <u>Issue benefits, in accordance with the time frames set forth in Section 63-508.63.</u>

.4 Completeness Criteria for the QR 7

The CWD shall consider the QR 7 complete if all of the following requirements are met.

- .41 The QR 7 is dated no earlier than the first day of the Submit Month.
 - .411 This requirement shall be met when the date entered on the QR 7, together with other dated material provided with the QR 7, and the date on which the CWD mailed or gave the QR 7 to the household clearly established the month and year to which the QR 7 applies.
 - .412 This requirement shall not apply when:
 - (a) The first day of the Submit Month falls on a non-postal delivery day;
 - (b) The QR 7 is mailed by the CWD for delivery on the last postal delivery day of the Data Month; and
 - (c) The recipient signs and dates the QR 7 on or before the last day of the Data Month.
- .42 The QR 7 provides the CWD with address (location) information sufficient to locate the household, however, households which do not have a fixed address shall not have their QR 7s rendered incomplete solely for this reason.
- The QR 7 is signed by the head of the household, authorized representative, or responsible household member. The PA caretaker relative, natural or adoptive parent, if not one of the above, shall not satisfy this requirement.
- All questions and items pertaining to food stamp eligibility are fully answered and provide the CWD with the information to correctly determine eligibility and benefit level, except the CWD shall not consider the QR 7 incomplete if information regarding child/spousal support disregard payments had not been included.
 - .441 To be considered fully answered, information on the QR 7 together with attached documentation must provide sufficient information to allow for the determination of eligibility and/or benefit level.
 - .442 Questions on the QR 7 shall not be considered fully answered if situations such as, but not limited to the following exist:

- (a) The QR 7 does not include information on changes that the household has previously reported to have occurred; for example, and actual change that the household reported to the CWD by telephone mid-quarter was not included on the QR 7.
- (b) The QR 7 does not include information that was reported on the previous QR 7 and the household does not indicate a change has occurred (e.g., the household previously reported earnings from two sources and only reported income from one source on the current QR 7).
- (c) If elements pertaining to one program's requirements are missing from the QR 7, the QR 7 shall be considered incomplete for that program only.
- (d) The CWD shall not consider the QR 7 incomplete if information regarding child/spousal support disregard payments has not been included.
- .45 <u>Verification is provided for gross nonexcluded earned income and nonexcluded unearned income for the Data Month when first reported and when there is a change in the amount of income received except as specified in Sections 63-504.325(a) and 63-505.311.</u>
 - <u>.451</u> For child/spousal disregard payments, the agency record shall be the verification.
- .46 <u>Verification is provided for the source of all excluded income when first reported on the QR 7 and any change in the source of the income.</u>
- .5 Timely and Late Quarterly Reports
 - .51 The QR 7 is due by the 5th of the Submit Month and is considered timely if it is received by the 11th calendar day of the QR Submit Month but not before the first calendar day of the QR Submit Month.
 - .52 The QR 7 is late if it is received after the 11th day of the QR Submit Month.
 - .53 The household shall be terminated from receipt of food stamp benefits if:
 - .531 There is no longer eligibility for food stamps in the upcoming Payment Quarter;

- .532 A complete QR 7 is not submitted by the 1st working day of the new Payment Quarter;
- .533 There is failure to comply with a non-financial eligibility requirement, such as the work registration requirements; or
- .534 Termination of benefits is requested in writing.
- <u>.6</u> <u>QR 7 Not Received or is Incomplete</u>

The CWD shall provide a notice of action to a QR/PB reporting household which fails to file a QR 7 by the 11th day of the Submit Month or files an incomplete QR 7.

- .61 The notice of action shall inform the household:
 - .611 That the QR 7 either is overdue or incomplete;
 - .612 What the household must do to complete the QR 7;
 - <u>.613</u> <u>If any verification is missing and the effect on the household's benefits level;</u>
 - .614 That the SSN of a new member must be reported;
 - .615 What the extended filing date is; and
 - .616 That the CWD will assist the household in completing the report.
 - (a) If the household submits a QR 7 by the date the CWD mails the notification of the missing QR 7, but fails to provide the required verification/information with the QR 7, the CWD shall notify the household of the need to submit the missing verification and/or information by the extended filing date as specified in Section 63-508.44(b).

The CWD shall not delay benefits if the missing verification/information is for a deduction. If the household fails to provide the missing verification and/or information, other than for income, by the extended filing date, the CWD shall not consider the QR 7 incomplete. Any deductions for which the verification/information is missing shall be disallowed.

(b) The household shall provide with the QR 7 verification of the following items:

- (1) Dependent care costs which have changed since the last report or when there is questionable information which is inaccurate, incomplete, outdated, or inconsistent:
- (2) If the household voluntarily reports a change in its medical expenses and fails to verify the change, and that change would increase the household's allotment, the CWD shall not make the change. The CWD shall act on reported changes without requiring verification if the changes would decrease the households allotment or make the household ineligible, although verification which is required shall be obtained prior to the household's recertification.
- (3) All expenses incurred in producing selfemployment income;
- (4) Residency as defined in Section 63-401 when there is a change;
- (5) Social Security numbers or citizenship or noncitizen status for household members when there is a change.
- (6) A change in the legal obligation to pay child support to a person not in the food stamp household and/or an increase in the amount of child support payments.
- (c) The CWD may elect to require verification of housing costs when first allowed as a deduction and when there is a move.
- (d) If the household submits information and/or verification with the QR 7 which the CWD determines to be questionable, the CWD shall notify the household as specified in Section 63-508.62. The household shall be allowed until the extended filing date to submit the necessary verification/clarification.
- (e) The CWD shall contact the household as needed to obtain further information on specific items. These items include, but are not limited to:

- (1) The effect of a reported change in resources on a household's total resources; and
- (2) The effect of a reported change in household composition or loss of job or source of earned income on the applicability of the work registration or voluntary quit requirements.
- The CWD shall send the notice of action no later than 10 days before the end of the Submit Month and give the household until the extended filing date, as specified in Section 63-508.63, to file a complete QR 7. If a complete QR 7 is received after the 11th of the Submit Month, but prior to the mailing of the notice, the notice shall not be sent. If a household responds to the notice of action by submitting an incomplete QR 7, the CWD need not provide a second notice to the household.

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- <u>.621</u> <u>Under the Saldivar v. McMahon court order, CWDs are to continue to provide timely and adequate notice.</u>
- .622 The recommended CDSS-developed forms to use in notifying households of a missing or incomplete QR 7 are the NA 960X or NA 960Y, respectively or a county substitute containing all notice requirements.
- <u>.623</u> Under QR/PB rules, an overissuance (O/I) will be established when the CWD is unable to decrease benefits due to the 10-day noticing provisions.

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- After notifying the household, the CWD shall allow the household until the extended filing date to file a complete QR 7.
 - .631 The household's participation shall be terminated effective the end of the report month, if the household fails to file a complete QR 7 by the extended filing date.
 - .632 If the household does not submit a complete QR 7 by the extended filing date, the discontinuance remains in effect and the recipient must reapply for food stamp benefits, unless good cause is established.

<u>Good Cause for Failure to Submit the QR 7</u>

- .641 If the household reapplies for benefits in the calendar month following discontinuance for failure to submit a QR 7, the CWD shall determine if the recipient had good cause for failure to submit a complete and timely QR 7 for the previous quarter.
- .642 Good cause must be determined using the criteria listed under Section 40-181.23 in the CalWORKs program.
- .643 If the CWD determines that the household had good cause for failing to submit the QR 7 by the extended filing date, the CWD shall rescind the discontinuance action and determine food stamp eligibility and benefit amount based on the information on the QR 7. The recipient's QR cycle remains unchanged.
- .644 Once a full calendar month has passed since the QR 7 discontinuance date, the household may not claim good cause and must reapply for benefits.
- <u>1.645</u> If information reported on the QR 7 results in a decrease in benefits, the CWD must provide 10-day notice before taking action to decrease benefits.
 - (a) Once good cause has been determined and the discontinuance rescinded, benefits must be released to the household at the previous higher amount until a 10-day notice can be sent to the recipient.
 - (b) An overissuance will be established when benefits are released at a previous higher level as a result of the CWD's inability to decrease benefits without 10-day notice.

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Example: A household is receiving \$200 in food stamp benefits. In the October/November/December quarter, the Mother fails to submit her QR 7 for the month of November by December 11. After sending an appropriate discontinuance notice, the household still does not submit a QR 7. Benefits are discontinued effective December 31.

The household comes in on January 4 to reapply for aid. The CWD determines that the household had good cause for not turning in the November QR 7, due to mail delivery and pick up problems in the area. When the household

submits the November QR 7, it reports having been approved for UIB in the amount of \$100 per week, which is new income not previously budgeted. With receipt of UIB, the household is eligible to \$100 in food stamp benefits. The CWD must restore benefits at the previous higher level of \$200 because it cannot provide 10-day notice to reduce January's benefits. The CWD must make a mid-quarter adjustment for the Jan/Feb/March Payment Quarter by sending the household a 10-day notice to decrease benefits effective February 1. There is a \$100 O/I for the month of January.

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(c) If the QR 7 information results in an increase in benefits, and the CWD cannot increase benefits by the first month of the next QR Payment Quarter, a supplement shall be issued for that month and benefits increased for the remaining months of the QR Payment Quarter.

There is no opportunity for the recipient to claim good cause once a full calendar month has passed since the discontinuance date.

<u>Action on Information Reported on the Quarterly Report (QR 7)</u>

Prompt action shall be taken on all reported changes to determine if the reported information affects the household's eligibility and/or benefit level.

- .651 The CWD shall use the information on the QR 7 to determine continuing eligibility and benefit amount over the next QR period based on all eligibility factors.
 - (a) The QR 7 must provide a report of income received by the household in the QR 7, any changes in household composition or property since the submission of the last Data Month and any changes in income and medical, child care and child support deductions the recipient anticipates will occur in the upcoming QR Payment Quarter. For treatment of shelter costs, refer to Section 63-509(a)(3)(B).
 - (b) Based on the information provided on the QR 7, the CWD shall determine continuing eligibility using PB rules.

- (c) Changes that are reported on the QR 7 and result in an increase or decrease in benefits shall be made effective for the next QR Payment Quarter.
- (d) Changes that are reported on the QR 7 and result in the household becoming ineligible shall terminate the household's participation effective the end of the Submit Month.
- .652 When a recipient has made a voluntary or mandatory mid-quarter report in the current quarter, the information from that mid-quarter report shall be considered part of the case record, regardless of whether it resulted in a mid-quarter benefit change.
- When the recipient submits a QR 7 subsequent to a mid-quarter report of a change, CWDs must first review changes reported on the QR 7 to ensure that circumstances reported on the mid-quarter report are also reflected on the QR 7 and should proceed as follows:
 - (a) No further action shall be required if the information reported on the QR 7 is consistent with information provided in the voluntary or mandatory report.
 - (b) The CWD shall take action to resolve the discrepancy and determine the actual current household situation if the information on the QR 7 is not consistent with information provided in the voluntary or mandatory report. The CWD shall attempt to contact the recipient to resolve the discrepancy. The QR 7 shall be considered incomplete and appropriate noticing actions shall take place if the CWD is unable to contact the recipient or obtain resolution from such contact.

.654 New Household Member Reported on the QR 7

If a new household member is reported on the QR 7, the CWD shall take the following actions:

(a) To complete the determination of eligibility, the CWD has the option either to require the household to complete the CA 8 or to contact the household to obtain the necessary information for the new member and update the last application.

- (b) If the household is determined eligible based on Data Month information, the CWD shall issue benefits for the new member effective the first of the next QR Payment Quarter. The new member shall be required to comply with the verification requirements specified in Section 63-300.5 and the work registration requirements specified in Section 63-407.
- (c) If the household is determined ineligible based on Data Month information, the CWD shall discontinue benefits after the 10-day notice is provided to the household.
 - (1) If the household was initially determined eligible based on Data Month information, and prior to authorization of benefits, the CWD learns in the Submit Month that the new member is ineligible, that information is considered a mid-quarter voluntary report of a change.
 - (2) With receipt of the next QR 7, the excluded individual shall no longer be considered excluded and eligibility for continuing household eligibility shall be based on all Data Month information provided by the household. The former excluded member will contine to remain an excluded member only if the requirements of Section 63-503.44 are met.
 - (3) Benefits for the household shall be discontinued at the end of the next QR Payment Quarter if the household is determined ineligible for benefits based on next quarter's Data Month information.

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Example: The quarter is January/February/March. The father is reported in the home for the first time on the QR 7 received in March indicating that the father is employed part-time. Based on the Data Month information, the father is eligible to be added into the household. On March 5, the CWD learns that the father became fully employed; however, the CWD has not yet taken action to authorize benefits for the new member. The information reported on March 5 is considered a mid-quarter voluntary

report.

The father becomes an excluded household member and his income reported on the QR 7 is treated as an excluded person's income to determine benefits for the next QR Payment Quarter. His income/property must be reported on the next QR 7 and the father is now treated as a household member. He will be either added to the household at the beginning of the new quarter (July) or, if circumstances have not changed, the household will be discontinued after the 10-day notice is given to the household.

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.655 Treatment of a Previously Disqualified Household Member

A previously disqualified member shall be added to the household beginning the first of the month after the disqualification period ends. If the new member is not eligible to participate, income shall be treated as that of an excluded member as specified in Section 63-503.44. Benefits would be increased if the disqualification ends mid-quarter and would result in a mid-quarter increase.

.66 Resource Eligibility

- Resource eligibility is determined once per quarter. Information reported on the QR 7 is used to determine continuing property eligibility for the entire upcoming QR Payment Quarter.
 - (a) No assessment of resource eligibility shall be made during the QR Payment Quarter.
 - (b) Actions shall not be taken mid-quarter on a voluntarily reported mid-quarter property change.
 - (c) The household remains eligible for the entire QR Payment Quarter if resources reported on the QR 7 along with resources previously reported do not exceed the resource limit.
 - (d) The case shall be discontinued at the end of the QR Submit Month, with timely and adequate notice, if the household exceeds the resource limit based on property that is reported on the QR 7.

(e) For households that exceed the resource limit on the QR 7, but during the Submit Month the household provides verification that the resources are below the resource limit, the household shall be considered resource eligible for the upcoming QR Payment Quarter. A discontinuance notice shall be rescinded and benefits reinstated.

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Example: The designated quarter is January/February/March. The recipient submits a timely and accurate QR 7 for February on March 5. The CWD determines that the recipient is property eligible in the OR Data Month of February. On March 20, the recipient receives a cash gift and deposits it in the household's bank account. The account balance, if considered, would render the household ineligible. The recipient is not required to report the bank account until the next QR 7 report is due (in June). If the recipient reports the account sooner, the county is not authorized to take any action to discontinue the case for exceeding the resource limit. eligibility is determined only once per quarter, based on information reported on the OR 7.

Example: Same QR Payment Quarter as above. The CWD discontinues benefits at the end of the QR Submit Month with timely notice based upon the household's property ineligibility reported on the QR 7. Later in March, the recipient notifies the CWD that the balance in the account is below the resource limit and verification is provided. The discontinuance shall be rescinded if all combined property and eligibility information contained on the current QR 7 renders the household eligible for continued benefits.

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.67 Household Composition Reporting Requirements

A household is required to demonstrate that it is eligible only once each quarter based on information reported on the QR 7.

.671 Households may voluntarily report changes in household composition during the quarter. Action on household composition changes reported during the quarter will only be taken if benefits can be increased. When considering the addition of a new

household member, all resources and income of that person must be considered in the determination to increase benefits.

(a) If the change would otherwise result in a decrease or discontinuance in benefits, no action shall be taken until the QR 7 is received.

<u>Authority Cited</u>: <u>Sections 10554, 11265.1, .2, .3, 18904, and 18910, Welfare and Individual Control of the Co</u>

Institutions Code.

Reference: Sections 10554, 11265.1, .2, and .3, 18904, and 18910, Welfare and

Institutions Code; and Food and Nutrition Service Quarterly Reporting

waiver approval dated April 1. 2003.

(QR) 63-509 INCOME ELIGIBILITY AND BENEFIT CALCULATION FOR QUARTERLY REPORTING

63-509

Section 63-509(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.

(a) Income Eligibility and Grant Calculation for Quarterly Reporting Households

Benefits for the QR Payment Quarter will be determined using prospective budgeting, reasonably anticipated income and income-averaging rules.

(1) Prospective Budgeting

Income and household information from the QR Data Month and anticipated changes in income and expenses must be considered when determining eligibility and benefit levels for a Payment Quarter. Documentation is required in the case folder which explains how income was projected in determining benefit calculations. Case narrative entries must include, but are not limited to, the following types of documentation:

- (A) <u>Income the recipient states is expected in future months;</u>
- (B) Whether anticipated income will be different than income that the recipient reported receiving for the QR Data Month;
- (C) <u>Documentation of the reasons for not accepting the recipient's estimate if the information is questionable;</u>
- (D) Other information used to determine what income will be used in the benefit calculations (verifications, employer's statements, case history, etc.) if the recipient's estimate is not used.

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Case narratives and other documentation will be critical when documenting new income, income that is expected to change, income that fluctuates, and income that is so unstable that the recipient cannot make a reasonable estimate of what income to expect in future months. QC reviewers will rely heavily on case documentation when reviewing case files to determine if benefits have been issued in the correct amounts. To avoid QC errors, case documentation is a necessary requirement.

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(2) Reasonably Anticipated Income

Income is "reasonably anticipated" when the CWD determines it is reasonably certain that the recipient will receive a specified amount of income during any month of the QR Payment Quarter and applies to all income, earned or unearned.

If the amount of income or when the income will be received is uncertain (i.e., it cannot be reasonably anticipated), that portion of the household's income that is uncertain or cannot be reasonably anticipated will not be counted when determining income eligibility and benefit levels. Income shall be considered to be reasonably anticipated if it is determined that:

- (A) The income has been or will be approved or authorized within the upcoming quarter; and,
- (B) The household is otherwise reasonably certain that the income will be received within the quarter; and
- (C) The amount of the income is known.
 - 1. A determination of what income is reasonably anticipated is required when a household:
 - <u>a.</u> <u>first applies for benefits;</u>
 - <u>b.</u> reports new income on the QR 7;
 - c. reports on the QR 7 that income is expected to change;
 - d. has income that fluctuates; and
 - <u>e.</u> <u>makes a mid-quarter report of an income change.</u>
 - 2. <u>Using Different Sources to Determine Reasonably Anticipated Income</u>
 - a. The sources used to determine what income is reasonably anticipated may differ based on the circumstances listed in 63-509.121. The following sources may be used, but are not all inclusive:

- (i) <u>information provided by an employer;</u> and/or
- (ii) the source of income; and/or
- (iii) payment dates, hours of work; and/or
- (iv) the recipient's estimation of income.
- b. If, with the help of the recipient, a determination of how income will change cannot be made, only that portion of income that the household reasonably anticipates shall be used in the benefit calculation.
- 3. The following are guidelines to determine income that is reasonably anticipated by the household. They include, but are not limited to the following.
 - a. Take into account income that the household reports/estimates (mid-quarter or on the QR 7) as being reasonably anticipated for the upcoming QR Payment Quarter;
 - b. If the household is unable to provide an estimate of anticipated income on the QR 7, the recipient, may be contacted for additional information;
 - c. If the household is unable to estimate future income with the CWD's assistance, the employer or source of income may be contacted with authorization from the recipient.
 - d. If income received during the past 30 days does not provide enough information to determine changes in income, take into account past income received by the household as an indicator of income to expect over the next quarter, if it will provide a more accurate indication of fluctuations in future income.
 - e. For seasonally fluctuating income, a review of the employment history for the most recent past season can be used if it will provide a more accurate indication of fluctuations in future income.

- <u>Past income cannot be used as an indicator of anticipated income for the quarter if changes in income have occurred or can be anticipated.</u>
- g. A new source of income, such as a new job, cannot be anticipated if it is uncertain when the job will start or what amount the recipient will be paid.

Example: A recipient reports on the QR 7 that a household member will start a new job in the upcoming quarter. The household reports that the payday falls within the next QR Payment Quarter and reports the anticipated wage amount and expected hours. Because the timing and amount of the income is reasonably certain, the CWD should consider this income to be reasonably anticipated and therefore should use it in the benefit calculations for the next QR Payment Quarter. The CWD shall document the recipient's statement of expected hours and wages in the case file to substantiate the recipient's estimate.

Example: A household reports that a member has been verbally approved for State Disability Insurance (SDI). However, the household member has not received an actual award letter or check, and does not know the exact start date or amount. Because the timing and amount of the income is not known, the CWD should not prospectively use this income in the calculation for the upcoming QR Payment Quarter.

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- (3) Reasonably Anticipated Medical, Child Support and Child Care Expenses
 - (A) Medical, child care and court-ordered child support expenses shall be determined as follows:
 - 1. Determine the expense amount that is reasonably anticipated in each month of the quarter.

- 2. Average the anticipated amounts over the months of the quarter and use the resultant amount as the expense deduction when computing benefits.
- 3. Expenses paid on a weekly or bi-weekly basis shall be converted to a monthly deductible expense by multiplying the weekly and bi-weekly figure expense by 4.33 or 2.167 as appropriate if income is also multiplied by these conversion factors.
- 4. <u>Document the rationale for the determination of the anticipated expense deduction.</u>

		Example 1	Example 2
Child Care for:	January February March	\$175 200 150	\$200 0 150
	<u>Total</u>	<u>\$525</u>	<u>\$350</u>
Quarterly Expense 5÷3		<u>\$175</u>	<u>\$116</u>

The allowable average child care expense for the Quarter in Example 1 is \$175. In Example 2, it is \$116.

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(B) Shelter Costs

Shelter costs shall be determined at application and recertification and shall remain fixed at the determined amount until the household reports either a change on the QR 7 or makes a voluntary mid-quarter report.

1. Increased shelter costs reported mid-quarter shall be recomputed using the new shelter cost once it has been verified. The new shelter deduction amount is fixed and will remain the same until another change is reported or until the next recertification occurs.

- 2. If the report of a shelter cost increase results in increased benefits mid-quarter, the increased cost need not be reported on the next QR 7. Food stamp benefits shall be supplemented if benefits can be increased mid-quarter.
- 3. If a report of a shelter cost decrease would result in a midquarter decrease, the recipient shall be notified via a "No Change NOA" that no mid-quarter change resulted and that the decreased shelter amount be reported on the next QR 7.

(C) <u>Utility Costs</u>

<u>Utility costs</u> shall be determined at application and at recertification and shall remain at the same fixed amount during the certification period, with the exception of households entitled to the SUA. Households that have elected the SUA at initial application, recertification or when a household moves may switch to actual utility expenses per Section 63-502.363(5)(c).

- 1. Households that switch utilities mid-quarter shall have their benefits supplemented if the result of the utility change would increase benefits. In no event shall benefits be decreased mid-quarter for utility changes elected by the household.
- 2. A "NO Change NOA" shall be sent to the household with a reminder to report the new utility election on the next QR 7 if the utility election would cause benefits to decrease midquarter.
- 3. Anticipated actual utility amounts shall be averaged over a 12-month period and the resultant monthly amount shall remain fixed until there is another utility change at recertification or when the household moves.
 - a. The CWD shall verify, at county option, a household's utility expenses if the household requests to claim expenses in excess of the SUA and the expense would actually result in a deduction.

(4) <u>Income Averaging Over the Quarter</u>

(A) Averaging Income Reported on the QR 7

The following basic income averaging steps shall be taken to determine the monthly income average that shall be used in the benefit calculation for fluctuating income over the QR Payment Quarter.

- 1. Add the reasonably anticipated gross earned income for each month of the quarter and divide by three. If the household receives the exact amount of income from month to month in the QR Payment Quarter, averaging over the quarter is not necessary.
- 2. Add the reasonably anticipated gross unearned income for each month of the quarter and divide by three. If the household receives the exact amount of income from month to month in the QR Payment Quarter, averaging over the quarter is not necessary.
- 3. Apply all applicable allowances and deductions to the averaged income amounts to generate an average Net Non-exempt Income (NNI).
- 4. Add the NNI of each income type together to determine the average monthly NNI for the household.
- 5. For households that receive a CalWORKs benefit, the actual CalWORKs grant amount for each month must be used when computing food stamp benefits. The CalWORKs grant shall not be averaged.

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Example: The quarter is October/November/December. The mother submits the QR 7 for November to the CWD on December 10. On the QR 7, she reports that she started a part-time job in December that will only last until the end of January, when the holiday shopping season ends. She reports that she will be paid \$900 in January and \$800 in February. The mother's aided spouse is also receiving Unemployment Insurance Benefit (UIB) of \$100 paid biweekly.

Benefits for the January/February/March quarter are computed based on the income the household anticipates it will receive for that quarter as follows:

Income Determination

Earned Income for January	<u>\$900</u>
+Earned Income for February	800
+Earned Income for March	<u>0</u>
Subtotal Earned Income for Quarter	\$1700
Earned Income Divided by 3	\$ 566.67

Computation

Computation	
Averaged Gross Monthly Earned Income Less Earned Income Deduction Less Standard Deduction Average Monthly Net Earned Income	\$566.67 -113.33 -134 \$319.34
Add average Monthly Net Earned Income Add Average Monthly UIB	+319.34
(\$100 x 2.167)	+216.70
(For usage of conversion factors, refer to (Ebelow)	<u>5)</u>
Add CalWORKs Monthly Grant	<u>+372</u>
Subtotal	<u>\$908.04</u>
Less Excess Shelter Deduction	<u>- 350</u>
Net Income	<u>\$ 558</u>

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(5) Weekly and Bi-Weekly Conversion Factor Usage

Under the following circumstances the CWD shall add weekly or biweekly Data Month income amounts reported on the QR 7 and divide that total by the number of pay periods in the Data Month to arrive at an average weekly or bi-weekly income amount to which the conversion factors shall be applied.

(A) An Assistance Unit (AU)/household (HH) reports on the QR 7 that it is paid on a weekly or bi-weekly basis and indicates that it does not anticipate any changes in income in the upcoming quarter compared to the data month income actually reported on the QR 7, and the CWD is in agreement with the household's report of no change in income, or

- (B) An AU/HH reports on the QR 7 that it is paid on a weekly or biweekly basis and indicates that it does anticipate changes in its income in the upcoming quarter, but the county determines in its follow-up review that the AU's/HH's reasonably anticipated income in the next quarter will not change from what was reported in the Data Month on the QR 7.
- (C) The average weekly and bi-weekly amounts arrived at above shall be converted to a monthly amount by using a 4.33 conversion factor for weekly payments and a 2.167 conversion factor for payments received bi-weekly.
- (D) The conversion figures can only be used if weekly and bi-weekly payments are paid throughout the entire QR Payment Quarter for each week or for every-other week in the quarter.

Examples:

- 1. The recipient reports on the QR 7 that 4 weekly paychecks were received in the following amounts: \$115, \$100, \$135 and \$95. The recipient also indicates on the QR 7 that his/her income is not expected to change during the next payment quarter compared to reported income on the QR 7. The CWD will add the 4 weeks of income together, divide by 4 and then factor the resultant amount by 4.33 (use the appropriate conversion factor for the payment frequency) to arrive at the monthly income amount for the next QR Payment Quarter. If 5 pay periods were reported in the Data Month on the QR 7, the CWD will add each week together and divide by 5 and then factor the resultant amount by 4.33.
- 2. The QR Payment Quarter is January/February/March. The recipient indicated on the QR 7 that weekly income of \$100 was received in the Data Month and marks on the QR 7 that this income amount will not continue during the upcoming QR Payment Quarter. The CWD consults with the recipient and finds out that the recipient anticipated a change in income because he/she hopes to get a new job in the next quarter but has no firm offer. The recipient states that if he/she does not get a new job, he/she will continue at the current job throughout the next quarter making the same amount. Due to the speculative nature of the new job and the recipient's statement regarding the current job, the

- CWD determines that the income reported in the data month on the QR 7 is reasonably anticipated to continue during the next quarter. Therefore the CWD would apply the conversion factor of 4.33 to the \$100 weekly amount to arrive at the monthly income amount for the next QR Payment Quarter (In this example, because the 100 weekly amount remains the same for each pay period, the step requiring that the weekly amounts be added together and divided by the number of pay periods is not necessary)
- 3. The recipient reports on the QR 7 that she is paid on a weekly basis except she only works 3 weeks in a month and indicates that this frequency of pay will remain the same throughout the QR Payment Quarter and will remain unchanged throughout the next QR Payment Quarter. She is typically paid \$115, \$100, \$135. The CWD will add the 3 weeks of income together to arrive at a reasonably anticipated monthly income for the next QR Payment Quarter. Since income is not paid every week of the QR Payment Quarter, the income cannot be factored.

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- (6) Benefit Determination Based on Income That Will Change in the Upcoming QR Payment Quarter
 - (A) When the household has or reports income that will change during the next QR Payment Quarter, the determination of whether income is reasonably anticipated will require additional steps and thorough case documentation. First use the recipient's income estimate if the recipient is able to provide one and if there is no conflicting information. If the information is questionable or the recipient is unable to estimate future income, the recipient may be contacted to obtain additional information about anticipated pay and/or hours of work. If the recipient cannot be contacted, or if the recipient and/or the CWD are unable to estimate future income levels, with the recipient's written permission, the CWD may contact the recipient's employer regarding anticipated work hours or pay.
 - (B) If the CWD is still unable to reasonably estimate future income, the CWD may also look at the recipient's prior work patterns to assist in determining the number of future work hours. This may include asking the recipient to provide available prior work information and/or reviewing information in the case file. The CWD is not limited to reviewing income from the previous quarter

only, but may use income information from the past to help establish patterns in fluctuating income. However, if the household states that his/her future work hours and wages will differ from prior work patterns, the CWD shall not use the prior work patterns to determine the income for the QR Payment Quarter.

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Example: A teacher's aide works part time from September through June 5 of every year. Historical case data indicates that she has also worked every year through the summer as a tour guide at the zoo. She did not report the summer job on her QR 7. The CWD will need to look at the case file for prior work information and must clarify with the recipient whether she is working or will be working during the summer months, as she has in previous years. Only after clarification is obtained can the CWD determine what income is reasonably anticipated when determining the food stamp benefit amount for the recipient.

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(b) Mandatory Mid-Quarter Changes to Benefits

Recipients may report mid-quarter changes in writing, verbally or in person to the CWD. If a recipient chooses to verbally report a mid-quarter change, the CWD shall document the report in the case file.

- (1) Mandatory Recipient Mid-Quarter Reports
 - (A) Recipients are mandated to report the following changes to the CWD within 10 calendar days of the date the change becomes known to the household:
 - 1. For both PAFS and NAFS households, address changes and the accompanying shelter cost changes:
 - 2. For NAFS cases, any reduction in the number of hours worked to less than 20 hours per week or 80 hours per month for ABAWDs.
 - (B) Action shall be taken on the food stamp case when the following mandatory CalWORKs changes are reported in the CalWORKs program:
 - 1. Drug felony convictions;

- 2. Fleeing felon status;
- 3. <u>Violation of conditions of probation or parole;</u>
- 4. <u>Income exceeds the IRT.</u>

- a. The CalWORKs IRT level is the greater of 130 percent of the FPL for family size or the level at which a family becomes financially ineligible.
- <u>b.</u> <u>The CalWORKs Program is responsible for informing recipients of their individual IRT levels.</u>
- c. The Food Stamp Program is responsible for monitoring the IRT change reported in the CalWORKs case and acting on the information as discussed in Section 63-212(d).

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- (c) Action on Mandatory Recipient Mid-Quarter Reports
 - (1) <u>Drug Felony Conviction, Fleeing Felon Status, Parole/Probation</u> Violations

Food stamp recipients are not required to report a change in drug or fleeing felon status or probation/parole violations mid-quarter. However, if a CalWORKs household reports drug or fleeing felon or parole/probation violation, the CWD shall be required to act on the reported information in the food stamp case. The CWD must discontinue the individual from the PAFS household at the same time CalWORKs discontinues the individual, at the end of the month after 10-day notice can be provided.

(2) Change of Address – Move Out of State

This reporting requirement is applicable to both PAFS and NAFS households. A timely notice of action is not required if the CWD determines that the household will not be residing in the state. Action to discontinue the household shall be for the end of the month in which the change was reported. An adequate notice is required.

(3) Change of Address – Move Out of County

A PAFS household that moves out of county shall be discontinued from the prior county at the same time the transfer of the CalWORKs case is completed; the transfer is completed when the former county discontinues the CalWORKs case as specified in Section 63-503.7.

(A) NAFS households shall be terminated at the time an address change is reported in another county. (Continued)

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Example: PAFS Case

A recipient is currently living in County A. On February 5th, the recipient informs County A that she now lives in County B. Due to the CalWORKs transfer period, County A will continue benefits to the recipient until March 31st. County B will pick up the CalWORKs case on April 1st. FS benefits will be discontinued in County A on March 31st to coincide with the transfer period of the CalWORKs case. The recipient may reapply for FS benefits any time after moving to County B, but will not be eligible to receive FS benefits in County B until April 1st. County A is responsible for ensuring that the recipient can easily access FS benefits for February and March.

Example: NAFS Case

A recipient is currently living in County A. On February 5th, the recipient informs County A that she now lives in County B. FS benefits will be discontinued in County A effective the end of February.

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(4) CalWORKs Income Exceeds the IRT

There is no mandatory mid-quarter recipient requirement to report income in excess of the IRT for the FS household. If the CalWORKs benefits did not change as a result of the report of IRT (the CalWORKs household was not discontinued), no further action is required in the PAFS case. However, for PAFS cases, if information regarding income that exceeds the IRT is reported in the CalWORKs program and results in discontinuance of CalWORKs benefits, the FS benefit must be recalculated as described below:

- (A) If the CalWORKs household reports income that exceeds the IRT, the CWD shall determine if the CalWORKs household's benefits will be continued or discontinued.
- (B) If CalWORKs benefits will be continued, no further action is required in the PAFS case.
- (C) If the CalWORKs cash grant is discontinued, the CWD shall determine if NAFS QR household's benefits would increase of decrease. Households whose CalWORKs benefits are discontinued shall be determined eligible for Transitional Food Stamp Benefits (TFS).

(d) Voluntary Mid-Quarter Recipient Reports

Recipients may report mid-quarter changes in income and circumstances in writing, verbally or in person at any time during the quarter. The CWD shall only take mid-quarter action on those voluntary reports that result in an increase to benefits. Some mid-quarter reports that may increase benefits are, but not limited to, income decreases, someone moves into the home, an allowable deduction increases. If a recipient chooses to verbally report a mid-quarter change, the CWD shall document the report in the case file.

- (1) Action to increase benefits shall be effective in the month the change actually occurs and after all verification has been received.
 - (A) If the change occurred prior to the date of report, recalculate and increase benefits based on the date of report after verification is received.
 - (B) If the change will occur in a future month, recalculate and increase benefits based on the date the change is expected to occur after verification is received.
- Voluntarily reported changes may result in an increase in benefits for one program (CalWORKs), while decreasing benefits for the other program (Food Stamp Program). Action shall be taken to increase benefits in the one program, while suppressing the decrease to the other program's benefits.
- Verification shall be requested immediately from the recipient when there is a decrease in income or a new household member is reported in the household. Action to increase benefits shall not take place until verification is received. The recipient shall be allowed 10 days to provide the requested verification.

- (4) The effective date for increases in benefits is determined differently for increases due to decreased income than for increases due to adding household members. Those effective dates are as follows:
 - (A) Increases due to decreased income are effective the first of the month in which the change is reported.
 - (B) <u>Increases due to the addition of new household members are effective the first of the month following the report of the change.</u>
- (5) When a household includes two members with income and one member experiences a decrease in income, only the decreased income of the one member is used to recalculate benefits.
- (6) If there are different sources of income received by the household and a decrease is reported for one of the sources, the CWD shall recalculate benefits using only the income from the decreased source. The recalculated income shall be added to the existing averaged household's income.
- (7) A "No Change NOA" shall be sent to the recipient when benefits cannot be increased.

The NOA must remind the recipient to re-report the change on the QR 7.

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The QR 377.4 has language under the "No Change in Benefits" check box that informs households that any voluntarily reported changes must be reported again on the next QR 7 and supported with verification of the change.

CWDs have the option of processing voluntary mid-quarter reports prior to the end of the quarter that do not result in a change in benefits. However, the CWD must ensure that the information reported on the QR 7 is consistent with the "no change report" and information reported by the household. The CWD shall also determine eligibility for the next QR Payment Quarter using the most current known information.

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(A) If information on the QR 7 is inconsistent with what was previously voluntarily reported mid-quarter, action shall be taken to resolve the discrepancy and to determine the actual current household circumstances.

- (B) The discrepancy should first be attempted to be resolved by contacting the recipient. If this contact is not possible, the QR 7 shall be considered incomplete.
- (e) Action on Voluntary Mid-Quarter Recipient Reports

To determine if the voluntary reported change results in increased benefits midquarter, a recalculation of benefits for the current and remaining months of the quarter using the new income that the household reasonably expects to receive is required. If the anticipated income will be different in each of the remaining months of the quarter and the recipient knows with reasonable certainty what the amount would be for each month, the new income shall be averaged for the current and remaining months in the quarter.

(1) When the CalWORKs grant is supplemented, the new CalWORKs grant amount to be used in the FS budget will include the original CalWORKs grant, as well as the additional CalWORKs supplement.

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Example 1: A household of three is receiving cash aid of \$192 and FS benefits of \$165. The grant amount was based on the mother having earned income of \$1200 per month. In the April/May/June quarter, the mother reports on April 5 that she lost her job the day before. She will only receive one more paycheck that month for \$600, and anticipated no additional income after that. The CWD immediately requests verification of the job loss, and the recipient provides it by April 10. The CWD uses the new income to recalculate benefits for that month, as well as for the remaining months of the current quarter as follows:

Recalculation of averaged income:

<u>\$600</u>	(April Actual)
+ 0	(May anticipated)
+ 0	(June anticipated)
\$600	

<u>Divide the total by 3 (the number of months for which new income is expected) = \$200 per month.</u> After re-computing the current and remaining months in the Quarter, the new CalWORKs grant is \$679.

Food Stamp Program Computation:

Average Monthly Income	<u>200</u>
Add New CalWORKs Grant	+679
Less Earned Income Deduction	- 40

Less Standard Deduction Subtotal	<u>-134</u> <u>\$705</u>
<u>Less Excess Shelter Deduction</u> <u>Net Income</u>	\$350 \$355
New Allotment Amount Benefits Received Supplement for April	\$259 -165 \$ 94

Example 2: Using the same scenario as in Example 1, except that the mother reports on May 5th that she lost her job and will only get one paycheck for \$600 in May and expects no income for June.

Recalculation of averaged income:

+ \$600	(May actual/anticipated)
+ 0	(June anticipated)
$\$600 \div 2 = \30	00

The new CalWORKs grant amount is \$642 after re-computation.

Food Stamp Program Computation:

Average Monthly Income	\$300
Add New CalWORKs Grant	+642
Less Earned Income Deduction	<u>- 60</u>
Less Standard Deduction	<u>-134</u>
<u>Subtotal</u>	<u>\$748</u>
Less Excess Shelter Deduction	<u>-350</u>
Net Income	\$398
New Allotment Amount	\$246
Benefits Received	-165
Supplement for May	\$ 91

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(2) If decreased income is reported for the first time on the QR 7 rather than as a mid-quarter voluntary report, the CWD shall treat the report of decreased income as a voluntary mid-quarter report in order to determine if a supplement should be issued in the Submit Month.

Household changes that occur in the Submit Month and are reported on the QR 7 will be considered voluntary reports.

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(3) If a recipient has reported a mid-quarter decrease in income or increase in food stamp expenses, and the CWD has taken appropriate action to increase the cash aid and/or FS benefits, the CWD shall not take action to adjust benefits again if the recipient reports the same change later in the quarter.

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The household includes a mother and two children. The mother was working full-time and receiving \$1200 per month gross earnings. On May 5 of an April/May/June quarter, the mother reports that she lost her job and expects to receive one last paycheck in May for \$600 and no income for the month of June. The CWD recalculates benefits for May and June, using \$300 per month gross income (the new averaged income amount), and issues a food stamp supplement to the household for May and increases the June allotment. In June, the mother calls her worker and reports that she will not receive any income in June. Since the zero income amount has already been taken into consideration when calculating May and June benefits, the CWD would not act on the mother's report of "decreased" income in June.

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(f) Household Composition Changes Reported Mid-Quarter

Recipients may voluntarily report changes in household composition at any time during the quarter. Action should only be taken on those changes that result in an increase to the household's benefits.

If the change results in increased benefits, action shall be taken to add the person effective the first of the month following the month in which the change was reported, after all verification has been provided. If it does not result in an increase, no action shall be taken to change the household's benefits until the following quarter.

(1) The following are steps to be taken when a new person is reported in the home.

- (A) Review eligibility for the new person in accordance with Food Stamp Program regulations as an initial step to determine if the new household member should be included as part of the household.
- (B) If the new person should be included in the household, determine if the household meets all non-financial eligibility criteria.
- (C) If the household meets all non-financial eligibility criteria with the addition of the new person, continue to determine if the new person has income that should be included in the benefit calculation.
- (D) Run a test benefit calculation to determine if adding the person and his/her income to the pre-existing household's income would result in an increase or decrease to the household's benefits. Add the new person's income for the months in which they would be added to the household. The existing household's income shall not be reaveraged to include the new household member's income.
- When taking action to add the new person into the household, include the new person's income along with the household's pre-existing income to recalculate benefits for the month the person is added to the household and any remaining months in the quarter. The existing household's income shall not be reaveraged to include the new household member's income.

(2) Adding a New Household Member Mid-quarter

- (A) When all verification is received, all eligibility factors are met and the addition of the new person results in increased benefits, add the new household member to the household and increase benefits to the household, as a mid-quarter change, effective the first of the month following the month in which the change was reported.
- (B) In any circumstance where the new household member has income, only that member's income is averaged over the remaining months in the quarter. The new household member's averaged income is then added to the existing household's averaged income to determine if benefits are to be increased or would result in a decrease mid-quarter. The new household member's averaged income is used to calculate benefits only for the months in which the new member is included in the household.

Example 1: The CWD is currently aiding a two-person household consisting of a mother and child. The designated quarter for this example is January/February/March. The mother voluntarily reports in February that the father moved into the home in February and the father has no income. After establishing eligibility for the father, the CWD adds him to the household effective March 1.

Example 2: Same scenario as in Example 1 except the mother does not voluntarily report the father as moving into the home in mid-quarter. She waits until she submits the QR 7 in March to report that the father moved in during February. The CWD would add the father to the household effective the first of April.

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- (3) New Person Results in Decreased Benefits
 - (A) If the result of a new person reported in the household decreased benefits, no action shall be taken to decrease benefits mid-quarter. A NOA shall be sent to the household informing them that the voluntary report of the new person did not increase benefits. The NOA shall remind the household to report the new person and any income or property he/she has on the next QR 7.
 - 1. The CWD shall treat notification of a recipient death midquarter as a voluntary recipient report for discontinuance of benefits for the deceased individual. If the information was received verbally, the CWD shall discontinue benefits at the end of the month in which timely and adequate notice can be provided. If the information was received in writing, the CWD shall discontinue at the end of the month with only adequate notice.
 - (B) Information reported on the QR 7 shall be used in the determination of eligibility and benefit level for the upcoming quarter. The earliest the benefits could be decreased is the first of the next Payment Quarter provided 10-day notice is given.

 Discontinuance of benefits for ineligibility shall occur at the end of the Submit Month.
- (4) New Person Results in Financial Ineligibility or Ineligibility Due to Other Eligibility Factors

If addition of the new person would render the household ineligible midquarter, no action shall be taken to change the household's benefits. A NOA shall be sent to the household informing them that the voluntary report of the new person did not increase benefits and that the household is responsible for reporting the new person and his/her income/property on the next QR 7. The earliest food stamp benefits can be discontinued is the end of the Submit Month.

(g) Voluntary Recipient Request for Discontinuance of Benefits

Benefit adjustments shall be made mid-quarter when a recipient requests discontinuance of benefits. A recipient may voluntarily request mid-quarter that the entire household be discontinued; or for any individual member of the household who is no longer in the household.

(1) Recipient Makes a Verbal Request for Discontinuance of Benefits

A verbal request shall require that a 10-day notice be sent before discontinuance or a decrease in benefits can be made at the end of the month. A written request shall require that an adequate notice be sent at the end of the month.

(2) Recipient Makes a Written Request for Discontinuance of Benefits

A voluntary mid-quarter report of someone leaving the home shall not be assumed to mean that it equates to a voluntary request for discontinuance of the household member. A determination must be made to determine whether the voluntary mid-quarter report of someone leaving the household is actually a request of discontinuance by contacting the household to clarify the report and to inform the household that a discontinuance of the individual will result in decreased benefits mid-quarter. Discontinuance of the individual shall occur only if he/she is out of the home or is considered a separate household member.

(h) County-Initiated Mid-Quarter Actions

In addition to making mid-quarter adjustments to benefits as a result of mandatory and voluntary recipient reports mid-quarter, action shall also be taken on certain changes in eligibility status at the end of the month in which timely and adequate notice can be provided to the household.

(1) Changes Resulting in County-initiated Actions Mid-Quarter

The changes that are considered county-initiated and that can occur at any time during the quarter:

- (A) Sanctions or financial penalties;
- (B) Failure of the household to comply with a Quality Control Review.
- (C) Benefits are applied for and approved for a household member in another household or for the household;
- (D) <u>Discontinuances due to the termination of a CalWORKs inter-</u> county transfer as described in Section 63-503.7;
- (E) Status changes in the California Food Assistance Program (CFAP).
- (2) County-Initiated Actions To Be Taken at the Beginning of the Quarter

An exception to mid-quarter county-initiated actions occurs when adjustments/reductions to benefits are begun for recoupment of an O/I per Sections 63-801.44 and .45. This action shall be taken at the beginning of a quarter.

- (3) Known to County Information
 - (A) Use of Known to County Information

<u>Information that is "known to county" and is considered information that is subject to mandatory reporting shall be used to:</u>

- 1. Calculate an OI when the information received is obtained after benefits have been issued, such as in the case of Income and Eligibility Systems (IEVS) matches; and
- 2. Take prospective action to change benefits mid-quarter or at the beginning of a quarter if information reported by the recipient does not accurately reflect a mandatory mid-quarter report of information or information reported on the QR 7.
- (B) CWD Action on Public Assistance (PA) Changes Known to CWD
 - 1. Changes to PA benefits shall be considered information that is known to county.
 - 2. All changes to PA benefits shall be reviewed by the CWD for possible benefit increases or decreases by calculating a new budget.

- <u>3.</u> <u>Food stamp benefits shall be increased if the calculation indicates such an increase.</u>
- 4. <u>If a mid-quarter decrease is indicated, benefits cannot be</u> decreased.

Example 1: A county becomes aware that the CalWORKs grant has decreased mid-quarter. The CWD will calculate the impact on food stamp benefits to determine if benefits can be increased or decreased. If the calculation indicates an increase, the CWD will supplement/increase benefits. Benefits would not decrease mid-quarter. This is an exception to the general QR rule that do not permit an increase to benefits mid-quarter unless they are reported by the household as described in the next example.

Example 2: A county becomes aware of known to county information that UIB being budgeted is exhausted. There are two months remaining in the QR Payment Quarter. The county will not act on this information to increase benefits. The recipient must report that UIB is ending before benefits can be increased mid-quarter.

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(C) CWDs shall not act on information "known to county" that is not required to be reported, even if benefits could be increased midquarter based on the given information. The recipient must report a change before benefits will be increased.

(i) Third Party Information

Third party information is not known to the county and is a report from an anonymous source about a household's circumstances. If information reported from a third party brings food stamp eligibility into question, the CWD must contact the household for clarification of the circumstance or take other action, such as making a fraud referral, as deemed appropriate by the CWD.

- (i) CWD Action on Information Obtained from Match Systems
 - (1) The CWD shall consider information received from match systems such as the Income and Eligibility Verification System (IEVS), the Payment Verification System (PVS), and other such sources for purposes such as:

- (A) To determine if information reported on QR 7s is accurate;
- (B) To determine if a fraud referral or an overissuance claim/adjustment is necessary;
- (C) To determine if clarification of current eligibility is necessary.

Eligibility Verification System (IEVS), Payment Verification System (PVS), Integrated Fraud Detection/Earnings Clearance System (IFD), Franchise Tax Board (FTB), Asset Match/Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Match, Beneficiary Earnings Exchange Record (BEER), New Hire Registry (NHR), other matches from special investigative units, and known information from CalWORKs or other assistance programs.

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(k) Resolving Conflicting Information Based on Third-Party/Known to County Reports

The recipient shall be contacted and informed that eligibility information is in question. The recipient shall be given the opportunity to verify the correct circumstances before action is taken to reduce/correct benefits. Action shall not be taken mid-quarter based on third party information regarding changes that the household is not required to report during the quarter.

(l) Treatment of Multiple Changes Within A QR Payment Quarter

Multiple changes during a QR Payment Quarter shall be acted upon in accordance with QR/PB rules for mandatory and voluntary recipients reports, and on county-initiated and third-party reports. Each change shall be acted upon separately, using the rule that is unique to that type of change. Circumstances shall not be combined to effect a change in benefits.

A household may voluntarily report a change that does not result in an increase to benefits, and later in the quarter, report another change that was required to be reported, which would result in a decrease to benefits. A change shall not be made to benefits based on the voluntary report; however, benefits shall be decreased later based on the mid-quarter report. The decrease in benefits shall be based solely on the circumstances resulting from the mandatory report.

Example 1: The quarter is January/February/March. On January 15, the household reports that the father moved back into the home, and he has a part-time job. In reviewing whether the household would be entitled to an increase as a result of new household member, the CWD determines that earnings from the father's job would result in a decrease to the household's benefits. The CWD is unable to add the father to the household the first of February because QR/PB rules do not allow for benefits to be decreased as a result of a voluntarily reported mid-quarter change.

On January 17, the household reports that the mother violated conditions of her parole. The CWD must take action to remove the mother from the household effective January 31, because she is ineligible. The CWD decreases benefits to the remaining household members effective February 1. When decreasing February benefits, the CWD may not take action to add the father and his earned income at the same time as discontinuing the mother. The CWD may only take action to add the father and his income at the beginning of the next QR Payment Quarter when the household has submitted the QR 7 for February, reporting that the father is still in the home and has the same level of income.

Example 2: The current payment quarter is January, February, and March. The household consists of a mother and child. The mother reports that the father, who is earning \$900, moved into the home on January 10th. Adding the father from February 1st reduces benefits to the household, so the father must be evaluated for the upcoming payment quarter (April, May, and June). The father loses his job on February 10th. The mother reports the father's job loss on February 13th. The new report is that father is requesting to be added and he has reduced income. The change in circumstances caused by the job loss is a new mid-quarter report. The father can now be added to the household effective March 1st.

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(m) Changes Held Until Next Quarter

Changes that occur in the current quarter but shall not take effect until the upcoming QR Payment Quarter include: third month reporting of a new household member that increases benefits and adjustments to begin collection of O/Is.

(n) Restorations and Reapplications Under QR/PB

(1) When a household has been sent a discontinuance notice and the effective date of the discontinuance is pending and the circumstances that made the household ineligible have changed, benefits shall be reinstated and the discontinuance rescinded.

When an application has been denied or the case discontinued, the household must reapply for benefits and be treated as a new applicant.

Benefits shall be prorated from the new application date.

<u>Authority Cited</u>: <u>Sections 10553, 10554, 11265, 18904, and 18910, Welfare and 18910, We</u>

Institutions Code.

<u>Reference</u>: <u>Sections 10554, 11265.1, .2, and .3, 18904, and 18910, Welfare</u>

and Institutions Code and Federal Nutrition Service Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting waiver approval dated April 1,

2003.

63-801 CLAIMS AGAINST HOUSEHOLDS (Continued)

63-801

- .3 Calculating the Amount of Claims
 - .31 Inadvertent Household and Administrative Error Claims
 - .311 (Continued)
 - (c) (Continued)
 - (2) Section 63-801.311(c)(2)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-801.311(c)(2)(QR) shall become operative in a county on the date QR/PB becomes effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) For monthly reporting households, a claim shall be established when the household fails to report a change on the CA 7 by the extended filing date for the appropriate report month. For nonmonthly reporting households, a claim shall be established if the household fails to report a change within 10 days of the date the change became known.
 - (QR) For QR households, a claim shall be established when the household fails to report a change on the QR 7 for the appropriate Data Month and the QR Payment quarter was incorrectly computed based on failure of the recipient to report a change or a timely QR 7 was not submitted (see Handbook). For change reporting households, a claim shall be established if the household fails to report a change within 10 days of the date the change became known.

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Example: A QR 7 is not received timely and a 10-day notice cannot be sent to the recipient to reduce benefits beginning with the next QR Payment quarter: In the January/February/March quarter, a recipient submits the QR 7 on March 28, after the deadline for timely submission. After

redetermining benefits based on information reported on the QR 7, the CWD determines that the April/May/June benefits should be reduced due to income reported on the QR 7. The QR 7 was submitted too late in the month for the CWD to provide 10-day notice and decrease benefits for April. The CWD issues a 10-day notice of decrease effective for May; pays benefits at the March level in April, and adjusts benefits to the correct amount for May and June. The difference between the May/June benefit amount and the April benefit amount is an O/I.

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- (3) (Continued)
- .7 Method of Collecting Payments (Continued)
 - .73 Reduction in Food Stamp Allotments (Continued)
 - (QR) .737 Recoupment by Allotment Adjustment for QR Households
 - (QR) (a) O/I allotment adjustment shall only be initiated at the beginning of a quarter. However, an allotment adjustment shall be discontinued mid-quarter as appropriate when the O/I has been recouped.
 - (QR) (b) When the CWD completes recoupment of one O/I midquarter, the CWD may begin recoupment of the next O/I in mid-quarter as long as the amount being adjusted does not result in the benefits being decreased mid-quarter.

HANDBOOK BEGINS HERE

The following examples provide some guidance in the determination of O/Is in QR.

Late Mandatory Mid-Quarter Reporting: The recipient is in the April/May/June quarter. The mother is in a household of three and is convicted of a drug felony on April 25 and reports the conviction on April 26. The report is considered timely, because it was made within 10 days. The CWD is unable to decrease benefits for May to reflect discontinuance of the ineligible household member, because there is insufficient time to provide 10-day notice.

Benefits must be issued for May in the same amount that was issued in April, and the CWD must take action to decrease benefits effective June 1. The CWD shall not establish an O/I for the May allotment, because the recipient reported the change timely.

NOTE: This does not apply to food stamp only households.

Late QR 7: In the July/August/September quarter, a recipient turns in her QR 7 on September 25. She reports starting a new job in August and indicates that she will receive \$1,000 earnings each month. The CWD is unable to reduce cash aid and food stamp benefits for the October/November/December quarter effective October 1 due to inability to provide 10-day notice of the decrease resulting from increased income. The CWD is required to make the change effective November 1, and shall establish an O/I for food stamp benefits that were issued in error for October.

Failure to Report Income: Looking back at the quarter designated as October/November/December, the CWD determines through an IEVS match that a CalWORKs AU and food stamp household had income that exceeded the IRT on December 26. The household is still receiving the same level of income in the current Jan/Feb/Mar quarter and has never reported the income as a mid-quarter report. The CWD determines that the household should have reported this change by January 5, and should have been discontinued due to ineligibility effective January 31. An O/I would be established beginning February 1.

CWD Failure to Act: The household reports on the QR 7 submitted March 5 that the father started a job on February 10. The income is expected to continue at the same level in the next QR Payment Quarter. The CWD failed to use the newly reported income to determine benefits for the next QR Payment Quarter (April/May/June). If using the income to compute the food stamp benefits should have resulted in a lower grant and allotment to the household, the CWD must establish an O/I for the amount the household was not entitled to receive beginning April 1.

HANDBOOK ENDS HERE

Authority Cited: Sections 10554, <u>11265.1</u>, <u>.2</u> and <u>.3</u>, and 18904, and 18910, Welfare

and Institutions Code.

Reference: Sections 10554, and 11265.1, .2, and .3, 18904, and 18910,

Welfare and Institutions Code; 7 CFR 271.2; 7 CFR 273.18(a), (a)(1)(ii), and (a)(2); 7 CFR 273.18(b)(3); 7 CFR 273.18(c)(1)(i), (c)(1)(ii), (ii)(b), and (c)(2)(ii) (Federal Register, Vol. 58, No. 209, pp. 58454 and 58455, dated November 1, 1993); 7 CFR 273.18(d)(4)(iii); 7 CFR 273.18(e)(1); 7 CFR 273.18(e)(3)(iv); 7 273.18(e)(3)(v); 7 CFR 273.18(e)(5)(v); CFR 7 CFR 273.18(e)(6)(ii); 7 CFR 273.18(e)(7)(i); 7 CFR 273.18(f); 7 CFR 273.18(g)(4)(ii); 7 CFR 273.18(g)(6); 7 CFR 273.18(g)(8); 7 CFR 273.18(g)(9); 7 CFR 273.18(h)(4); 7 CFR 273.18(i); 7 CFR 273.18(k)(5); 7 CFR 273.18(n)(1)(i); 7 U.S.C. 2022(a)(1); U.S.D.A., Food and Nutrition Service letter WFS-100:FS-10-6-CA, dated October 7, 1991; Food and Nutrition Service Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting waiver approval dated April 1, 2003: P.L. 104-193, Sections 809 and 844 (Personal

Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996) and Lomeli v. Saenz, Sacramento Superior Court, Case

#98CS01747.

63-804 STATE HEARINGS (Continued)

63-804

- .6 (Continued)
 - .62 Time Frame for Requesting Continuation of Benefits (Continued)
 - .623 Section 63-804.623(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-804.623(QR) shall become effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) A household provided a notice of action informing the household of a proposed change in benefits or of a termination of benefits for the nonsubmittal of a complete CA 7, shall file its request prior to the effective date of the termination of its benefits.
 - (QR) A household provided a notice of action informing the household of a proposed change in benefits or of a termination of benefits for the nonsubmittal of a complete QR 7, shall file its request prior to the effective date of the termination of its benefits. (Continued)
 - .64 Changes Pending the Hearing Decision
 - .641 Section 63-804.641(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-804.641(QR) shall become effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) Any monthly reporting household whose benefits have been continued shall continue to file CA 7s until the end of its certification period.
 - (QR) Any QR household whose benefits have been continued shall continue to file QR 7s until the end of its certification period.
 - .642 (Continued)
 - (e) Section 63-804.642(e)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-804.642(e)(QR) shall become effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
 - (MR) A monthly reporting household fails to provide required verification of items on the CA 7 resulting in a reduction or termination of benefits, unless this is the issue being contested, and the household fails to file a request for a

hearing and continuation of benefits after receiving the corresponding notice of action informing the household of a proposed change in benefits or of a termination of benefits for the nonsubmittal of a complete CA 7.

- (QR) A QR household fails to provide required verification of items on the QR 7 resulting in a reduction or termination of benefits, unless this is the issue being contested, and the household fails to file a requires for a hearing and continuation of benefits after receiving the corresponding notice of action informing the household of a proposed change in benefits or of a termination of benefits for the nonsubmittal of a complete QR 7.
- (f) Section 63-804.642(f)(MR) shall become inoperative and Section 63-804.642(f)(QR) shall become effective in that county, pursuant to the Director's QR/PB Declaration.
- (MR) A monthly reporting household fails to file a CA 7 or fails to file a complete CA 7 by the extended filing date, resulting in a termination of benefits. The household does not file a request for a hearing and continuation of benefits after receiving the corresponding notice of action informing them of a termination of benefits for the nonsubmittal of a complete CA 7.
- (QR) A QR household fails to file a QR 7 or fails to file a complete QR 7 by the extended filing date, resulting in a termination of benefits. The household does not file a request for a hearing and continuation of benefits after receiving the corresponding notice of action informing them of a termination of benefits for the nonsubmittal of a complete QR 7.

Authority Cited: Sections 10554, <u>11265.1</u>, <u>.2 and .3</u>, <u>and 18904</u>, <u>and 18910</u>, Welfare and Institutions Code.

Reference: Sections 10554, 11265.1, .2, and .3, 18904, and 18910, Welfare and Institutions Code; 7 CFR 271.2; 7 CFR 273.18(e)(6); and Sections 10554 and 18904, Welfare and Institutions Code Food and Nutrition Service Quarterly Reporting/Prospective Budgeting waiver approval dated April 1, 2003.

FOOD STAMP BENEFITS YOUR RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

When you apply for food stamp benefits, you have rights and responsibilities. Your most important right is to be treated fairly without regard to race, color, national origin, political beliefs, religion, gender, age or disability. If you think you have been discriminated against, you may file a complaint by:

- 1. Contacting your county's civil rights coordinator;
- 2. Calling 916-654-2107 or 1-866-741-6241 (toll free);
- For the hearing or speech-impaired,
 1-916-654-2098 (TDD); or,
- 4. Writing to:

California Department of Social Services Civil Rights Bureau, MS 15-70, P.O. Box 944243 Sacramento, CA 94244-2430 or if you get Food Stamps only, write to:
U.S. Department of Agriculture,
Food and Consumer Service, Civil Rights Office,
550 Kearny Street, San Francisco, CA 94108-2518

YOUR RIGHTS

As a food stamp applicant or recipient, you have the right:

- To get help to filling out your application or any other food stamp form.
- To ask for translated forms and notices if you don't read English.
- To be treated with courtesy, consideration and respect.
- To ask for oral interpretation of forms and notices if translated forms and notices are unavailable.
- To be interviewed promptly by the county when you apply and to have your eligibility determined within thirty (30) days.
- To have the face-to-face interview waived if you are unable to appoint an Authorized Representative and no household member is able to go into the Food Stamp office because everyone is 65 years old and over or physically disabled and no one has earned income.
- To have the face-to-face interview waived if you have a hardship and cannot get to the Food Stamp office.
- To discuss your case with the county and to review your case yourself when you request to do so.
- To be told the rules for getting emergency food stamp benefits. If the county thinks you might be eligible, you will get an interview immediately and food stamp benefits within three (3) days.
- To ask to have your Food Stamp I.D., authorization document, or issuance card, or food stamp benefits replaced if lost in the mail, damaged, stolen or destroyed. EBT food stamp benefits are not always replaced; when the EBT card is not reported lost/stolen or benefits are spent by the authorized representative.

- To get written notice when your application is approved, denied, or when your benefits change or stop.
- To have your records kept confidential by the county and state, unless there is an outstanding felony arrest warrant issued for you, or as otherwise provided by law.
- To file a complaint or to ask for a state hearing within ninety (90) days of any action if you think the action was wrong. You can write to your County Welfare Department or call toll free 1-800-952-5253 or for the hearing or speech impaired (TDD) 1-800-952-8349.
- To be represented at a state hearing by yourself or by a household member, friend, attorney, or other person of your choice. You may get free legal help at your local legal aid office or welfare rights group.

YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES

As a food stamp applicant or recipient, you are responsible for meeting the following requirements:

• Fingerprint and photo imaging. California has a rule that says that everyone who is required to be fingerprinted and photo imaged must have their photo and fingerprint image taken in order for your household to receive food stamp benefits. If someone in your household who is required to be photographed or finger imaged refuses to do so, your household will not be able to get food stamp benefits. These images are confidential and can only be used to prevent or prosecute welfare fraud.

YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES (Continued)

Citizenship/Immigration Status. You must sign under penalty of perjury that each member applying for food stamp benefits is a U.S. citizen or U.S. national. If someone in your household is not a citizen, you will need to provide verification of his or her immigration status. Information you give us on immigration status will be checked with the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), but it will only be used to determine food stamp eligibility. Information about immigration is private and confidential.

You can apply for and get food stamp benefits for eligible family members, even if your family includes other members who are not eligible because of immigration status. For example, immigrant parents may apply for food stamp benefits for their U.S. citizen or qualified immigrant children, even though the parents may not be eligible for benefits. You do not have to provide immigration information or documents for any family members who are not eligible for food stamp benefits and who are not asking for food stamp benefits. Getting food stamp benefits will not affect your immigration status or the immigration status of your family.

 Social Security Number. You must provide the Social Security Number (SSN) for everyone in your household who is applying. Anyone who does not give a SSN or proof of application for an SSN will not be able to get food stamp benefits.

The SSN(s) will be used in a computer match to check your income and resources with records from tax, welfare, employment, the Social Security Administration and other agencies. SSN(s) will also be matched with law enforcement agencies. Differences may be checked out with employers, banks or others.

- Verification. If your worker asks for proof of a fact you give, you must provide it or give us the name of some other person or agency we may contact to get it. When you can't get the proof you need, we may be able to help you get it.
- Reporting. Every food stamp household must report on their income and household situation. Most households have to report every quarter, but your worker will tell you whether you are a quarterly or change reporting or transitional household.
- Cooperation. You must cooperate with county, state and federal staff. You may not get benefits or your benefits may be stopped if you don't cooperate.

PENALTIES AND DISQUALIFICATION

Failing to follow the rules listed in this document can result in an Intentional Program Violation (IPV). The penalties for an IPV are disqualification as listed below, AND you can be fined up to \$250,000 and/or put in jail/prison for up to 20 years. Disqualification means not being able to get food stamp benefits for a period of time. When you are disqualified, the penalties stop your food stamp benefits for:

- 12 months for the first violation.
- 24 months for the second violation and
- forever for the third violation.

These penalties start after a state hearing or court of law finds that an individual committed an IPV. In addition, there are separate penalties for other things you should not do. They are:

- If you are found guilty in any court of law of trading food coupons for controlled substances, food stamp benefits can be stopped for 24 months for the first violation and forever for the second violation.
- If you are found guilty in any court of law of trading food stamp benefits for firearms, ammunition or explosives, food stamps can be stopped forever for the first violation.
- If you sell or trade food stamps worth \$500 or more, food stamp benefits can be stopped forever.
- If you file more than one application at the same time and give false identification or residence information, food stamp benefits can be stopped for ten (10) years.

Also, anyone who is accused of committing an IPV may agree to be disqualified by signing either a Disqualification Consent Agreement or an Administrative Disqualification Hearing Waiver. Anyone who signs one of these documents accepts responsibility to repay any overissuance.

In addition, if you don't report all the facts or give wrong facts to get or keep getting benefits, you can be legally prosecuted with penalties of a fine and/or imprisonment. You may be found to have committed a felony if more than \$400 is wrongly paid out in food stamp benefits because you didn't report all of your facts or changes in income, property or family status.

If your household receives food stamp benefits, you must follow these rules:

- Don't give wrong or incomplete facts to get or keep getting food stamp benefits.
- Don't trade or sell food stamps, Food Stamp Authorization Documents (ADs), or issuance cards.
- Don't alter ADs or issuance cards to get food stamp benefits you are not entitled to get.
- Don't use food stamp benefits to buy ineligible items such as alcoholic drinks or tobacco, paper or cleaning products.
- Don't use someone else's food stamps, ADs or issuance cards for your household.

CERTIFICATION

- I certify that I have received copies of "Your Rights and Responsibilities" (DFA 285-A3 QR) and "How to Report Household Changes" (FS 23 QR). I understand my rights and responsibilities. I agree to comply with my responsibilities. I also understand the penalties for giving wrong or incomplete facts and failing to report facts or situations that may affect my eligibility or benefit level for food stamp benefits.
- I also certify that I have received a copy of "Applying for Food Stamp Benefits" (FS 22 QR).

SIGNATURE (ADULT HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OR AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE):	DATE:
SIGNATURE OF WITNESS OR INTERPRETER:	DATE:
I certify that I have informed the applicant/recipient of the above responder intentionally making false statements or failing to report information	
SIGNATURE OF INTERVIEWING WORKER:	
DATE APPLICATION REVIEWED WITH CLIENT OR AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE:	
DFA 285-A3 QR (12/03) IMPORTANT INFORMATION-REQUIRED FORM — NO SUBSTITUTES PERMITTED	
- TEAR HERE -	
CERTIFICATION	ON
 I certify that I have received copies of "Your Rights and Re Report Household Changes" (FS 23 QR). I understand my right my responsibilities. I also understand the penalties for giving facts or situations that may affect my eligibility or benefit level 	ghts and responsibilities. I agree to comply with g wrong or incomplete facts and failing to report
I also certify that I have received a copy of "Applying for Food	Stamp Benefits" (FS 22 QR).
SIGNATURE (ADULT HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OR AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE):	DATE:
SIGNATURE OF WITNESS OR INTERPRETER:	DATE:
I certify that I have informed the applicant/recipient of the above responsion intentionally making false statements or failing to report information	
SIGNATURE OF INTERVIEWING WORKER:	
DATE APPLICATION REVIEWED WITH CLIENT OR AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE:	

Notice Date

FOOD STAMP NOTICE OF CHANGE FOR CHANGE REPORTING

(ADDRESSEE)	Case Name Number Worker Name Number Telephone Address If you have any questions or want more information about this action, please contact your worker. State Hearing: You can ask for a hearing if you believe the action is wrong. The back of this page tells how to ask for a hearing. If you already had a hearing
	on the cause of the overissuance that is being collected, you cannot ask for a new hearing, unless you think the new amount of food stamp benefits you are getting because of the overissuance collection is incorrect.
☐ CHANGE IN BENEFITS	□ NO CHANGE IN BENEFITS
Effective, your food stamp benefits are changed from \$ to \$each month because:	Your food stamp benefits did not change as a result of the document(s)/information we received because:
You have already been told about an overissuance of food stamps and you are getting less food stamps because the County has been reducing your monthly allotment by 10% or \$10 (whichever is more) to pay back the food stamps that you got and should not have. It has been decided in court or by a state hearing or because you signed a Disqualification Consent Agreement or an Administrative Disqualification Hearing Waiver that this overissuance is an Intentional Program Violation (IPV). Now your monthly allotment is being changed because the County can begin reducing your allotment by 20% or \$10 (whichever is more). If there are any other changes to your monthly food stamp	☐ TERMINATION Effective, your food stamp benefits are terminated because:
allotment, this form will tell you.	Based on the reason your benefits are terminated, your household is also disqualified from participating in the Food
□ PROPOSED CHANGE IN BENEFITS	Stamp Program until You may reapply for benefits at the end of this disqualification period.
Effective, your food stamp benefits may be reduced or terminated because information needed to determine your continued eligibility or the correct amount of your benefits was not received with your Change Report (DFA 377.5). We must receive the following information by no later than the first day of next month:	
If verification of an expense is requested and you do not provide it, the expense will not be allowed when computing next month's benefits. Also, if you do not provide other requested information, your benefits may be reduced or terminated.	

DFA 377.4 QR (1/04) REQUIRED FORM - NO SUBSTITUTES PERMITTED

These rules apply to the above action(s): You may review them at your welfare office.

YOUR HEARING RIGHTS

You have the right to ask for a hearing if you disagree with any county action. You have only 90 days to ask for a hearing. The 90 days started the day after the county gave or mailed you this notice.

If you ask for a hearing <u>before</u> an action on Cash Aid, Medi-Cal, Food Stamps, or Child Care takes place:

- Your Cash Aid or Medi-Cal will stay the same while you wait for a hearing.
- Your Child Care Services may stay the same while you wait for a hearing.
- Your Food Stamps will stay the same until the hearing or the end of your certification period, whichever is earlier.

If the hearing decision says we are right, you will owe us for any extra Cash Aid, Food Stamps or Child Care Services you got. To let us lower or stop your benefits before the hearing, check below: Yes, lower or stop:

Cash Aid Food Stamps Child Care

While You Wait for a Hearing Decision for:

Welfare to Work:

You do not have to take part in the activities.

You may receive child care payments for employment and for activities approved by the county before this notice.

If we told you your other supportive services payments will stop, you will not get any more payments, even if you go to your activity.

If we told you we will pay your other supportive services, they will be paid in the amount and in the way we told you in this notice.

- To get those supportive services, you must go to the activity the county told you to attend.
- If the amount of supportive services the county pays while you
 wait for a hearing decision is not enough to allow you to
 participate, you can stop going to the activity.

Cal-Learn:

- You cannot participate in the Cal-Learn Program if we told you we cannot serve you.
- We will only pay for Cal-Learn supportive services for an approved activity.

OTHER INFORMATION

Medi-Cal Managed Care Plan Members: The action on this notice may stop you from getting services from your managed care health plan. You may wish to contact your health plan membership services if you have questions.

Child and/or Medical Support: The local child support agency will help collect support at no cost even if you are not on cash aid. If they now collect support for you, they will keep doing so unless you tell them in writing to stop. They will send you current support money collected but will keep past due money collected that is owed to the county.

Family Planning: Your welfare office will give you information when you ask for it.

Hearing File: If you ask for a hearing, the State Hearing Division will set up a file. You have the right to see this file before your hearing and to get a copy of the county's written position on your case at least two days before the hearing. The state may give your hearing file to the Welfare Department and the U.S. Departments of Health and Human Services and Agriculture. **(W&I Code Sections 10850 and 10950.)**

TO ASK FOR A HEARING:

- Fill out this page.
- Make a copy of the front and back of this page for your records. If you ask, your worker will get you a copy of this page.
- Send or take this page to:

OR

CITY

 Call toll free: 1-800-952-5253 or for hearing or speech impaired who use TDD, 1-800-952-8349.

To Get Help: You can ask about your hearing rights or for a legal aid referral at the toll-free state phone numbers listed above. You may get free legal help at your local legal aid or welfare rights office.

If you do not want to go to the hearing alone, you can bring a friend or someone with you.

HEARING REQUEST

l wa of	ant a hearing	g due to an action b	y the	Welfare Depai County abo	
	Cash Aid	☐ Food Stamps		Medi-Cal	
	Other (list)			.,,	
Her	e's Why: _				
	If you nee	d more space, che	ck he	ere and add a	page.
		state to provide me or friend cannot into			
	My langua	ge or dialect is:			
NAM	E OF PERSON WH	OSE BENEFITS WERE DENIE	D, CHAN	GED OR STOPPED	
BIRT	H DATE			PHONE NUMBI	ER
STRE	ET ADDRESS				
CITY				STATE	ZIP CODE
SIGN	ATURE			DATE	
NAM	E OE BERSON CO	MPLETING THIS FORM		PHONE NUMB	=R
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	hearing.	e person named I give my permis	sion	for this pers	son to see my
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STRE	ET ADDRESS				

STATE

ZIP CODE

APPLYING FOR FOOD STAMP BENEFITS

The Food Stamp Program helps you buy nutritious food for you and your family. This document will tell you more about how the program works and what you need to do in order to apply for benefits.

The county food stamp office wants to get you the help you need. If you have a disability or need help with applying or continuing to receive food stamp benefits, let a county worker know.

The law says that everyone who applies for or receives benefits and services must be treated fairly. Every county has a civil rights coordinator. If you feel you have been discriminated against, contact the civil rights coordinator in your county or call 1-800-952-5253. Look in your application for more information about filing a complaint.

HOW DO LAPPLY?

You can apply for food stamp benefits by completing a food stamp application and returning it to a food stamp office in the county where you live. When you apply for food stamp benefits, you are applying for everyone in the household who buys and prepares food together, but you do not have to apply for people who are ineligible because of their immigrant status.

- If you need food stamp benefits right away because you don't have much money, you may get food stamp benefits within three days of turning in your application. This is called "Expedited Service." Not everyone can get Expedited Service, but it's a good idea to ask.
- After turning in an application, most people will be scheduled for an interview at the food stamp office. If you can't come to the office for your interview, you may be able to have your interview by phone, a worker may be able to come to your home, or other arrangements can be made. You may also authorize someone to go to the office and apply for you.
- During this interview, a county worker will go over the application and ask you more questions to complete the application process. You will need to gather the documents listed on this page and bring them to your interview.
- If you applied for both CalWORKs and food stamp benefits, but were denied CalWORKs, your original food stamp application will still be processed.

CHECKLIST OF THINGS TO BRING TO YOUR INTERVIEW

During your interview, the food stamp worker will need to see certain documents. If you have questions about what to bring, call the food stamp office. If you don't have all of your documents, be sure to go to your interview anyway--your worker may help you get the documents. They will also tell you if there is another way to show proof of the information you give.

Personal Identification

You will need to prove who you are. You can bring a birth certificate, driver's license, school or work I.D., voter registration, Social Security card, a sworn statement from someone who knows you, or an identification form from General Assistance or General Relief. If you have no address, be prepared to tell the worker where you are staying. If you are an immigrant, bring immigration papers for everyone who is applying for food stamp benefits.

Social Security Number

You will need to provide social security numbers for all members of your household who have them. You don't have to bring in the cards, just the numbers. If someone doesn't have a social security number, you need to bring proof (such as a letter from the Social Security office) that you have applied. You do not have to provide social security numbers for people who are not applying because of their immigrant status.

Proof of Your Income

If you have income, you will need to prove how much income you have and where it comes from. For money you earn at a job, you can bring one of the following: your pay stubs, a letter from your employer on company letterhead, your W-2 form, wage tax receipt, state or federal tax return, or self-employment bookkeeping records. For money from benefit programs (like social security, unemployment or workers compensation, or student aid), bring a copy of your benefit check or an official letter describing what you receive.

Proof of Your Assets

If you have bank account, bring a bankbook or current bank statement.

Proof of Your Expenses

Bring rent or mortgage receipts, utility bills, receipts for child or adult care, and receipts for medical expenses for people over 60 or disabled. If you pay court-ordered child support, bring proof of that payment. Proving these expenses may help you get more food stamp benefits.

WHAT YOU'LL BE ASKED AND WHY

During your interview at the county food stamp office, you will be asked a number of questions to determine whether you can get food stamp benefits and the amount of benefits you can get. Your worker is required by state or federal law to ask these questions.

Questions about Immigration Status

You will be asked if members of your household are citizens. If they are not, your worker will ask when they arrived in the United States and for proof of their documentation. If you are a lawful permanent resident (LPR), you are eligible for food stamp benefits, as long as you meet other eligibility rules.

WHAT YOU'LL BE ASKED AND WHY

Please keep in mind that the Food Stamp Program needs this information to determine whether the people in your household are eligible for food stamp benefits. If you are not a citizen or do not have documentation, you can receive food stamp benefits for your children if they are citizens or LPRs.

Questions about Felonies

Your food stamp worker is required to ask you two questions about felonies. First, you will also be asked if anyone in your household is fleeing the law to avoid felony prosecution. Under federal law, fleeing felons are not eligible for benefits. Second, you will be asked if anyone in your household has been convicted of a drug felony that occurred after August 22, 1996. People convicted of a drug felony after August 22, 1996 cannot get food stamp benefits but other members of the household will still be able to receive food stamp benefits.

Question about Fraud

Your food stamp worker is also required to ask if anyone in your household has ever committed welfare fraud. If someone has committed welfare fraud, it doesn't necessarily mean that you won't get food stamp benefits.

Questions about Income

Your ability to get food stamp benefits depends partly on how much money and resources you have. Your county worker will ask you questions about your income to make sure you get the right amount of benefits.

SOME IMPORTANT FOOD STAMP RULES

The Food Stamp Program has a lot of rules, but most of them depend on your specific situation. Here are some of the important ones:

Immigration Status

To get food stamp benefits in California, you must be a U.S. Citizen, a U.S. National, or be someone who is a lawful permanent resident (LPR) of the U.S. If you are an undocumented immigrant, you cannot get food stamp benefits but your children may be able to get benefits if they are citizens or LPRs. Getting food stamp benefits will not affect your immigration status or the status of your family. Immigration information is private and confidential.

Assets and Property

There is a \$2,000 limit on the amount of money that people in your household can have at home, in the bank, or in other places. If someone in your household is at least 60 years old, your household can have up to \$3,000. The value of your house does not count as long as you live in it.

Utilities

Your utility expenses (meaning things like gas, electricity, water, sewer, garbage and telephone expense) may be deducted from your income to help you get more food stamp benefits. When you apply, you may have a choice between using your actual utilities expenses OR using the Standard Utility Allowance (SUA).

The SUA is a single, fixed utility deduction that you may choose if you pay for heating or cooling separate from your rent or mortgage. If you don't have separate heating and cooling costs, you must use your actual utility expenses. The SUA will probably be higher than your actual utility expenses, which means that using the SUA may help you get more food stamp benefits.

Living in the County

All of the food stamp rules are the same from county to county, but you must be living in the county where you apply for benefits. If you move to a different county, you will need to reapply at the office in the new county.

Food Stamp Work Rules

If you are 16 through 59 years old, there are some work rules you may need to meet. You can be excused from the work rules for reasons such as mental or physical health problems that keep you from working, getting unemployment benefits, taking care of a child under age 6, or for other reasons that your worker can explain to you. If you are not excused, then some of the work rules you will need to meet may include keeping appointments, taking a job the county sends you to, not turning down or quitting a job, not reducing the hours you work, looking for work, doing community service, or going to school or training. If you don't meet the work rules, your food stamp benefits can be denied or stopped for one, three or six months.

Food Stamp Work Rule for Adults Without Children

If you are over 17 and under 50 and you are not caring for a minor child, you may also have to meet another work rule. You can be excused from this work rule if you are pregnant, live in the same food stamp household with a minor child, have mental or physical health problems that keep you from working, or for other reasons that your county worker can explain to you. If you are not excused, you must meet the work rule by doing one or more of the following for a total of 20 hours per week: work, school, or training. Or, you must do community service for the number of hours the county tells you.

If you don't meet the work rule for three months during a three year period and you don't have a good reason, your food stamp benefits will stop unless you are excused. You can get food stamp benefits again by meeting the work rule for the number of hours that the county tells you. After that, you might be able to get another three months of food stamp benefits without having to meet the work rule.

SOME IMPORTANT FOOD STAMP RULES (Continued)

If you are self-employed

If you are self-employed, you can either deduct your actual business expenses or use a standard deduction of 40 percent of your gross income. Once you choose a method of figuring your self-employed net income, you can only change this method when you are re-certified for food stamp benefits or every six months, whichever happens sooner.

Reporting

Most households must send a report on their income to the county each month in order to continue getting food stamp benefits. Other households must send in a report only when they have a change in income or household situation.

Households that are receiving transitional food stamp benefits do not have to report.

College, Business or Vocational Students

You can get food stamp benefits if you are a student and you are working, enrolled in an employment and training program, disabled, getting cash assistance, over the age of 50, or the parent of young children.

Amount of food stamp benefits

There is a limit to the number of food stamp benefits you can get each month. This amount is based on the number of people in your household and how much money you have each month after you pay for things like rent, utilities and child care.

If your household gets too many food stamp benefits by mistake, you may have to pay them back--even if it wasn't your fault that it happened.

A note about rules: If you do not understand a rule, please ask your worker to explain it. It's important to understand the rules so you can get as many food stamp benefits as your household is allowed to get.

USING YOUR FOOD STAMP BENEFITS

How do I get my food stamp benefits?

The way you get your food stamp benefits depends on the county where you live. Some counties will mail you coupon books with food stamp coupons in them. In other counties, you will receive a plastic card or authorization form that you will use to pick your food stamp coupons up at a food stamp outlet. Your worker will tell you how to get your food stamp coupon books in your county.

If your authorization form or food stamp coupons are lost, stolen or destroyed, call your worker right away. You may be able to get them replaced.

How do I use my food stamp benefits?

You can use your food stamp benefits to buy almost all foods, as well as seeds and plants to grow your own food. You do not have to pay sales tax on any item you buy with food stamp benefits. Food stamp benefits are accepted at most large grocery stores, as well as some farmers markets, convenience stores and other places that sell groceries.

You **cannot** use food stamp benefits to buy alcohol, tobacco, pet food, some types of already cooked food, or anything that is not food (like toothpaste, soap, or paper towels).

Once you receive your food stamps, sign the food stamp coupon book. This will make it easier to trace if they are lost or stolen. Keep the food stamps in the coupon book until you are ready to pay for your food. Stores will not accept \$5 or \$10 food stamp coupons if they are not together with a coupon book that has the same serial number as the food stamps. Stores will accept loose \$1 food stamps.

What happens if I no longer receive CalWORKs?

If you stop getting CalWORKs, you may still be able to get food stamp benefits. Food stamp benefits can help your family as you make the transition from welfare to work, so be sure to check with your worker about whether you can continue. You may be eligible for transitional food stamp benefits.

FOOD STAMP BENEFITS HOW TO REPORT HOUSEHOLD CHANGES

Everyone who receives food stamp benefits must report when their income or household situation changes. Most households have to report these changes on a quarterly basis. Other households will report changes on the change reporting basis. Your worker will tell you whether you are a quarterly or change reporting household. If you're not sure how to report changes, what changes to report, or what proof we need, be sure to ask your worker.

The following list describes each type of reporting.

QUARTERLY REPORTING

If your worker tells you that you are a quarterly reporting household, you will need to turn in a completed Quarterly Eligibility Report (QR 7) by the 5th day of each 3rd month of the quarter. Your worker will tell you about your quarters.

When you turn in your QR 7, the information will be used to determine the amount of food stamp benefits you can get for the next quarter. For example:

If you turn in a QR 7 in March, you will report what income you had in February. You will also report any income changes you expect to have in April, May and June. If the income from February will stay the same, your cash aid and/or food stamp benefits for April, May and June will be figured using that same income and expenses for each of those months. If your income and expenses will change, your worker will use the new income amounts you will get in April, May and June to figure your cash aid and/or food stamp amount for those months. This is called prospective budgeting.

Quarterly reporting rules say that you must report things at certain times. You will be assigned a "report month" for each quarter. This will be the second month of each quarter. For example, if your quarter is January, February and March, February would be your "report month" and your report would be due by the 5th day of March. The report is always due by the 5th day of the month following your report month and will be considered late if not received by the 11th day of the month. If your QR 7 is late, you will have to pay back any cash aid or food stamps that you received but not supposed to get.

You will have to report all income, changes in the number of people in your household, property bought or sold by people in your household and other information for that report month as well as any changes in your income and expenses that you expect to happen in the next quarter.

If you do not turn in a completed Quarterly Eligibility Status Report (QR 7) by the end of the first working day of the month after the month your report is due, your household's benefits will be stopped.

What you must report on a Quarterly Report:

- · Earned income from any source;
- · Unearned income of any kind;
- · Anyone getting free rent or utilities;
- Anyone who has expenses that are paid by someone else;
- · Reduced hours of work or training;
- Someone moves in/out of your home;
- If you move:
- Any real or personal property bought, sold or exchanged;
- Any change in court-ordered child support paid by a household member;
- Anyone's citizenship/immigration status changes or receives correspondence from the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services (BCIS) (formerly INS);
- Anyone reaches 60 years of age;
- Anyone gets job, training or school payments for expenses;
- Anyone has a job, training or school costs such as for dependent care or supplies;
- Any household member convicted of a drug felony after August 22, 1996;
- Any household member fleeing from the law or in violation of probation.

REPORTING CHANGES DURING THE QUARTER

You must report the following things within (10) ten days of the change even if it is not your report month. You are to report:

- If your address changes.
- If you are an Able Bodied Adult Without Dependents (ABAWD); food stamp recipient and the number of hours they work or are in training drop to less than 20 hours a week or 80 hours in a month.

REPORTING VOLUNTARY CHANGES

You may also report other information voluntarily even when it is not your report month. Reporting information voluntarily may cause your household benefits to go up. The county will take action within (10) ten days after you provide verification. One exception is when the increase results from adding another person to your case. In that situation, the county will take action to increase benefits the first of the month after you provide verification. Even if you have already reported something to the County, you must also report it on your next QR 7.

REPORTING VOLUNTARY CHANGES - Continued

Some examples of voluntary reporting that may cause your benefits to go up include:

- · Loss of income:
- · Member becomes disabled or 60 years old;
- · Member begins to pay court-ordered child support;
- New household member in the home;
- Shelter/housing cost increases;
- Medical expenses.

Reporting voluntary changes will never cause your benefits to go down in the quarter that they are reported. However, some examples of voluntary reporting that may cause your benefits to go down in the next quarter include:

- · Gain or increase of income;
- · Someone with no income moves out of your home;
- Someone in your home who had no income dies;
- · Someone with income moves into your home;
- Shelter cost decrease.

You **MAY** report changes between quarterly reports either by:

 Mail, telephone or in person at the county food stamp office or by turning in a Mid-Quarter Status Report or QR 3.

OTHER CHANGES

There are other circumstances that will require the county to decrease or discontinue your benefits during the quarter in which they happen. Here are the examples:

- A household member is sanctioned:
- Someone in your household receives benefits in another household:
- A California Food Assistance Program status changes.
- An Able Bodied Adult Without Dependents (ABAWD); food stamp recipient and the number of hours they work or are in training drop to less than 20 hours a week or 80 hours in a month.

CHANGE REPORTING

If you are in a change reporting household you will not have to follow Quarterly Reporting rules. Instead, you **MUST** report the following changes within ten days:

- If your household has a change in the source of monthly earned income, or your household's monthly earned income starts, stops, or changes by more than \$100.00
- If your household has a change in the source of monthly unearned income, or your household's monthly unearned income starts, stops, or changes by more than \$50.00.
- · Anyone's source of income changes.
- You move in with someone else or anyone moves into or out of your home, including newborns, other children, spouses, other relatives or non-relatives.
- Anyone moves to another address, plans to move or gets a new mailing address.
- Your household's total cash, stocks, bonds or other money is more than \$2000 (or \$3000 if someone in our household is age 60 or over or disabled).
- If there is a change in the amount of any court ordered child support paid by a member of the household for a child not living in the home.

- If you are an Able Bodied Adult Without Dependents and your work hours drop below 20 hours a week or 80 hours a month.
- Any member of your household who is avoiding or running from the law to avoid felony prosecution, custody or confinement after conviction, or is in violation of probation or parole.
- Any member of your household has committed and been convicted of a drug related felony for possession, use or distribution of a controlled substance(s) that took place after August 22, 1996.

You MAY report when:

- Anyone's physical or mental illness begins or ends.
- Anyone's citizenship, immigration status changes or anyone gets a letter, form or new card from the BCIS (formerly INS).
- You have changes in your dependent care costs.
- Any member who is disabled or age 60 or older has changes in or new medical expenses. If verified, your allotment can be refigured.
- Any member begins to pay court ordered child support for a child not living in the home.

You may report changes either:

- By mail, telephone, or in person at the County Food Stamp Office; or
- By turning in a DFA 377.5 Food Stamp Household Change Report form.

Transitional Food Stamp Benefits

If your household begins receiving transitional food stamp benefits, you do not have to report while receiving these benefits.

If you are receiving transitional food stamp benefits you may reapply to see if you can get more benefits. If you reapply and are approved for regular food stamp benefits, then all normal reporting rules will apply.

NOTICE OF ACTION

COUNTY OF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES AGENCY
CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES

	Notice Date Case Name Number Worker Name Number Telephone	
ADDRESSEE)		
		Questions? Ask your Worker.
		State Hearing: If you think this action is wrong, you can ask for a hearing. The back of this page tells how. Your benefits may not be changed if you ask for a hearing before this action takes place.
As of, the County is stopping your:	Food Star	mps Only:
☐ Cash Aid ☐ Food Stamps	security n	report any new household members and their social umbers. If you have already reported a new member but ocial security number, it must be reported now.
Here's why:		d help in completing the quarterly report, the County will
As of the 11th of this month, the County has not received your quarterly report (QR 7) due this month. TO STOP THIS ACTION, the County must RECEIVE your COMPLETE report no later than the FIRST WORKING DAY OF NEXT MONTH.	help you t	o do so. Please contact the County and ask for help.
The information you give us may change or stop your cash aid.		
YOU MUST RETURN THE QR 7 IF YOU WANT TO CONTINUE TO GET CAIWORKs CASH AID.		
You and your family may still continue to get Medi-Cal if your cash aid stops and: • you have earnings from a job, a business you started or a pay raise. • you have started to receive or had an increase in child/spousal support payments.		
Medi-Cal: This notice DOES NOT change or stop Medi-Cal Benefits. If there is a change in your Medi-Cal benefits, you will receive another notice. Keep using your plastic Benefits Identification Card(s).		
Rules: These rules apply. You may review them at your welfare office - Cash Aid: MPP 40-105.1, 40-181.242, 44-315.8, ; Food		

Stamps: 63-504.3, 63-504.27.

NOTICE OF ACTION

COUNTY OF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES AGENCY
CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES

	Notice Date :	
ADDRESSEE)	 -	
		Questions? Ask your Worker.
		State Hearing: If you think this action is wrong, you can ask for a hearing. The back of this page tells how. Your benefits may not be changed if you ask for a hearing before this action takes place.
As of, the County is stopping your:	☐ Food	d Stamps – Additional Information Needed
☐ Cash Aid		on, you must give the county the following information
☐ Food Stamps		mount of your food stamps can be figured. You must information to the county by the first working day of
Here's why:	next mor	nth. If you were asked for proof of an expense and
The quarterly report (QR 7) that we got from you this quarter is not complete.	do not gi	ot give it, the expense will not be allowed. Also, if you ive the County other information asked for, your food nay be decreased or stopped.
TO STOP THIS ACTION, the County must RECEIVE your COMPLETE report by the FIRST WORKING DAY OF NEXT MONTH. You must send or bring in the following information:	security i	t report any new household members and their socia numbers. If you have already reported a new member neir social security number, it must be reported now.
 Complete the circled items on the enclosed report, and send or bring it to your worker. Send or bring to your worker the following: 		ed help in completing the quarterly report, the County you to do so. Please contact the County and ask fo
The information you give us may change or stop your cash aid.		
YOU MUST RETURN THE ENCLOSED QR 7 IF YOU WANT TO CONTINUE TO GET CalWORKs CASH AID.		
You and your family may still continue to get Medi-Cal if your cash aid stops and:		
 you have earnings from a job, a business you started or a pay raise. you have started to receive or had an increase in child/spousal support payments. 		
Medi-Cal: This notice DOES NOT change or stop Medi-Cal Benefits. If there is a change in your Medi-Cal benefits, you will receive another notice. Keep using your plastic Benefits Identification Card(s).		
Rules: These rules apply. You may review them at your welfare office - Cash Aid: MPP 40-105.1, 40-181.22, 40-181.24,		

44-315.8. Food Stamps: 63-504.3, 63-504.27,

REPORTING CHANGES FOR YOUR CASH AID ASSISTANCE UNIT AND FOOD STAMP HOUSEHOLD

(CASE NAME:
-	CASE NUMBER:
	WORKER:
	WORKER NUMBER:

If you receive Cash Aid, what you MUST report even when it is not your report month.

Anytime your Assistance Unit's (AU's) combined gross monthly income, both earned and unearned, is more than the Income Reporting Threshold (IRT) for your AU size, you must report this information to the County within ten (10) days. You can report this information to the County by calling your worker or reporting it in writing.

Your	ΑU	size	is	your l	IRT	is	\$	
------	----	------	----	--------	-----	----	----	--

The County will let you know each time your IRT changes.

Gross income means the amount of your income <u>before</u> any deductions, such as taxes, Social Security and retirement contributions, overpayment collections, wage garnishments or attachments, etc.

Failure to report when your income is more than the IRT limit for your AU's size may result in your benefits being overpaid. Any overpaid benefits caused by your failure to report <u>MUST</u> be repaid. You may also be subject to fraud charges/penalties if you do not report required information to the County.

How to figure your family's gross income.

Each month, add all of your AU's income both earned and unearned (wages or earnings, salary, disability income, unemployment, public benefits, etc.). If the total is more than the amount shown on this letter, you must report this income to the County. AU's that only have unearned income or that only get Food Stamps will not be required to report income except on the Quarterly Report form.

If you receive Cash Aid, you MUST also report this information even when it is not your report month.

- Anyone in your AU who has been convicted of a drugrelated felony for possession, use or distribution of a controlled substance(s), has become a fleeing felon or is in violation of a condition of probation or parole and you have not already reported it.
- Anytime you have an address change, you must report your new address to the County.

If you receive Food Stamps, you MUST report this information even when it is not your report month.

- If you are an Able Bodied Adult Without Dependents (ABAWD) Food Stamp recipient, you must report anytime the number of hours you work or are in training drop to less than 20 hours a week or 80 hours a month.
- Anytime you have an address change, you must report your new address to the County.

Voluntarily reporting information

You may report changes to the County anytime you think the change will result in your Cash Aid or Food Stamp benefits going up. For example.

- Your income stops or goes down;
- Someone who has income has moved out of your home;
- Someone moves into your home and has no income;
- Your minor child becomes pregnant and is eligible for Cal-Learn services;
- CalWORKs special needs that you or someone in your AU may have such as, pregnancy special needs, a special diet prescribed by a doctor, etc;
- The birth of a child;
- For Food Stamps: Anyone in your household who is disabled or age 60 or older may report new medical costs that are not currently being used to figure your Food Stamp benefits.

At anytime, you can also ask the County to discontinue your entire case or any individual person who leaves the home or is not required to be in the assistance unit. You can also ask the County to stop other benefits, such as: Medi-Cal or Food Stamps. Receiving Medi-Cal and/or Food Stamps only will not count against your Cash Aid time limits.

MID-QUARTER STATUS REPORT

For Cash Aid and Food Stamps

	•
RECIPIENT'S NAME:	CASE NUMBER (IF KNOWN):
Use this form (QR 7/SAWS Q	to report mandatory or voluntary changes that have occurred since your last Quarterly Repor ହR 7).
If you are reporetc.	rting income information, please provide proof, such as, pay stubs; copies of checks; letters from agencies
If you are repor	rting changes in expenses, please provide proof, such as, receipts; canceled checks, paid invoices; etc.
	rting an address change, please provide proof of expenses such as, a copy of your <u>new</u> rental agreement c eipt for your <u>new</u> address; copies of utility deposits; etc.
MANDATORY	INFORMATION
•	Cash Aid, report the information marked CA. if you receive Food Stamps, report the informatio he change of address and voluntary information sections are for all households/assistance units.
CA 🗆	My combined household income is more than the limit for my household size.
	In the month of, the total combined income for my household is \$
CA 🗆	Someone in my household is a convicted drug felon. Name of person Date of felony conviction
CA 🗆	Someone in my household is running from the law to avoid a felony conviction; running from the law, to avoid custody or confinement after a felony conviction; or is in violation of probation or parole. Name of person
CA/FS	I have moved, changed my phone number or have a new mailing address. New home address
	New mailing address (if different from your home address)
	New phone number ()
	 ☐ I receive free rent at this new address. ☐ My rent amount is \$ per month ☐ My utilities are \$ per month.
	See other side

QR 3 (4/03) RECOMMENDED FORM

MANDATORY I	NFORMATION - continued
FS 🗆	Complete this section to report reduced work or training hours for Able-Bodied Adults without Dependents (ABAWDs):
	The number of hours worked or in training dropped below 20 hours a week or 80 hours a month to hours per week or hours per month.
	Name of person(s)
	Relationship to you
	Explain what happened
	Date of change
	NFORMATION (All households/Assistance Units)
I would like to r	eport the following information:

	CERTIFICATION
LUNDEDOTA	CERTIFICATION
status to get o	ND THAT : If on purpose I do not report all facts or give wrong facts about my income, property, or family r keep getting aid or benefits, I can be legally prosecuted. And, I may be charged with committing a felony 400 in cash aid and/or food stamps is wrongly paid out.
	r penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States and the State of California that the facts contained are true and correct and complete.
WHO MUST S BELOW:	For Cash Aid: you, your aided spouse and the other parent (of cash aided children) if living in the home. For Food Stamps: the head of household, household member or the household's authorized representative.
Signature or Ma	Date Signed Home Phone Contact Phone
Signature of Sp Children	ouse or other Parent of Cash Aided Date Signed Signature of Witness to Mark, interpreter or Date Signed other person completing form

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

QUARTERLY ELIGIBILITY/STATUS REPORT



ı	THE DEPOST IS FOR THE MONTH OF	
ı	THIS REPORT IS FOR THE MONTH OF	
ı	Time tier etti in	
ı		
ı		
ı		

FOR CASH AID, FOOD STAMPS, AND STATE CMSP

COMPLETE, SIGN AND RETURN THIS FORM BY THE 5TH OF THE MONTH AFTER THE REPORT MONTH

NEED HELP? CALL YOUR WORKER.

Worker Name:

Worker Phone:

BAR CODE:

Request to St	op Benefits (If you	fill in this part, sign and da	ate the back of th	nis form. Yo					
I ask that my	Cash Aid	☐ Food Stamps ☐	Medi-Cal	State CN	MSP be stoppe	d on the last	day of:MONTH/YEAR		
		Part 1: What h	nappened <i>IN</i> th	ne Report	: Month?				
1. Did anyor	ne get income from ist all income below	n a job or training progra and attach pay stubs or of	m or any other ther proof. (See	source? instruction	s for examples o	f income.)	YES NC		
Who got the income?	Source	Gross amount	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
		Date received	ACC. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10		A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
		No. of hours worked or in training							
Who got the income?	Source	Gross amount	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
		Date received							
		No. of hours worked or in training							
Who got the income?	Source	Gross amount	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
		Date received							
		No. of hours worked or in training							
or attendi	ne pay for the care ing school or traini ist all costs below ar	of a child, disabled persing? nd attach proof.	on or other de	oendent w	hile working, se	eking work,	YES NO		
	n who received care	Cost \$	Name	e of person v	vho received care		Cost \$		
•		Stamps, pay court-order and attach proof of payme		usal supp	ort?		YES NO		
	n who paid support	Cost		Name of person who paid support			Cost		
		\$ 					\$		
	P	Part 2: What has happ	ened <i>SINCE</i> y	our last C	Quarterly Repo	ort?			
	one moved into or o	out of your home, or did	you move in wi	th someor	ne else?		YES NO		
	Full name of persor	n Rela	ationship to you		Explain what hap	pened	Date of change		
	STATE OF THE STATE								
	ne buy, get, sell, traductions for examples	de or give away any prop s of property)	perty?				YES NO		
Who owns or g	ot rid of the property?	Type of	property	Value \$					

6.	a controlled substance(s) or has anyone been avoiding or running from the law to avoid any felony prosecution, custody, or confinement after conviction, or is anyone in violation of probation or parole? If convicted of a drug-related felony, give date of conviction.												
	If Yes, who?												
7.	Have any of the following hap If "YES", list below and attach p Married, divorced or separa Became pregnant, had a ba Became disabled or recove Citizenship or immigration s Started, stopped, or change Student age 16 or older, stransportation, etc. Started or stopped working down, or went out on strike Started or stopped getting For Cash Aid Only: Child	roof. ated? aby, aborted or miscal ared from a disability of status change, or got ed health, dental or lif started or stopped so g, refused a job or tra i? In-Home Supportive S	rried? or major illr a new card fe insurance chool or co aining, nun Services?	ness? d, form or letter from INS te benefits, including MEI ollege. You may claim o nber of hours worked or ted attending school regu	DICARE cove costs of tuitio in training w	on, school		YES	□ NO				
	Name of person(s)	Relationship to you		What happened?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Amou	ınt	Date	of change				
						\$							
						\$							
	Part	3: What changes	do you E	EXPECT in the next the	hree month	ıs?							
8.	Do you expect any changes next three months? If "YES", list below and attach p	-	,		enses).			YES	□ NO				
	Name of person	Source of inco		Why will it change	•	at do you ex for each o	xpect the of the no		mount to be onths? Month 3				
	DDRESS CHANGE Fill i	n this section ONL Y	f if you h	ave moved or have a	new mailing	g address		v Phone					
Nur	mber		City	State		Zip Code	e (()					
NE	W Mailing Address (If different from F	lome Address)	pp-10.0000000000000000000000000000000000				Dat	e Moved					
Nur	mber		City	State		Zip Cod	e						
	your housing or utility costs go up be plain:	ecause of this move?			YES	□ NO		ount					
			CERTI	FICATION									
get Sta	NDERSTAND THAT: If on purporting aid or benefits, I can be legamps, and/or State CMSP is wrongort for Cash Aid, Food Stamps	ally prosecuted. And nigly paid out. I have i	d I may be	charged with committing	g a felony if n	more than	\$400 ir	n Cash	Aid, Food				
l de	U MUST SIGN AND DATE THIS REI eclare under penalty of perjury under d complete for the entire report month	the laws of the United S											
WH	HO MUST SIGN BELOW: For Cash	ı Aid: you, your aided sp	ouse and th	ne other parent (of cash aide	ed children) if l	iving in the	home.						
		·		household member or the h	household's au	thorized rep	resenta	itive.					
		P: you, your spouse, or		acting for the beneficiary.		Tac:	CT DUT	E					
SIG	NATURE OR MARK		DATE SIGN	ED HOME PHONE		(CT PHON	C					
SIG	NATURE OF SPOUSE OR OTHER PARENT OF	CASH AIDED CHILD(REN)	DATE SIGN	COMPLETING FORM) MARK, INTERPRE	ETER OR OTHE	R PERSC	N	DATE SIGNED				
4	>			<u> </u>			diameter constant						

INSTRUCTIONS AND PENALTIES QUARTERLY ELIGIBILITY/STATUS REPORT

For Cash Aid, Food Stamps and State-Run County Medical Services Program (CMSP)

Need Help? Call your worker.

- If you do not send in a complete report including, but not limited to, answering all questions on the QR 7/SAWS QR 7 and attaching proof when we ask for it, your benefits may be delayed, changed, or stopped. Attach a separate sheet of paper if needed.
- Facts you report may result in your benefits going up, down, or be stopped.
- Send in your completed report by the 5th of the month following the report month.

Examples

ı	n	С	o	n	1e
---	---	---	---	---	----

- Wages
- Vacation pay
- Child/spousal support
- Insurance or legal settlements
- Rental income and rental assistance
- Any government benefits
- State Disability Indemnity
- Self-Employment
- Tips
- Interest or dividends
- Strike benefits
- Tax refunds
- Unemployment
- Social Security
- Supplemental Security Income/State Supplementary Payment
 - (SSI/SSP)
- Checking Savings Bonds
- Land
- Homeowners insurance

- Salary
- Income In-Kind, such as earned housing, free housing/utilities/clothing/food
- Gambling/Lottery winnings
- · Cash, gifts, loans, scholarships
- Other private or government disability or retirement
- Workers Compensation
- Veterans or Railroad retirement

Property

- Motor vehicles
- EBT balance
- Home

Housing Costs

- Rent
- Utilities

Expenses

- Medical expenses
- Health insurance premiums
- Child/dependent Care

- Mortgage
- College tuition & supplies
- Mandatory school fees
- Child/spousal support

- Savings
- Life insurance policies
- Trusts
- Property taxes
- Garbage/trash collection fees
- Transportation
- Room & Board
- Housing costs

Penalties

PENALTIES FOR CASH AID FRAUD: If on purpose you do not follow Cash Aid rules, your Cash Aid can be lowered for a period of time and you may be fined up to \$10,000 and/or sent to jail or prison for up to 3 years.

Your Cash Aid can be stopped:

- For not reporting all facts or for giving wrong facts: 6 months for the first offense, 12 months for the second offense, or forever for the third.
- For submitting one or more application to get aid in more than one case for the same time period: 2 years for the first conviction. 4 years for the second, and forever for the third.
- For conviction of felony fraud to get aid: 2 years for theft of amounts under \$2,000; 5 years for amounts of \$2,000 through \$4,999.99; and forever for amounts of \$5,000 or more.
- Forever: for giving the county false proof of residency in order to get aid in two or more counties or states at the same time; giving the county wrong facts for an ineligible child or a child that does not exist; getting more than \$10,000 in cash benefits through fraud; getting a third conviction for fraud in a court of law or an administrative hearing.

PENALTIES FOR FOOD STAMP FRAUD: If on purpose you do not follow Food Stamp rules, your Food Stamps can be stopped for 12 months for the first violation, 24 months for the second, and forever for the third. You may be fined up to \$250,000 and/or sent to jail/prison for 20 years.

- If you are found guilty in any court of law or administrative hearing because:
- You traded or sold Food Stamps for firearms, ammunition, or explosives, your Food Stamps can be stopped forever for the first violation.
- You traded or sold Food Stamps for controlled substances, your Food Stamps can be stopped for 24 months for the first violation and forever for the second.
- You traded or sold Food Stamps that were worth \$500 or more, your Food Stamps can be stopped forever.
- You gave the county false identify or residence information, so you can get Food Stamps in more than one case at the same time, your Food Stamps can be stopped for 10 years.

HOW TO FILL OUT YOUR QR 7 QUARTERLY ELIGIBILITY/STATUS REPORT

For Cash Aid, Food Stamps and State-Run County Medical Services Program (CMSP)

- Save this notice to help you fill out your QR 7 (Quarterly Eligibility/Status Report) if you need help filling out your report, tell your worker.
- If you do not send in a complete report including, but not limited to, answering all questions on the QR 7 and attaching proof when we ask for it, your benefits may be delayed, changed, or stopped. Attach a separate sheet of paper if needed.



- Changes that may affect your eligibility for Cash Aid or Food Stamps that you are required to report, must be reported within 10 days.
- Facts you report may result in your benefits going up, down or being stopped.

INSTRUCTIONS

HOW OFTEN YOU MUST COMPLETE THE QR 7

For Cash Aid and Food Stamps you must turn in a complete QR 7 once every quarter (every three months). The County will tell you when you are supposed to turn in your completed QR 7.

For State-Run County Medical Services Program (CMSP) you must turn in a complete QR 7 only when the County sends you one.

REPORTING FOR PEOPLE WHO ARE LIVING IN YOUR HOME If your family gets Cash Aid (no Food Stamps), report facts for:

- All children-natural, adopted and stepchildren.
- All parents-natural, adoptive and stepparent.
- · Other aided relatives of the child.
- Yourself and your spouse
- Anyone who is temporarily absent from the home.

If your family gets Cash Aid and Food Stamps you must also report facts for:

- · All related adults.
- · Others who buy and prepare food with you.

If your family gets Food Stamps only, you must report facts for:

- All children.
- All related adults
- · Others who buy and prepare food with you.

If you or your family get State-Run CMSP, you must report facts for:

- · Your children-natural, adopted and stepchildren.
- All parents of the children-natural, adoptive and stepparents.
- Yourself and your spouse.

REQUEST TO STOP BENEFITS

- If you ask to have your Cash Aid stopped, your Medi-Cal may also be stopped
 or changed. Your may not be eligible for Medi-Cal or you may have to pay a
 share of cost of it.
- On the QR 7, complete the request to stop benefits section only if you want to stop any of your benefits. Check the benefits you want stopped and sign and date the QR 7. If you only want to stop some of your benefits and keep others, you must fill out the rest of the QR 7.
- You can also request to stop your benefits by calling your worker.

FACTS YOU MUST REPORT FOR EACH QUESTION

Part 1: Questions 1 through 3 are about what happened in the report month. Question number:

Any earnings, training allowances or other money anyone got. Such as wages, vacation pay, cash bonuses, child or spousal support; Social Security; Supplemental Security Income/State Supplementary payment (SSI/SSP); Unemployment/Disability Insurance; worker's compensation; any other type of disability or retirement; lottery winnings; insurance or legal settlements; rental income or assistance; free housing/utilities/clothing/food; or anything else. List the name of the person(s) who got the money, where they got the money from, the number of hours worked or in training, the date the person(s) actually got the money and the gross amount they got (this means the amount before any taxes or deductions). Attach proof such as, check stubs, copies of checks or statements from the employer, award letters from the agency you got the money from, etc. If self-employed, and you want to claim actual expenses, list

- all business expenses on a separate sheet of paper. Attach proof such as, receipts or paid invoices, etc. If you want to figure your business costs by using the standard 40 percent deduction of your verified income, you do not need to list your business expenses.
- If anyone paid for the care of a child, disabled person or other dependent while working, looking for work, or while they were in school or training during the report month, list the name of the child or person who received the care and the amount that was paid. Attach proof of payment.
- If you get Food Stamps and anyone paid court ordered child and/or spousal support, list the name of the person who paid it and the amount they paid. Attach proof of payment.

Part 2: Questions number 4 through 7 are about what has happened since your last quarterly report.

- Anyone who moved into or out of your home or if you moved in with someone else. This includes; newborns; people who are temporarily absent from your home; anyone who died, entered or left a hospital or institution (including a penal institution), etc. List the name of the person who moved in or who you moved in with, their relationship to you, what happened and the date it happened.
- Anyone who bought, got, sold, traded or gave away any of the following types of property, motor vehicles; checking or savings accounts; unused EBT cash balances from a previous month; savings bonds; life insurance policies; a home; land; trust, etc. List who owns the property, what kind of property, and how much the property is worth. Attach proof of how much the property is worth (if available).
- Anyone in your home who has been convicted of a drug-related felony for possession, use or distribution of a controlled substance(s) or who is avoiding or running from the law to avoid felony prosecution, custody or confinement after any felony conviction, or is in violation of probation or parole. List the name of the person and if they were convicted of a drug-related felony, list the date they were convicted. If you have previously reported the information to the County on a past CW 7/SAWS 7 or QR 7, you do not need to report the same information each quarter.
- Other facts that could change your eligibility or the amount of your benefits, like starting or stopping a job, school or training; changes in the number of hours of you or anyone in your home works or is in school or training or if anyone goes on strike; anyone ages 6 through 17 stops or starts attending school regularly; a change in anyone's immigration or citizenship status; if anyone gets married, becomes divorced or separates; becomes disabled or recovers from a disability/major illness. Also give the facts for anyone who starts, stops or has a change in life, dental or health insurance, including MEDICARE coverage or if anyone starts or stops getting In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS).

Part 3: Question number 8 is about things you expect to happen in the next three months (except for housing or utility costs).

Any income or expenses you expect will change in the next three months. Expenses include: Medical expenses for someone who is age 60 or older; health insurance premiums; child/dependent care; college tuition and supplies; mandatory school supplies; child/spousal support; transportation costs for work, seeking work, school or training; room and board; self-employment expenses; etc. List the name of the person whose income or expenses will change, the source of the income or the expenses that will change, why it will change and the total gross amount of income or the expenses for each of the three months.

ADDRESS CHANGE

Give us the facts about any changes in your address or phone number. If you are getting Food Stamps you may be asked to give proof of new housing costs like rent and utilities. If your housing costs increased because of the move be sure to list the new amounts.

WHO MUST SIGN THE QR 7

- For Cash Aid: You and your aided spouse or other parent of the aided child(ren) if they live in your home.
- For Food Stamps: The head of household, an adult household member or the household's Authorized Representative.
- For STATE CMSP: The applicant, applicant's spouse or the person acting for the beneficiary.
- And: Any other person who fills out the report, an interpreter or the witness to your mark.

WHAT WE MEAN WHEN WE SAY

AVOIDING OR RUNNING FROM THE LAW TO AVOID PROSECUTION, CUSTODY OR CONFINEMENT: A person is considered avoiding or running from the law if an arrest warrant has been issued and the person knew or should have known from the facts that the law was looking for them.

CASH AID: CalWORKs (California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids) and Refugee Cash Assistance.

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE: Any drug whose availability is restricted by federal or state law, including but not limited to, narcotics, stimulants, depressants, hallucinogens and marijuana.

COMPLETE QR 7: A QR 7 is "complete" only when:

- All of the YES/NO questions are answered, and
- all of the information is filled in, and
- all of the proof is attached when the form asks for it, and
- all of the required signatures are on the form, and
- the form is signed and dated after the last day of the report month.

COURT ORDERED CHILD SUPPORT: The payment a legal document or court of law says you must make to a person for a child who is not in your home. Include payments made by a stepparent.

GROSS AMOUNT: The amount of your paycheck before deductions are taken out for taxes, social security, etc.

IN VIOLATION OF PROBATION OR PAROLE: Probation or parole was revoked or an arrest warrant was issued. The original crime for which probation or parole was ordered could be for a felony or misdemeanor.

REPORT MONTH: The month shown at the top right corner of the QR 7.

STATE CSMP: Medically necessary benefits for eligible adults who are not eligible for Medi-Cal and who live in some rural counties.

CERTIFICATION SECTION

- You must sign the QR 7 "under penalty of perjury." This
 means that you swear under oath that the facts you give us
 are true, correct and complete.
- Perjury and fraud are crimes punishable by law.

PENALTIES FOR CASH AID WELFARE FRAUD: If on purpose you do not follow Cash Aid rules, your Cash Aid can be lowered for a period of time and you may be fined up to \$10,000 and/or sent to jail or prison for up to 3 years.

Your Cash Aid can be stopped:

- For not reporting all facts or for giving wrong facts: 6 months for the first offense, 12 months for the second offense, or forever for the third.
- For submitting one or more application to get aid in more than one case for the same time period: 2 years for the first conviction, 4 years for the second, and forever for the third.
- For conviction of felony fraud to get aid: 2 years for theft of amounts under \$2,000; 5 years for amounts of \$2,000 through \$4,999.00; and forever for amounts of \$5,000 or more.

Forever: for giving the county false proof of residency in order to get aid in two or more counties or states at the same time; giving the county wrong facts for an ineligible child or a child that does not exist; getting more than \$10,000 in cash benefits through fraud; getting a third conviction for fraud in a court of law or an administrative hearing.

PENALTIES FOR FOOD STAMP FRAUD: If on purpose you do not follow Food Stamp rules, your Food Stamps can be stopped for 12 months for the first violation, 24 months for the second, and forever for the third. You may be fined up to \$250,000 and/or sent to jail/prison for 20 years.

- If you are found guilty in any court of law or administrative hearing because:
- you traded or sold Food Stamps for firearms, ammunition, or explosives, your Food Stamps can be stopped forever for the first violation.
- You traded or sold Food Stamps for controlled substances, your Food Stamps can be stopped for 24 months for the first violation and forever for the second.
- You traded or sold Food Stamps that were worth \$500 or more, your Food Stamps can be stopped forever.
- You gave the county false identify or residence information, so you can get Food Stamps in more than one case at the same time, your Food Stamps can be stopped for 10 years.

DO NOT FORGET:

- If your report is late, not complete or not turned in, your benefits may be late, changed or stopped.
- If your report is not complete when you turn it in, you will be asked to complete it again.
- If you sign and date your report before the last day of the report month, you will be asked to sign and date it again.
- If you are not sure how to report, what to report or what proof you need to send in, ask your worker.
- If your Cash Aid stops, you may still be eligible for Food Stamp benefits even if you are now employed.
- If your Cash Aid stops, you may still be eligible for nocost or low-cost health coverage under Medi-Cal.

SPONSORED NONCITIZENS APPLYING FOR OR RECEIVING CASH AID AND/OR FOOD STAMPS

Important Information For <u>Noncitizens</u> Sponsored By Individuals

As a noncitizen who is sponsored by an individual(s), you must meet special conditions to receive Cash Aid and/or Food Stamps.

The Special Conditions Are:

- Your sponsor's income and resources will have to be reviewed for you to receive benefits. Your sponsor must provide information on the attached form. Both you and your sponsor must sign this form.
- If your application is approved, you and your sponsor will have to complete quarterly income and resource reports for Cash Aid and Food Stamp benefits. If your sponsor does not provide this information, your benefits may be changed or stopped. Family members who are not sponsored and are otherwise eligible can get and continue to get their benefits.
- You are the person responsible for getting all the information requested to the county welfare department for both you and your sponsor.

Important Information For Sponsors

The noncitizen you sponsor has applied for Cash Aid and/or Food Stamps. If you completed an affidavit of support, State regulations require the county welfare department to evaluate your income, resources, and property in deciding whether or not the noncitizen applicant can get benefits. Sponsorship is normally for an indefinite period of time. This form must be completed and signed by you under penalty of perjury. If you are living with your spouse or your spouse has signed an affidavit of support, your spouse's income, resources, and property are also counted.

If the noncitizen's application for Cash Aid is approved, each quarter you will have to report your income, resources, and property on the Sponsor's Quarterly Income and Resources Report (QR 72). The noncitizen will provide you with the report form. Your report must be completed and returned to the noncitizen immediately to ensure the noncitizen's continued eligibility. Each quarter, resources and a portion of your income will be used to determine the noncitizen's continued eligibility and benefits.

If the noncitizen receives benefits to which he or she is not entitled because you failed to accurately report information, you and/or the noncitizen may have to repay these benefits.

COUNTY USE ONLY

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT OF FACTS **INCOME AND RESOURCES**

(Supplemental Application NSTRUCTIONS: PLEASE AND YOUR SPOUSE (IF LIV AND RETURN IT TO THE NO Noncitizen Name an	ANSWER THE FO ING TOGETHER (ONCITIZEN IMMEI	OLLOWING QU OR IF SPOUSI	JESTION	S FOR YOURSE GNED AN AFFID -	LF AVIT OF SUI	PPORT)	CASE NAME: CASE NO: WORKER NO:
				_			
Proof may be needed to verif	y answers to the fo	ollowing question	ons. Atta	ch proof when the	e form asks fo	or it.	
YOUR NAME (FIRST, MIDDLE, LAS	3T)				TELEPHONE N	UMBER	
HOME ADDRESS (NUMBER, STREET, CI	TY, STATE, ZIP CODE)						
MAILING ADDRESS (IF DIFFERENT THAI	N HOME ADDRESS)						
2) YOUR SPOUSE'S NAME (IF LIVING SUPPORT) (FIRST, MIDDLE, LAST	TOGETHER OR SIGNED	AN AFFIDAVIT OF		SOR'S SPOUSE SIGNED OF SUPPORT?	OAN Yes	☐ No	
3) Do you or your spouse get	assistance such as:	California Work	COpportun	ity and Responsibil			VERIFIED:
Food Stamps, or Suppleme	ental Security Income				Yes	□ No	☐ Letter on File
Case Name	Date of Birth	Type of Ass	istance	County	S	tate	☐ Verbal Communication☐ Other:
If both you and your spouse ge section on Page 3 and return the	e form. For all others,	go to Question	(4).		omplete only the	e Certification	- Cutor
A. Have you or your spous If Yes, complete below	se sponsored any oth using the I-864, I-864	ner noncitizen's e 4A or the I-134:	entry into th	ne United States?	☐ Yes	☐ No	VERIFIED: ☐ Affidavit of Support
Noncitizen Name		Non	citizen Ado	Iress	Date of Adr	mission to U.S	1 0111110
							☐ I-864
B. Are any of the noncitize such as: CalWORKs, F	ood Stamps or SSI?		f assistanc	е	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ I-864A ☐ I-134 ☐ Other:
Type of Assistance	Date Fi	rst Applied		County		State	4
							□ Verified □ Verified
Do you or your spouse has as dependents for federal If Yes, complete below:	ve other persons who income tax purposes	o are claimed or ?	could be cl	aimed	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ IRS Form 1040 Reviewed
	Name of Pe	erson(s)		CALLANDA CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF T		s Person ith Sponsor	
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CERTIFICATION

- I understand that if on purpose I don't give the right facts or all the facts for the CalWORKs, Food Stamp or cash-based Medi-Cal Programs, I can be punished and I can be legally accused of the crime of fraud. If I am found guilty of committing fraud, I can be fined up to \$10,000 for CalWORKs and \$250,000 for Food Stamps. And, I can go to jail/prison for up to 5 years for CalWORKs and 20 years for Food Stamps. In the CalWORKs and Food Stamp Programs, my benefits can be stopped for 6 months, 12 months, 2 years, 4 years, 5 years, 10 years or forever.
- I understand that the information provided on this form may be verified by local, state and federal agencies.
- I understand that the noncitizen's case, including my statement, may be selected for an additional review to ensure that the noncitizen's eligibility was determined correctly.
- I understand that I may be required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because of incorrectly or incompletely reported information.
- If the noncitizen is applying for Cash Aid, both you and your spouse must sign the form. If the noncitizen is applying for Food Stamps only, either you or your spouse must sign the form.

SPONSOR'S CERTIFICATION:

- I understand that the term for Sponsorship is normally an indefinite period of time.
- I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America and the State of California that the above information stoined on this statement of facts is true, correct, and complete

contained on this statement of facts is true, correct, and complete.	
outlined of the outline outline of the outline of the outline of the outline outli	DATE
SPONSOR'S SIGNATURE OR MARK	
SPONSOR'S SPOUSE'S SIGNATURE OR MARK (IF LIVING WITH SPOUSE OR HAS SIGNED AN AFFIDAVIT OF SUPPORT)	DATE
SIGNATURE OF WITNESS TO MARK, INTERPRETER, OR OTHER PERSON COMPLETING FORM	DATE

• If the noncitizen is applying for Cash Aid, the noncitizen must sign this form. If the noncitizen is applying for Food Stamps only, the form must be signed by the noncitizen, the head of household, a household member, or an authorized representative.

NONCITIZEN'S CERTIFICATION:

• I have reviewed this signed and completed form from my sponsor(s). I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America and the State of California that it is true, correct, and complete to the best of my knowledge.

of America and the State of Gamornia that it is true, some of	
NONCITIZEN'S OR DECLARANT'S SIGNATURE OR MARK	DATE
SIGNATURE OF WITNESS TO MARK, INTERPRETER, OR OTHER PERSON COMPLETING FORM	DATE

COUNTY USE ONLY Food Stamp Sponsor/Sponsor's Spouse CalWORKs Evaluation of Sponsor/Sponsor's Spouse Computation Sponsor/Sponsor's Spouse Income Computation Real/Personal Property Resources VALUE ITEMS A. Earned Income A. Earned Income B. Less 20% B. Unearned Income Unearned Income C. Subtotal D. Gross Income Deduction for Sponsor's household size D. Total number of sponsored R Total noncitizens applying for/receiving CW FS CalWORKs E. Subtotal C. Less: Food Stamp Х \$1500 Deduction (\$1500) F. Total number of sponsored E. Divide C by D noncitizens replace applying D. Equals Subtotal for/receiving Food Stamps F. Subtotal F Total number of sponsored G. Divide E by F noncitizens applying G. Number of sponsored noncitizens for/receiving CW/FS in this AU H. Total F. Divide D by E H. Multiply E by F G. Total Amount in H to be deemed income for each sponsored noncitizen. Amount in G to be included in each noncitizen's property Amount in I to be deemed income for entire AU.

E. W. SIGNATURE	E. W. SUPERVISOR	DATE

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES STATE OF CALIFORNIA - HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES AGENCY SPONSOR'S QUARTERLY INCOME AND RESOURCES REPORT THIS REPORT IS FOR THE MONTH OF GIVE THIS TO YOUR SPONSOR COMPLETE, SIGN, DATE AND RETURN THIS FORM AFTER CASE NUMBER SPONSOR'S INSTRUCTIONS You and your spouse (if living together or if spouse has signed an affidavit of support) must complete and sign this report and return it immediately to the noncitizen you sponsor. The noncitizen must complete, sign and date the form and, give it to sponsor by the 5th of the month. If a complete report, including verification, is not received by the 11th of the month, the noncitizen's Cash Aid may be delayed, lowered, or stopped. Call the county if you need help completing this form. Noncitizen's Name and Address WORKER: PHONE: Sponsor's Name (First, Middle, Last) 1 Answer the following questions for your spouse if she/he is living with you OR has signed an affidavit of support. Sponsor's Spouse's Name (If Living Together) (First, Middle, Last) Has sponsor's spouse signed an ☐ YES NO affidavit of support? During the report month did you and/or your spouse receive income, money or benefits, such as: earnings, YES NO training payments, earned income tax credit, strike benefits, social security, railroad retirement, unemployment or disability insurance, interest, worker's compensation, SSI/SSP, child/spousal support, loans, grants, tax refund, cash gifts, free housing/utilities, etc.? If YES, list who received income, employer's name or other source of income, gross amount before deductions, and actual date received. Attach paystubs or other proof of earnings for the report month. Attach proof of any other income only when it starts and when it changes. If self-employed, list business expenses on a separate sheet of paper and attach proof of income and expenses. AMOUNT AMOUNT AMOUNT SOURCE AMOUNT AMOUNT NAME DATE RECEIVED DATE RECEIVED DATE RECEIVED DATE RECEIVED DATE RECEIVED AMOUNT AMOUNT AMOUNT AMOUNT SOURCE AMOUNT NAME DATE RECEIVED DATE RECEIVED DATE RECEIVED DATE RECEIVED DATE RECEIVED Do you and/or your spouse receive Cash Aid, such as California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to NO YES Kids (CalWORKs) or Supplemental Security Income (SSI)? If YES, complete below. STATE COUNTY TYPE OF CASH AID DATE OF BIRTH CASE NAME If both you and your spouse (who is living with you) receive Cash Aid, skip to Question 10 and complete the Certification Section. Since your last quarterly report or application, did you or your spouse have any changes in personal and/or YES ☐ NO real property, such as: Receive, buy, sell or give away a motor vehicle, camper, boat, land or house, etc.? If YES, explain the type of change, date of change and the amount, if applicable.

6	Did you or you	ur spouse have a checking lete below.	, savings or credit ι	ınion	account at the e	nd of the report month?		YES		NO
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COUNTY USE ONLY

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DOES PER	SON LIVE	DATE OF CHANGE		AIN WHAT CHANG	GED	
☐ YES	□ NO				According to the second	
_ YES	□ №					
are not living	g with you o	nge in payments m or your spouse? If	ade to persons who a YES, explain what ch	re claimed as nanged, list the	☐ YES	□ NO
application, di	id you or y	our spouse pay an \$	y court-ordered suppo	ort?	YES	□ NO
ve any other t you sponso	r information	on to report such will receive Cas	n Aid, recent or expe	ected changes in	☐ YES	□ NO
	C	ERTIFICATION SI	ECTION			
eport informat th. required to	tion or mis	representation of f	acts for Cash Aid car	e of incorrectly or	incomplet	ely reported
Cijury undor				- [
					5/112	
TOGETHER OR SIGN	NED AN AFFIDA	VIT OF SUPPORT)			DATE	
ER, OR OTHER PER	SON COMPLETI	NG FORM		A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	DATE	
and complete t of my knowle R MARK	edge, the i	nformation contain). I declare under per led in this report is true	nalty of perjury und e and correct and i	der the law is complete	s of the State
						033341 033 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03
				T		
	Sponsor/			Income	e Computat	ion
VALUE	B. Unea	rned Income otal	\$ + =	B. Less 20% C. Unearned Inc D. Gross Income for sponsor's	come +	
FS \$1500	nonci CalW	tizens applying for/re ORKs	ceiving ÷	E. Subtotal F. Total number		ed .
φ1300	F. Subto	otal	=	1		
			IOIIIZEI 15	G. Divide E by F	:	
					•	
		ply E by F	x	H. Total Amount in H to be	=	
	DOES PER WITH SPO YES OF YES OF THE PER	DOES PERSON LIVE WITH SPONSOR? YES NO YES NO Ort, was there any charare not living with you ount paid and who paid: application, did you or yaid and attach receipts: In any other information and if it is expected to be any other information or mist the required to repay an	DOES PERSON LIVE DATE OF CHANGE YES NO Ort, was there any change in payments mare not living with you or your spouse? If you spouse pay an ide and attach receipts: \$ We any other information to report such tyou sponsor and who will receive Case and if it is expected to be temporary or personal information or misrepresentation of the information or misrepresentation of it. Perjury under the laws of the State of Cale information or misrepresentation of the information or misrepresentation of it. Perjury under the laws of the State of Cale information or misrepresentation of it. Person other person completing form No and completed report from my sponsor(set of my knowledge, the information contains it is mark. Per, or other person completing form COUNTY USE: "Is Spouse Sponsor/Sponsor's Spouse of the information contains in the information con	DUES PERSON LIVE DATE OF WITH SPONSOR? CHANGE EXPLA YES NO ONT, was there any change in payments made to persons who a are not living with you or your spouse? If YES, explain what of unt paid and who paid: Application, did you or your spouse pay any court-ordered support and attach receipts: \$ To early other information to report such as: a new address, to you sponsor and who will receive Cash Aid, recent or explain and if it is expected to be temporary or permanent, and give the component information or misrepresentation of facts for Cash Aid care the required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because the required to repay any benefits which are overpaid to required to repay any court-ordered support of the receive the repay and the receive the receive the receive the receive the rec	DOES PERSON LIVE WITH SPONSOR? YES NO ORT, was there any change in payments made to persons who are claimed as are not living with you or your spouse? If YES, explain what changed, list the unit paid and who paid: application, did you or your spouse pay any court-ordered support? It and attach receipts: \$ we any other information to report such as: a new address, a change in the trous your spouse pay any court-ordered support? It is expected to be temporary or permanent, and give the date of changes in and if it is expected to be temporary or permanent, and give the date of change. CERTIFICATION SECTION It is ponsorship is normally an indefinite period of time. Seport information or misrepresentation of facts for Cash Aid can result in legal profunction. The profunction of the seport information contained in the information contained in the laws of the State of California that the information contained in the required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because of incorrectly or required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because of incorrectly or required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because of incorrectly or required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because of incorrectly or required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because of incorrectly or required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because of incorrectly or required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because of incorrectly or required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because of incorrectly or required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because of incorrectly or required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because of incorrectly or required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because of incorrectly or required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because of incorrectly or required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because of incorrectly or required to repay any benefits which are overpaid because of incorrectly or required to repay any benefits which are overpaid bec	DISPERSON LIVE CHANGE EXPLAIN WHAT CHANGED YES

FO	OD STAMP BUDGET WORK	SHEET								
CASE N	AME	COMPANION CAS	SE REFERENCE CA	SE NUMBER		**************************************	CLASSIFICA	TION PA	MIVED [TEC
		CUANCE DEDOC	T 0	₹ 7				ER REPORT	MINED L	
CERTIFI	EDOM TUDOLICH	CHANGE REPOR					WID-QUART	EK KEFOKI		
	1 -INCOME FOR CHANGE REPORTING	1			TING (QF	R) HOUSEHO				
	ONEXEMPT GROSS EARNED INCOME		oss	SELF		TRAINING				
		SALARY	/WAGES E	MPLOYN		ALLOWANCI				
	Month 1/Year/	\$				\$				
	Month 2/Year/_					\$				
	Month 3/Year/	\$	<u> </u>		MARIE TRANSPORTE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE T	Ď				
	Total Gross Earned Income (A1 + A2+ A3)								\$	
	QR Averaged Gross Earned Income (A4 ÷ numb	er of months)	SOCIAL	CUII D/C	DOLLENI SC	HOLARSHIPS,		Total	\$	(A5
B. NO	ONEXEMPT GROSS UNEARNED INCOME	CASH AID	SECURITY, UIB, DIB, PENSIONS	SUPF		RANTS, LOANS	OTHER			
		5	\$	\$	\$_	\$				
		5	\$			<u>\$</u>				
	World 5/ leaf	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			_	
	Total Gross Unearned Income (B1 + B2 + B3)		,					Total		(B4
	QR Averaged Gross Unearned Income (B4 ÷ nu							Total	\$	(B5
	「2 - GROSS INCOME TEST FOR CR AN	D QR REPO	ORTING HOUS	EHOLD	<u>S</u>					
	ROSS INCOME TEST Maximum Gross Income allowed for Household									
	Size of (from table)	\$	W							
2. 3.	Total Gross Income (A4 + B4) or (A5 + B5) = Gross Income Eligible? (Is C2 less than or equal	to C1?)		YES	□ NO			Total	\$	(C3
PAR1	T 3 - NET INCOME									
	ONEXEMPT GROSS INCOME		Ф			D	OCUME	NTATION		
	Gross Earned Income (A4 or A5) Adjusted Gross Earned Income (80% of D1)		\$							
	Total Gross Unearned Income (B4 or B5) Nonexempt Gross Income (D2 + D3)		\$							
	(CESS MEDICAL EXPENSES (Special Medical)		Ψ			Weekly \$				
1.	Expected Recurring Expenses (Occurring during the entire certification period). Include recurring	\$					(Stable	income)		
_	averaged expenses.					Biweekly \$	x 2	167 = \$		
2.	Limited Period Expenses (Occurring during only a portion of the certification period). Include limit	\$ ed	(1)		1	Δι ν οοκί , ψ		income)		
2	averaged expenses. Total Allowable Expenses (E1 + E2)		¢				,	,		
4.	Less Medical Expense Allowance (\$35)		\$							
	Excess Medical Expenses (E3 - E4)	ELECC	\$							
	'ANDARD, DEPENDENT CARE, MEDICAL, HOM HELTER AND CHILD SUPPORT DEDUCTIONS							QTR AVG	MID QTR	(AVG
	Standard Deduction Dependent Care	\$				Dependent Car	e			
	Child(ren) Under Two	\$				Child Support				
	Other Dependents & Child(ren) 2 and Over Total Dependent Care Deductions	\$				Medical Expens	se	***************************************		
	Homeless Shelter Deduction Child Support Deduction		\$							
٦.	Total Legally Obligated Child Support Paid									
5.	Out by Household Excess Medical Expenses (E5)		\$ \$							
6.	Total Deductions (F1 + F2 + F3 + F4 + F5)		\$							
	DJUSTED NET INCOME Nonexempt Gross Income (D4)	\$				Utilities				
2.	Total Deductions (F6)	\$			and a second	Actual (Averaged	over cert. pe	riod)	
	Adjusted Net Income (D4 - F6) or (G1 - G2)		\$			SUA	_		·	
	HELTER DEDUCTION Total Housing Costs	\$								
2. 3	Total Utility costs (Actual or SUA) Total Shelter costs	\$ \$	4.							
4.	Allowable Shelter costs (50% of G3)	\$								
	Excess Shelter costs (H3 - H4) Maximum Allowance For Shelter	\$ \$				Housing				
7.	Allowable Shelter Deduction (Lesser of H5 or H6)	\$							
	ET MONTHLY INCOME (G3 - H7)		\$							
	ET INCOME TEST Household Size									
	Maximum Net Income Allowable (from table)	\$ YES	S L NO							
***************************************	Net Income eligible	ALLOTMEN			SUPPLEMEN	T				
PAR'	T 4 - BENEFITS	,						E.W. Initia	als/Date	

		PAYM	ENT QUARTER	PA	YMENT QUARTE	R
K. RESOURCE ELIGIBILITY (Nonexe	mpt Resources Only)					
 Quarter/Month's Resources 		\$		\$ _		
2. Additional Resources (specify)						
a						
b				-		
			Ф	_	\$	
3. Subtotal (K1 + K2a + K2b + K2c)			\$		Φ	
4. Resources Sold, Traded or Given A		\$		\$		
a		Ψ		ΙΨ -		
b C.				_		
5. Subtotal (K4a + K4b + K4c)			\$		\$	
6. Current Resources (K3 - K5)			\$		\$	
7. Resource Eligible?		Yes	□ No	Yes	□ No	
			ENT QUARTER			
PART 5-INCOME COMPUTATIONS SELF-EMPLOYMENT (Nonexempt	Descurees Only)	PATIVI	ENI QUARTER	PA	YMENT QUARTE	:K
Setr-EMPLOTMENT (Nonexempt Resident of the set		\$		\$		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Ψ		-		
	(Verification Required)	\$		\$		
3. Total Nonexempt Income from Self-		Ψ	\$	ΙΨ -	\$	
If averaging self-employment incom			·		T	
a previous average, continue to L4.						
4. Adjustment to Gross Income		\$ \$		\$ -		
Adjustment to Expenses		\$		\$ _		
6. Adjusted Self-Employment Income			\$		\$	
7. Monthly Self-Employment Income (L3 or L6 ÷ number of		•		•	
months income covers)			\$		<u> </u>	
M. EDUCATIONAL GRANTS, SCHO	LARSHIPS AND	PAYM	ENT QUARTER	R PA	YMENT QUARTE	R
LOANS						
1. Income from Grants, Scholarships	or Loane	\$		\$		
Tructine from Grants, Scholarships Tuition and Mandatory Fees	or Loans	\$		\$		
•	(NAA NAO)	Ψ	\$	-	\$	
3. Total Nonexempt Educational Incor					\$	
4. Monthly Income from Grants, Scho			\$		Ψ	
(M3÷ number of months income co						
PART 6-REPORTED CHANGES (Ot	ner than the QR / or DF	A 377.5)				
Type of Change						
Date Change						
Occurred						
Date Change						
Reported						
EW Initials						

FOOD STAMP		CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES
NOTICE OF APPROVAL	Notice Date : Case	
NOTICE OF AFFROVAL	Name :	
	Number : Worker Name :	
	_	
	Telephone:	
	Address :	
	_	
(ADDRESSEE)	Que	estions? Ask your Worker.
	Sta	te Hearing: If you think this action is wrong, you can
		ask for a hearing. The back of this page tells how. Your benefits may not be
•		changed if you ask for a hearing before
		this action takes place.
☐ YOUR APPLICATION FOR FOOD STAMP BENEFI	TS HAS BEEN APPR	OVED. Your certification covers the period
from through		
We used the facts you gave us to figure your benefits. If nothing	g changes you will get:	
\$ for for	people.	
\$ for for	people.	
\$ for for	people.	
Your food stamp eligibility starts the same day as your	cash aid.	
☐ Your first month's benefits include more than one month	th's benefits because of t	he date your application was approved.
☐ Your first month's benefits were prorated from the date	you filed your application	٦.
☐ BECAUSE YOU NEEDED FOOD STAMPS RIGHT AWAY,	, we did not require you to	give us the following verification:
	an value found atomin of	igibility will stop. You will not get another notice. If
You must give us this verification beforethe verification you send changes your eligibility or benefits, we	or your lood stamp elements will make the change.	You will not get an advance notice before we take
this action.	J J	, and the second
IENOU ALOO ADDITED FOR CARL AID and the protect b	an approved your food	stamp hanafits may be lowered as stanged without
IF YOU ALSO APPLIED FOR CASH AID , and it has not yet be another notice if your cash aid is approved.	een approved, your lood	Stamp benefits may be lowered or stopped without
another house it your cast are respectively.		
COMMENTS:		
Rules: These rules apply: You may review them at your welfare office.		

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES

YOUR HEARING RIGHTS

You have the right to ask for a hearing if you disagree with any county action. You have only 90 days to ask for a hearing. The 90 days started the day after the county gave or mailed you this notice.

If you ask for a hearing <u>before</u> an action on Cash Aid, Medi-Cal, Food Stamps, or Child Care takes place:

- Your Cash Aid or Medi-Cal will stay the same while you wait for a hearing.
- Your Child Care Services may stay the same while you wait for a hearing.
- Your Food Stamps will stay the same until the hearing or the end of your certification period, whichever is earlier.

If the hearing decision says we are right, you will owe us for any extra Cash Aid, Food Stamps or Child Care Services you got. To let us lower or stop your benefits before the hearing, check below: Yes, lower or stop:

Cash Aid Food Stamps Child Care

While You Wait for a Hearing Decision for:

Welfare to Work:

You do not have to take part in the activities.

You may receive child care payments for employment and for activities approved by the county before this notice.

If we told you your other supportive services payments will stop, you will not get any more payments, even if you go to your activity.

If we told you we will pay your other supportive services, they will be paid in the amount and in the way we told you in this notice.

- To get those supportive services, you must go to the activity the county told you to attend.
- If the amount of supportive services the county pays while you
 wait for a hearing decision is not enough to allow you to
 participate, you can stop going to the activity.

Cal-Learn:

- You cannot participate in the Cal-Learn Program if we told you we cannot serve you.
- We will only pay for Cal-Learn supportive services for an approved activity.

OTHER INFORMATION

Medi-Cal Managed Care Plan Members: The action on this notice may stop you from getting services from your managed care health plan. You may wish to contact your health plan membership services if you have questions.

Child and/or Medical Support: The local child support agency will help collect support at no cost even if you are not on cash aid. If they now collect support for you, they will keep doing so unless you tell them in writing to stop. They will send you current support money collected but will keep past due money collected that is owed to the county.

Family Planning: Your welfare office will give you information when you ask for it.

Hearing File: If you ask for a hearing, the State Hearing Division will set up a file. You have the right to see this file before your hearing and to get a copy of the county's written position on your case at least two days before the hearing. The state may give your hearing file to the Welfare Department and the U.S. Departments of Health and Human Services and Agriculture. **(W&I Code Sections 10850 and 10950.)**

10 AUR 1 OR A HEARING

- Fill out this page.
 - Make a copy of the front and back of this page for your records. If you ask, your worker will get you a copy of this page.
- · Send or take this page to:

OR

• Call toll free: 1-800-952-5253 or for hearing or speech impaired who use TDD, 1-800-952-8349.

To Get Help: You can ask about your hearing rights or for a legal aid referral at the toll-free state phone numbers listed above. You may get free legal help at your local legal aid or welfare rights office.

If you do not want to go to the hearing alone, you can bring a friend or someone with you.

HEARING REQUEST

I wa	ant a hearing due to an action by	y the	Welfare Dep County at	artment cout my:
	Cash Aid Food Stamps		Medi-Cal	
	Other (list)			
Her	e's Why:			
	If you need more space, che	ck h	ere and add	a page.
	I need the state to provide me (A relative or friend cannot into			
	My language or dialect is:			
NAM	E OF PERSON WHOSE BENEFITS WERE DENIE	D, CHA	NGED OR STOPPED	
BIRT	H DATE		PHONE NUM	MBER
STR	EET ADDRESS			
CITY			STATE	ZIP CODE
SIGN	NATURE		DATE	
NAM	IE OF PERSON COMPLETING THIS FORM		PHONE NUM	MBER
	I want the person named hearing. I give my permis records or go to the hearin friend or relative but cannot	ssio g fo	n for this pe r me. (This	erson to see my person <u>can be</u> a
NAM	ΛE		PHONE NUI	MBER
STR	EET ADDRESS			
CIT	Y		STATE	ZIP CODE

FOOD STAMP NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF CERTIFICATION

If you have any questions or want more information about this action, please contact your worker.

•	Case Name : Case Number : District :
	Worker : Phone : Date of Notice :
1.	Your current food stamp certification period will end on:
	Your application for recertification is being processed.
2.	If you want to continue receiving food stamp benefits after the end of your current certification period, without a break in benefits, you must:
	Submit your complete Quarterly Report (QR 7) so it is received no later than, fill out the attached application and
	submit it to the county welfare department by no later than your recertification interview (see 3 below). Submit your complete Quarterly Report (QR 7) so it is received no later than
	Fill out and submit an application so it is received by the county welfare department no later than
3.	To be sure your application for recertification is processed promptly, you must:
	Appear for an interview on: at:
	Control of the contro
	You may bring your completed Quarterly or Change Report (QR 7/DFA 377.5) to your recertification interview if you wish.
	Call for an interview appointment. Mail/bring your application to:
	iviali/bring your application to.
	Call for an application.
	Do the following so we can finish processing your application:
IS	YOU REAPPLY LATER THAN THE DATE SPECIFIED IN NO. 2 ABOVE, YOU MAY HAVE TO WAIT UP TO 30 DAYS BEFORE FINAL ACTION TAKEN ON YOUR APPLICATION. In addition, your benefits may be prorated for the first month of the first quarter of your new
ce	rtification period. If you have a good reason for not applying on time, you should tell the county welfare department. You may be entitled to have any lost benefits restored if the county welfare department decides you had a good reason.
DE	YOU MISS YOUR SCHEDULED INTERVIEW AND YOU HAVE A GOOD REASON, YOU SHOULD TELL THE COUNTY WELFARE EPARTMENT. IF THE COUNTY WELFARE DEPARTMENT DECIDES THAT CIRCUMSTANCES BEYOND YOUR CONTROL PREVENTED OUT FROM ATTENDING THE INTERVIEW, A SECOND INTERVIEW WILL BE SCHEDULED.
yo go	u have the right to request an application from the county welfare department at any time and to have the county welfare department accept ur application. If you and/or your authorized representative are unable to reapply in person at the county welfare department and you have a od reason for not being able to do so, you should call the county welfare department at the above number. We can arrange to have a worker erview you or your authorized representative at home or by telephone.
	ne above action is required by the following Food Stamp Manual Section(s):
Yc	ou have the right to request a state hearing if you disagree with any of these requirements. See the back of this notice for a

hearing request.

YOUR HEARING RIGHTS

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If you ask for a hearing <u>before</u> an action on Cash Aid, Medi-Cal, Food Stamps, or Child Care takes place:

- Your Cash Aid or Medi-Cal will stay the same while you wait for a hearing.
- Your Child Care Services may stay the same while you wait for a hearing.
- Your Food Stamps will stay the same until the hearing or the end of your certification period, whichever is earlier.

If the hearing decision says we are right, you will owe us for any extra Cash Aid, Food Stamps or Child Care Services you got. To let us lower or stop your benefits before the hearing, check below: Yes, lower or stop:

Cash Aid
Food Stamps
Child Care

While You Wait for a Hearing Decision for:

Welfare to Work:

You do not have to take part in the activities.

You may receive child care payments for employment and for activities approved by the county before this notice.

If we told you your other supportive services payments will stop, you will not get any more payments, even if you go to your activity.

If we told you we will pay your other supportive services, they will be paid in the amount and in the way we told you in this notice.

- To get those supportive services, you must go to the activity the county told you to attend.
- If the amount of supportive services the county pays while you wait for a hearing decision is not enough to allow you to participate, you can stop going to the activity.

Cal-Learn:

- You cannot participate in the Cal-Learn Program if we told you we cannot serve you.
- We will only pay for Cal-Learn supportive services for an approved activity.

OTHER INFORMATION

Medi-Cal Managed Care Plan Members: The action on this notice may stop you from getting services from your managed care health plan. You may wish to contact your health plan membership services if you have questions.

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Family Planning: Your welfare office will give you information when you ask for it.

Hearing File: If you ask for a hearing, the State Hearing Division will set up a file. You have the right to see this file before your hearing and to get a copy of the county's written position on your case at least two days before the hearing. The state may give your hearing file to the Welfare Department and the U.S. Departments of Health and Human Services and Agriculture. (W&I Code Sections 10850 and 10950.)

Fill out this page.

Make a copy of the front and back of this page for your records.
 If you ask, your worker will get you a copy of this page.

Send or take this page to:

OR

 Call toll free: 1-800-952-5253 or for hearing or speech impaired who use TDD, 1-800-952-8349.

To Get Help: You can ask about your hearing rights or for a legal aid referral at the toll-free state phone numbers listed above. You may get free legal help at your local legal aid or welfare rights office.

If you do not want to go to the hearing alone, you can bring a friend or someone with you.

HEARING REQUEST

I want a hearing due to an action by the V	Velfare Department County about my:
☐ Cash Aid ☐ Food Stamps ☐ M	/ledi-Cal
Other (list)	
Here's Why:	
$\hfill \Box$ If you need more space, check he	re and add a page.
☐ I need the state to provide me with a (A relative or friend cannot interpret	
My language or dialect is:	
NAME OF PERSON WHOSE BENEFITS WERE DENIED, CHANG	GED OR STOPPED
BIRTH DATE	PHONE NUMBER
STREET ADDRESS	
CITY	STATE ZIP CODE
SIGNATURE	DATE
NAME OF PERSON COMPLETING THIS FORM	PHONE NUMBER
☐ I want the person named below hearing. I give my permission records or go to the hearing for friend or relative but cannot inter	for this person to see my me. (This person <u>can be</u> a
NAME	PHONE NUMBER
STREET ADDRESS	
CITY	STATE ZIP CODE

FOOD STAMP NOTICE OF CHANGE FOR QUARTERLY REPORTING HOUSEHOLD

(ADDRESSEE)
☐ CHANGE IN BENEFITS
Effective, your food stamp benefits are changed
Effective, your food stamp benefits are changed from \$ to \$each month because:
You have already been told about an overissuance of food stamps and you are getting less food stamps because the County has been reducing your monthly allotment by 10% or \$10 (whichever is more) to pay back the food stamps that you got and should not have. It has been decided in court
or by a state hearing or because you signed a Disqualification Consent Agreement or an Administrative Disqualification Hearing Waiver that this overissuance is an Intentional Program Violation (IPV). Now your monthly allotment is being changed because the County can begin reducing your allotment by 20% or \$10 (whichever is more). If there are any other changes to your monthly food stamp allotment, this form will tell you.
Disqualification Consent Agreement or an Administrative Disqualification Hearing Waiver that this overissuance is an Intentional Program Violation (IPV). Now your monthly allotment is being changed because the County can begin reducing your allotment by 20% or \$10 (whichever is more). If there are any other changes to your monthly food stamp
Disqualification Consent Agreement or an Administrative Disqualification Hearing Waiver that this overissuance is an Intentional Program Violation (IPV). Now your monthly allotment is being changed because the County can begin reducing your allotment by 20% or \$10 (whichever is more). If there are any other changes to your monthly food stamp allotment, this form will tell you.

Notice Date Case	:
Name	
Number Worker	
Name	
Number	
Telephone	
Address	
	If you have any questions or want more information

about this action, please contact your worker.

State Hearing: You can ask for a hearing if you believe the action is wrong. The back of this page tells how to ask for a hearing. If you already had a hearing on the cause of the overissuance that is being collected, you cannot ask for a new hearing, unless you think the new amount of food stamp benefits you are getting because of the overissuance collection is incorrect.

☐ NO CHANGE IN BENEFITS

Your food stamp benefits in this quarter did not change as a result of the document(s) /information we received because:

Any changes you voluntarily reported must be reported again on your next Quarterly Report (QR 7), along with proof of the change.

TERMINATION

____, your food stamp benefits are Effective terminated because:

Based on the reason your benefits are terminated, your household is also disqualified from participating in the Food Stamp Program until . You may reapply for benefits at the end of this disqualification period.

COMMENTS

You may review them at your welfare office.

YOUR HEARING RIGHTS

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- Your Child Care Services may stay the same while you wait for a hearing.
- Your Food Stamps will stay the same until the hearing or the end of your certification period, whichever is earlier.

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Cash Aid
Food Stamps
Child Care

While You Wait for a Hearing Decision for:

Welfare to Work:

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 wait for a hearing decision is not enough to allow you to
 participate, you can stop going to the activity.

Cal-Learn:

- You cannot participate in the Cal-Learn Program if we told you we cannot serve you.
- We will only pay for Cal-Learn supportive services for an approved activity.

OTHER INFORMATION

Medi-Cal Managed Care Plan Members: The action on this notice may stop you from getting services from your managed care health plan. You may wish to contact your health plan membership services if you have questions.

Child and/or Medical Support: The local child support agency will help collect support at no cost even if you are not on cash aid. If they now collect support for you, they will keep doing so unless you tell them in writing to stop. They will send you current support money collected but will keep past due money collected that is owed to the county.

Family Planning: Your welfare office will give you information when you ask for it.

Hearing File: If you ask for a hearing, the State Hearing Division will set up a file. You have the right to see this file before your hearing and to get a copy of the county's written position on your case at least two days before the hearing. The state may give your hearing file to the Welfare Department and the U.S. Departments of Health and Human Services and Agriculture. **(W&I Code Sections 10850 and 10950.)**

TO ASK FOR A HEARING:

- Fill out this page.
- Make a copy of the front and back of this page for your records.
 If you ask, your worker will get you a copy of this page.
- · Send or take this page to:

OR

 Call toll free: 1-800-952-5253 or for hearing or speech impaired who use TDD, 1-800-952-8349.

To Get Help: You can ask about your hearing rights or for a legal aid referral at the toll-free state phone numbers listed above. You may get free legal help at your local legal aid or welfare rights office.

If you do not want to go to the hearing alone, you can bring a friend or someone with you.

HEARING REQUEST

I want a hearing due to an action by the Welfare Department

of _			County	about my	:
	Cash Aid Food Stamps		Medi-Cal		
	Other (list)				
Hei	re's Why:				
	·				
					,
	If you need more space, cho	eck t	nere and add	d a page	
	I need the state to provide me with an interpreter at no cost to me. (A relative or friend cannot interpret for you at the hearing.)				
	My language or dialect is:				
NAM	E OF PERSON WHOSE BENEFITS WERE DENIE	ED, CHA	NGED OR STOPP	ED	
BIRT	'H DATE		PHONE N	UMBER	
STR	EET ADDRESS				
CITY			STATE	ZIP	CODE
SIGI	NATURE		DATE		
NAM	IE OF PERSON COMPLETING THIS FORM		PHONE N	UMBER	
	I want the person named	l bel	ow to repr	esent m	ne at this
	hearing. I give my permi	ssio	n for this p	oerson t	o see my
	records or go to the hearing friend or relative but canno				can be a
NAN			PHONE N	-	
CTF	REET ADDRESS				
CIT	Y		STATE	ZIP	CODE

FOOD STAMP MID-QUARTER STATUS REPORT

Use this form to report ABAWD and/or address changes that have occurred since your last Quarterly Report (QR 7).

Use this form to report changes you think will increase your food stamp benefits, please provide proof, such as, pay stubs; copies of checks; letters from agencies, etc.

If you are reporting changes in expenses, please provide proof, such as, receipts; canceled checks, paid invoices; etc.

•						
			Worker:		Phon	e:
MANDATORY ABAV	VD INFORMATION					
	Bodied Adult without Depen					
The number of hourd or hours a	rs worked or in training dro month.	opped from 2	0 hours a week	or 80 hours a r	month to	hours a week
In the week(s) of						
In the month(s) of		Approximation (Approximation)				
Name of Person(s)_				Relati	onship to Yo	u
Explain What Happe	ned					
CHANGE OF ADDR	RESS					
NEW HOME ADDRESS (NUMBE	R, STREET NAME, AVENUE, BLVD, ETC.)	had a second	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	NEW PHONE
DATE MOVED	NEW MAILING ADDRESS (IF DIFFERENT FF	ROM HOME ADDRESS		CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE
ARE YOU GETTING FREE RENT	AT THE NEW ADDRESS YOU HAVE LISTED)?		EE UTILITIES AT THE NE , IF NO, AMOUNT OF UTII		HAVE LISTED?
	RMATION (All household/s /					
I would like to repor	t the following information: _					
ROSE CHEST STREET, CO. C. BORNES		Note and discount of the last	1910 A. S.			
State of the section			TIFICATION			
get or keep getting a	IAT: If on purpose I do not aid or benefits, I can be lega its is wrongly paid out.	report all fact lly prosecuted	s or give wrong fa I. And, I may be o	acts about my in charged with con	come, prope nmitting a fel	ony if more than \$400
I declare under pen report are true and	alty of perjury under the law correct and complete.	s of the Unite	ed States and the	State of Califor	nia that the	facts contained in this
WHO MUST SIGN BELOW:	Head of household, househo	ld member or th	ne household's auth	orized representa	tive.	
Signature or Mark			Date Signed	Home Phone		Contact Phone
						1
Signature of Spouse or othe Children, Adult Household M Representative		Date Signed	Signature of Witness to other person completing			Date Signed



RIGHTS, RESPONSIBILITIES AND OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION

For the Cash Aid and Food Stamp Programs, and/or Medi-Cal/State-Run County Medical Services Program (CMSP)

These pages give you your rights and responsibilities and other important information. The county needs your facts to see if you are eligible for cash aid, food stamps, and/or Medi-Cal/State CMSP and to figure how much you will get if you are eligible. If you need more information or have questions, ask your worker.

Cash Aid includes California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) and Refugee Cash Assistance (RCA).

Medi-Cal/State CMSP includes Full Medi-Cal/State CMSP benefits and Restricted Medi-Cal/CMSP emergency and pregnancy related care only.

YOUR RIGHTS

 To be treated equally without regard to race, color, national origin, religion, political affiliation, marital status, sex, disability, or age. You may file a complaint of discrimination if you feel you have been discriminated against by first speaking with your county's designated civil rights representative or by writing to the

> State Civil Rights Bureau 744 P Street, MS 15-70 P.O. Box 944243 Sacramento, CA 94244-2430

or by calling toll free 1-866-741-6241 or for the hearing impaired TDD 1-800-688-4486.

- To get help applying for or continuing to receive cash aid, benefits and services if you have a disability. If you need help because of a disability, tell the county.
- To ask for help to complete your application for any other cash aid, food stamp, or Medi-Cal/State CMSP form.
- To ask for an interpreter and to have forms and notices translated if you don't speak or read English.
- To be treated with courtesy, consideration and respect.
- 6. To be interviewed promptly by the county when you apply and to have your eligibility determined within 45 days for cash aid and Medi-Cal/State CMSP (or 90 days for Medi-Cal if a determination of disability is required) and within 30 days for food stamps.
- 7. To discuss your case with the county and to review your case yourself when you request to do so.
- 8. To be told the rules for getting cash aid right away. If we think you might be eligible, you will get an interview within one day.
- 9. To be told the rules for getting food stamps right away. If we think you might be eligible to get them right away, you will get an interview immediately and get food stamps within three days.
- To get Medi-Cal/State CMSP as soon as possible if you have a medical emergency or are pregnant, if eligible.
- 11. To continue getting cash aid and Medi-Cal benefits without a break if you move from one county to another if you stay eligible.
- 12. To be told the rules for retroactive Medi-Cal/State CMSP eligibility.
- 13. To lower any current Share of Cost you may have by giving the county past unpaid medical bills you still owe, when you apply for Medi-Cal/State CMSP.

- 14. To choose prepaid health plan (PHP), fee-for-service coverage (if available), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO), or Medi-Cal when eligible for Medi-Cal/State CMSP.
- 15. To ask to have your Food Stamp I.D. or Medi-Cal Benefits Identification Card (BIC), Food Stamp authorization document or issuance card, or Food Stamp coupons replaced if lost in the mail, damaged, or destroyed. The county will tell you if you are eligible. Your BIC may also be replaced if lost or stolen.
- 16. To ask for extra money if your income drops or stops (cash aid only).
- 17. To ask for payments for clothing, housing or essential household items which are lost, damaged or otherwise unavailable due to sudden and unusual circumstances (cash aid only).
- 18. To ask for payments for ongoing special needs like a special diet, transportation for ongoing medical care, special laundry service, telephone for the hard of hearing, high utility bills, etc. (cash aid only).
- 19. To be notified in writing when your application is approved, denied, or when your benefits change or stop.
- 20. To have your records kept confidential by the county and state, unless you are getting cash aid or food stamps and there is a felony arrest warrant issued for you, or as otherwise provided by law.
- 21. To talk with someone from the county or file a formal complaint with the state if you don't agree with an action taken by the county. You may call toll-free at 1-800-952-5253 or for the hearing impaired, TDD 1-800-952-8349.
- 22. To ask for a State Hearing within 90 days of the county's action for cash aid, food stamps, Medi-Cal, and, if you think you are/were not getting the right State CMSP services.
- 23. To ask for a State Hearing, you can write to your county or call the State toll-free telephone numbers listed in Item 21 above.
- 24. To appeal all State CMSP eligibility issues, you can **only write** to your county.
- 25. To be represented at a State hearing by yourself, a household member, friend, attorney, or other person of your choice. NOTE: You may get free legal help at your local legal aid office or welfare rights group.

YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES

Citizenship/Immigration Status

To sign under penalty of perjury that each member applying for cash aid and food stamps is a U.S. citizen, U.S. national or has lawful immigration status. Information you give us on immigration status will be checked with the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS). Information we get from INS may affect your eligibility. (Manual of Policies and Procedures Section 42-433).

If you want Medi-Cal/State CMSP, you must provide a declaration of citizenship/immigration status under penalty of perjury. If you say you are an noncitizen with lawful permanent residence (LPR) in the U.S., an amnesty alien with a valid and current I-688 or an noncitizen permanently residing under color of law (PRUCOL), your immigration status will be checked with the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS). The information the INS receives to verify the immigration status of the applicant can only be used to determine Medi-Cal/State CMSP eligibility, and cannot be used for immigration enforcement unless you are committing fraud.

Fingerprint/Photo Imaging

All eligible adult household members for cash aid and/or food stamps must be fingerprint/photo imaged. If anyone who is required to cooperate with these rules does not get fingerprint/photo imaged, no benefits will be issued to the entire household. (Manual of Policies and Procedures Section 40-105.3).

The fingerprint/photo images are confidential and can only be used to prevent or prosecute welfare fraud.

Social Security Number (SSN) Rules

The SSNs will be used in a computer match to check income and resources with records from tax, welfare, employment, the Social Security Administration and other agencies. Differences may be checked out with employers, banks or others. Making false statements or failing to report all facts or situations which affect eligibility and aid payments for cash aid, food stamp and Medi-Cal/State CMSP may result in repayment of benefits and/or criminal or civil action.

Cash Aid and Food Stamps: You must give us the SSN for each applicant or recipient of cash aid and/or food stamps. If you refuse to give us either a SSN or proof of application for a SSN, you will not be able to get cash aid or food stamps. For cash aid, you must give proof of application for a SSN within 30 days of application for cash aid and give the SSN to the county when you get it. (Manual of Policies and Procedures Section 40-105.2).

Each applicant for Medi-Cal/State CMSP, who says he/she is a U.S. citizen, a U.S. national, LPR in the U.S., an amnesty alien with a valid and current I-688, or PRUCOL, will be disqualified from getting Medi-Cal if he/she refuses to give either a SSN or proof of application for a SSN. Any noncitizen who does not have a SSN and who is not an amnesty alien with a valid and current I-688 or a LPR or PRUCOL, can still get restricted Medi-Cal/State CMSP if he/she meets all eligibility rules, including California residency.

Verification(s)

To give proof to support your eligibility. If you can't get proof, you will need to give the name of some other person or agency we may contact to get the proof. We will help you get proof when you can't get it. (Manual of Policies and Procedures Sections 40-105.1; 40-157.212; 40-157.213)

Cooperation

To cooperate with county, state and federal staff. For cash aid, a county worker can come to your home at an arranged time to check out your facts, including seeing each family member. You may not get benefits or your benefits may be stopped if you don't cooperate.

CASH AID AND MEDI-CAL

To apply for any benefits or income anyone is eligible to get, such as: Unemployment (UIB) or Disability benefits, Veterans benefits, Social Security or Medicare, etc.

Child/Spousal and Medical Support

To cooperate with the county and the Local Child Support Agency to:

- · identify and locate any absent parent in your case;
- tell the county or the Local Child Support Agency anytime you get information about the absent parent, such as place of residence or work location;
- determine the paternity of any child in your case when needed:
- obtain medical support money from any absent parent and, if you get cash aid, obtain child support money;
- give the Local Child Support Agency any medical support money and, any child/spousal support money you get;
- tell the county about medical coverage or money for medical services paid by the absent parent.

Your cash aid will be lowered if you don't cooperate. (Manual of Policies and Procedures Sections 40-157.212; 40-157.213).

MEDI-CAL

Benefits Identification Card (BIC)

- To sign your BIC when you get it and to use it only to get necessary health care services.
- To never throw your BIC away (unless we give you a new BIC). You need to keep your BIC even if you stop getting Medi-Cal. You can use the same BIC if you get cash aid or Medi-Cal again.
- To take the BIC to your medical provider when you or a family member is sick or has an appointment.
- To take the BIC to the medical provider who treated you or your family member(s) in an emergency situation as soon as possible after the emergency.

Health Care Coverage/Insurance

- To tell the county and any health care provider of any health care coverage/insurance you or a family member have.
- To retain any health insurance available to you and your family at no or reasonable cost.
- To use any prepaid health plans, health maintenance organization or health care insurance plans you have before using Medi-Cal/State CMSP, unless the plan does not offer the medical service needed. You need to use them because Medi-Cal will not pay for any service paid for and/or provided by these medical insurance plans.
- To enroll and stay enrolled in an employment-related group health plan when Medi-Cal approves payment of plan premiums by the State of California.

YOUR REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES

You must report certain information to the county. If you're not sure how to report, what to report, or what proof we need, ask your worker. If you get food stamps, your worker will tell you if you are a quarterly or change reporting household. If you get Medi-Cal/State CMSP, the county will tell you when you must report. (Manual of Policies and Procedures Section 40-181).

HOW YOU MUST REPORT

For Cash Aid and Food Stamp Quarterly Reporting, you must turn in a Quarterly Eligibility Report (QR 7) by the fifth day of the month following your report months and report all required changes to the County within 10 days.

For Food Stamp Change Reporting, you must report all changes within 10 days:

- by mail, telephone, or in person at the County Food Stamp office; OR
- on a DFA 377.5, Food Stamp Household Change Report

For Medi-Cal, you must report all changes within 10 days AND turn in a complete Status Report by the 5th of the month when the county sends or gives it to you.

WHEN YOU MUST REPORT

For Cash Aid and Food Stamp Quarterly Reporting

Quarterly reporting rules say that you must report things at certain times. You will be assigned a "report month" for each quarter (three month period). This will be the second month of each quarter. For example, if your quarter is January, February and March, February would be your "report month" and your report would be due by the 5th day of March. The report is always due by the 5th day of the month following your "report month" and will be considered late if not received by the 11th day of the month. If your Quarterly Eligibility Report (QR 7) is late you will have to pay back any Cash Aid or Food Stamps that you were not supposed to get. You will have to report gross income, changes in the number of people in your household, property bought or sold by people in your household and other information for that report month as well as any changes in your gross income that you expect to happen in the next quarter. If you do not turn in a completed Quarterly Eligibility Report (QR 7) by the end of the first working day of the month after the month your report is due, your household's benefits will be stopped.

What you must report on the Quarterly Report:

1. **Earned Income**: All gross earned income received by you or anyone in your household in the report month. This includes wages; tips; vacation pay; cash bonuses; money from self employment or from a training program; also any income in kind in exchange for work, such as free rent, clothing or food.

- 2. Unearned or Disability Based Income: All other income received by you or anyone in your household in the report month. This includes Child/spousal support; interest or dividends; gambling/lottery winnings; insurance or legal settlements; strike benefits; cash, gifts, loans scholarships; tax refunds; any government benefits, like Social Security, Supplemental Security Income/State Supplementary Payment (SSI/SSP), unemployment, worker's compensation, state disability indemnity, veterans or railroad retirement, or other private or government disability or retirement; rental income and rental assistance; free housing/utilities/ clothing/food; or any other type of money received.
- You must also report on your Quarterly Report any changes in income that you <u>expect</u> to happen during the next quarter. This includes earned, unearned and disability based income changes.
- 4. Property: Any property including, motor vehicles; bank accounts; savings bonds; insurance policies; a home or land; trust; EBT cash balance, etc. that you or anyone in your household has received since your last Quarterly Report and still has, whether it was bought, obtained through a trade or as a gift. The county will use this information to determine if your household exceeds the property limit. You must also report if you or anyone sold, traded or gave away any property since your last Quarterly Report.
- 5. If You Move or Someone Moves Into or Out of Your Home: Anyone (including newborns) who moved into your home since your last Quarterly Report and is still there. You must also report anyone who moved out of your home or who has died since your last Quarterly Report.
- 6. Convicted Drug Felons, Fleeing Felons and Probation/ Parole Violators: The name of anyone in your household who is either avoiding or running from the law to avoid a felony prosecution, custody or confinement after conviction, or in violation of probation or parole. You must also report anyone in your household who has been convicted of a drug-related felony for possession, use or distribution of a controlled substance(s). For Food Stamps list felonies since August 22, 1996, and for Cash Aid list convictions that happened after January 1, 1998.
- 7. **Reduced Hours of Work:** If you are an Able-Bodied Adult Without Dependents (ABAWD'), you must report when your hours of work drop below 20 hours a week or 80 hours a month. You must also report if you expect your work hours to drop below these limits during the next three months.

For Medi-Cal/State CMSP, you must report when:

- 1. Anyone enters or leaves a nursing home or long term care facility.
- 2. Anyone applies for disability benefits, such as SSI/SSP, Social Security, Veterans, or Railroad Retirement.
- 3. Anyone gets health care services that result from an accident or injury due to someone else's action or failure to act.

YOUR REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES (CONTINUED)

For Non-Assistance Food Stamps Quarterly Reporting If you only get Food Stamps you must report when:

Anyone in the household moves to another address,

plans to move or gets a new mailing address.

Anyone who is an Able Bodied Adult Without Dependents (ABAWD) Food Stamp recipient and the number of hours they work or are in training drop to less than 20 hours a week or 80 hours a month.

For CalWORKs you must report certain changes at other times:

In certain circumstances you will be required to report things (within ten days of the change) even if it is not your "report month" such as:

- Anytime that your family's combined gross income (both earned and unearned) is more than the Income Reporting Threshold (IRT) for a family of your size. Your county worker will tell you the IRT limit for a family of your size. If your family only gets unearned income or only gets Food Stamps, you will only be required to report income on your Quarterly Eligibility Report
- Anytime that someone in your household is convicted of a drug related felony, becomes a fleeing felon or is in violation of probation or parole.
- Anytime you move you must report your address change so that the County will know where to send your benefits, Quarterly Report forms and notices.

Reporting information voluntarily for CalWORKs and Food Stamps Quarterly Reporting:

You may also report other information voluntarily even when it is not your "report month." Reporting information voluntarily may cause your household's benefits to go up. If the information reported causes your benefits to go up, the county will take action within ten days after you provide verification. One exception is when the increase results from adding another person to your case. In that situation, the County will take action to increase benefits the first of the month after you provide verification. Even if you have already reported something to the County, you must also report it on your next Quarterly Report (QR 7).

Some examples of voluntary reporting that may cause your benefits to go up include:

- Your income stops or drops.
- Someone who has little or no income moves into your home (including a newborn).
- Someone who has income moves out of your home.
- You believe that you or someone in your household is eligible for a CalWORKs Special Needs payment, such as pregnancy special needs or a qualifying special diet.

Additional examples for Food Stamps only:

- A household member begins to pay court ordered child support for a child not living in the home.
- A household member is 60 or older.
- Any member who is disabled or 60 years of age or older has changes in or new medical expenses (if verified your Food Stamps can be refigured).

Reporting voluntary changes will never cause your benefits to go down in the quarter they are reported. When you report changes to the County voluntarily or in between Quarterly Reports, you must also report the change on your next QR 7. If the change you report will cause any of your benefits to go down, it will happen in the new quarter.

At anytime you can ask the County to discontinue your entire case or any individual person who has left the home or is not required to be in the assistance unit. You can also ask the County to discontinue certain benefits, such as: Medi-Cal or Food Stamps. Receiving Medi-Cal/or Food Stamps only will not count against your Cash Aid time limits.

Other changes for quarterly reporting:

There are other changes that will cause the County to decrease or discontinue your benefits during the quarter in which they happen. Here are some examples:

- An adult in the household reaches the CalWORKs 60-month time limit:
- A household member is sanctioned/penalized;
- A child reaches the age of 18 (and will not graduate from high school before the age of 19);
- Someone in your household begins receiving benefits in another household;
- An eligible child is placed in Foster Care;
- Anyone who is an Able Bodied Adult Without Dependents (ABAWD) Food Stamp recipient and the number of hours they work or are in training drop to less than 20 hours a week or 80 hours a month.

FOOD STAMP CHANGE REPORTING

For Food Stamp Change Reporting, you must report when:

- Your total monthly income starts, stops, or changes by more than \$25.
- Anyone's source of income changes.
- 3. Anyone moves into or out of your home.
- 4. Anyone joins or leaves your household.
- You move or you get a new address.
- Your rent and utility costs only if you move.
- Anyone buys, gets, sells, or gives away a licensed motor vehicle.
- The total of your household's stocks, bonds, or other money is or is more than \$2000 (or \$3000 if you have a household member who is age 60 or older).
- 9. If there is a change in the amount of any court ordered child support paid by a member of the household for a child not living in the home.
- 10. Anyone who is an Able Bodied Adult Without Dependents (ABAWD) Food Stamp recipient and the number of hours they work or are in training drop to less than 20 hours a week or 80 hours a month.
- 11. Any member of your household is avoiding or running from the law to avoid any felony prosecution, custody or confinement after conviction, or is in violation of probation or parole.
- 12. Any member of your household has been convicted of a drug-related felony for possession, use or distribution of a controlled substance(s) that took place after August 22, 1996.

For Food Stamp Change Reporting, you may report when:

- Anyone's physical or mental illness begins or ends.
- Anyone's citizenship/immigration status changes or anyone gets a letter, form or new card from the INS.
- 3. You have changes in your dependent care costs.
- 4. Any member who is disabled or age 60 or older has changes in or new medical expenses. If verified, your allotment can be refigured.
- Any household member starts to pay court ordered child support for a child not living in the home.

YOUR REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES (CONTINUED)

IMPORTANT INFORMATION CASH AID ONLY

Unemployed Parent

If you are applying for cash aid as an unemployed parent, the principal earner (PE) must:

- be unemployed and not have worked in the preceding 4 weeks
- apply for and accept any unemployment insurance you are eligible to receive

The PE is the parent who has the most earnings in the past 24 months.

Homeless Assistance

You may be eligible for money to help pay for temporary shelter or permanent housing. This is a once-in-a-lifetime payment unless you meet an exemption. If you have already received homeless assistance and need it again, your worker will tell you if you are eligible.

School Attendance and Immunizations

You must provide proof when requested by the county that:

- · all school-age children are attending school, and
- children under the age of 6 have received age appropriate immunizations. (Manual of Policies and Procedures Sections 40-105.4; 40-105.5).

Maximum Aid Payment (MAP)

There are two levels of Maximum Aid Payment (MAP). Most families getting cash aid get the lower MAP level. Families may get the higher MAP level if each parent or caretaker in the Assistance Unit (AU):

- is disabled and getting Supplemental Security Income/ State Supplemental Payments (SSI/SSP), or In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS), or State Disability Insurance (SDI), or Temporary Workers Compensation (TWC), or Temporary Disability Indemnity (TDI) benefits
- is caring for an aided child(ren) who is not their child and the caretaker does not get cash aid.

Also eligible for the higher MAP:

 a family who gets Refugee Cash Assistance (RCA) if each adult meets an exception.

If all the adults in the household meet at least one of these exemptions, ask your worker about applying for an exemption.

Treatment of Self-Employment

If you are self-employed, you will have a choice of figuring your business expenses based on a standard deduction of 40 percent of gross income or using actual business expenses. Once you choose a method of figuring your self-employed net income, you can only change that way of figuring expenses at redetermination or every six months whichever happens sooner

Maximum Family Grant (MFG) Rule

The MFG rule applies to any child born after August 31, 1997. The MFG rule says that your maximum aid payment (MAP) will not go up to include a child born to your family, if your family got cash aid for the 10 months in a row right before the child's birth. There are exemptions to the rule. Your worker will give you a copy of the MFG rules and answer your questions. Then you will sign a copy that says you understand the rules.

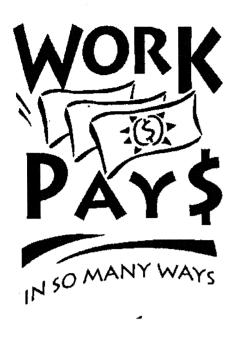
Proof of Facts

If you ask for cash aid within one year of the date it stopped, the county must look at your prior case file to see if it already has the proof needed to determine your eligibility when:

- · you cannot get the proof, or
- there is a cost to you to get the proof, or
- processing your application would be delayed because it would take too long for you to get the proof.

If you ask for cash aid <u>within one year</u> of the date it stopped <u>AND</u>, if the county doesn't have the proof it needs, then you will have to provide proof.

If you have new changes since you last got cash aid, the county will need new proof.



Here's how Work Pays:

- Gives you more \$\$\$\$ to help support your family
- Builds a better life for you and your family
- Develops job skills
- Builds self-esteem
- · Gives you personal satisfaction

You can work and still get cash aid:

- ✓ In most cases, when you work, your gross earnings (earnings before deductions) are not subtracted dollar for dollar from your cash aid payment. You may be eligible for work related deductions. When you add it up, you have more \$\$\$\$ for your family.
- ✓ When you have a grant-based on the job training (OJT) assignment, all or part of your cash aid payment is used by your employer to help pay your wages. You do not get work related deductions for grant based OJT wages.
- ✓ Either way, you may be eligible for child care costs that are paid to your provider.

See page 7 for facts about work and training rules, work incentives, including child care programs. Ask your worker for more facts about **Work Pays** and how **grant-based OJT** can work for you.

Remember, you can work and still get cash aid as long as you stay eligible and meet reporting rules in a timely manner.

Work and Training Rules

Your worker will tell you what cash aid and/or food stamp work rules you need to follow before and after your application is approved. You may be required to be in work, training or education activities to keep getting your cash aid, food stamps, or both. More than one member of a household can be required to follow cash aid and/or food stamp work rules. If anyone becomes ineligible for not following work or training rules, other members of their household can still get cash aid or food stamps, as long as they remain eligible. But, the amount of cash aid or food stamps they get may change.

Cash Aid Work Rules

If you get cash aid and food stamps or just get cash aid, you will need to take part in certain Welfare-to-Work activities to keep getting your cash aid and food stamps. The county will tell you how many hours a week you must take part in these activities or if you are excused from these rules. Welfare-to-Work activities include, but are not limited to, subsidized or unsubsidized work, work experience, community service, adult basic education, vocational training, and job search. Subsidized means that the county or some other funding source pays your employer for part of your wages.

Community Service Activities

After getting cash aid for a certain number of months, you must have a job with a minimum number of hours per week. If you don't, you can only keep getting cash aid if you take part in community service activities. The county will tell you what time limit applies to you and when your time limit starts. There are exceptions to this time limit and the limit does not apply to children.

The cash aid work rules also say you must:

- Sign a Welfare-to-Work plan;
- Take a suitable job that is offered to you;
- Not quit a job or reduce your earnings.

Penalties for Not Meeting Cash Aid Work Rules

The first time you don't meet cash aid work rules for a good reason, your cash aid will be stopped until you do what you should do. For the second violation, it will be stopped for at least three months and for the third or additional violation, it will be stopped for at least six months. If your cash aid is stopped, your food stamps may also be stopped or reduced. After your cash aid and food stamps are stopped or reduced, you can only get them back again if you meet the work rules that you had stopped meeting or you become excused.

Food Stamp Work Rules for Persons Not Receiving Cash Aid

If you only get food stamps, you may need to take part in certain employment and training activities to keep getting your food stamps. These activities include job search, workfare, adult basic education, and vocational training. The county will tell you how many hours a week you must take part in these activities or if you are excused from these rules.

The food stamp work rules also say you must:

- Answer questions about your job experience and ability to
- Check on a possible job we tell you about and take a suitable job that is offered to you;
- Not quit a job or reduce the number of hours you work to less than 30 hours per week.

Food Stamp Only Penalties

If you don't meet food stamp work rules and you don't have a good reason, your food stamps will be denied or stopped for at least one, three, or six months, depending on the number of times you stop meeting the rules. After your food stamps are stopped, you can only get them again if you meet the work rules that you failed to meet or you become excused.

Work Requirement for Able-Bodied Adults Not Receiving Cash Aid

If you only receive food stamps and you don't have minor children, there is another work rule which you also may need to meet. You do not have to meet this work rule if you are under age 18, over age 49, pregnant, or you are part of a food stamp household with a minor child. You may be excused for other reasons that your county worker can explain. The work rule says that if you are an able-bodied adult, you must work at least 20 hours a week or 80 hours a month in paid employment, take part in a workfare project for the required number of hours, or take part in an approved training activity for at least 20 hours per week or 80 hours per month. During a period of 36 months, food stamps will stop if there are three months in which you do not meet the work rule. If you stop meeting the work rule a second time for reasons such as being laid off, you may be able to get food stamps for three months in a row without having to meet the rule. After that you can only get food stamps if you meet the work rule or get excused.

Income Disregards

When you have income and are on cash aid, there are two income disregards (deductions) that may be subtracted from certain types of family income. When you or any of your family members receive certain types of disability-based unearned income or you are working and getting cash aid, you are eligible for an income disregard of \$225. The \$225 is first deducted from certain disability-based unearned income. Any remainder of the \$225 is then deducted from earned income. If there is a remainder of earned income, 50 percent of that remaining earned income will be disregarded.

Treatment of Self-Employment

If you are self-employed, you will have a choice of figuring your business expenses based on a standard deduction of 40 percent of gross income or using actual business expenses. Once you choose a method of figuring your self-employed net income, you can only change that way of figuring expenses at redetermination or every six months whichever happens sooner.

CalWORKs Child Care Program

Child care benefits are available to recipients who need child care to work or participate in county-approved welfare-to-work activities such as attending education or job training programs.

California Department of Education (CDE) Child Care

Child care benefits are also available from CDE. Contact your local Resource and Referral Agency for more information.

Transitional Medi-Cal (TMC)

You may get Medi-Cal for up to 24 months if you go off cash aid because you are working. Your family must have gotten cash aid for at least three of the last six months before cash aid stopped. To get more than six months of TMC, your income must be under certain limits and you must meet TMC reporting rules.

OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION

CASH AID AND FOOD STAMP QUARTERLY REPORTING HOUSEHOLDS Budgeting Rules

The amount of cash aid and/or food stamps you can get depends on your income and allowable expenses. You will get a Quarterly Eligibility Report (QR 7) to fill out every three months. On the QR 7, you will need to report what income and expenses you had in the last month and what income and expenses you think you will have in the three months after you turn in your report. The income and expenses you expect to have in the next three months will be used to figure the amount of cash aid and/or food stamps you can get for those three months. Information that you put on the QR 7 about the past month will be used for the next three months if you don't expect your income or expenses to change.

For example, if you turn in a QR 7 in March, you will report what income you had in February. You will also report any income changes you expect to have in April, May and June. If the income from February will stay the same, your cash aid and/or food stamps for April, May, and June will be figured using that same income and expenses for each of those months. If your income and expenses will change, your worker will use the new income amounts you think you'll get in April, May, and June to figure your cash aid and/or food stamp amount for those months. This method is called prospective budgeting.

Property Limit

There is a \$2000.00 limit on the amount of property (e.g., bank accounts, stocks, etc.) that your household can have and still get cash aid or food stamps. If someone in your household is at least 60 years old, the limit goes up to \$3000.00. Your house and furniture are not part of the total limit as long as you live in your home. The individual vehicle value limit is \$4650. If your registered vehicle is worth more than \$4650, anything over the limit will be used as part of the total property limit unless the vehicle is needed by the household for certain reasons. Ask your worker what the reasons are. Any vehicle you have, that cannot be sold for more than \$1500, will not be used as part of the total property limit to determine eligibility. Your worker can tell you how to figure the value of any unregistered vehicles.

CASH AID ONLY 60-Month Time Limit

As of January 1, 1998, a parent or caretaker relative is not eligible for cash aid when he/she has received cash aid for a total of 60 months. All aid received through CalWORKs (California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids) and/or cash aid received from any other state counts toward the 60-month total. Only cash aid received on or after January 1, 1998, counts toward the 60-month total. There are exceptions to this time limit and the limit does not apply to children.

Resources/Electronic Benefits Transfer (EBT)

Any balance remaining in the EBT account at the end of the month will be considered an available resource and could make your household ineligible for cash aid if your total countable resources are more than the allowable resource limits.

Transfer of Assets Rule

Recipients can sell, exchange or change the form of their property holdings, if they get fair market value for the property (asset). If they do not get fair market value for the asset, the family will get a period of ineligibility. The period of ineligibility is figured by subtracting the amount received from the fair market value of the asset and then dividing that amount by the need standard for the family. The amount is rounded down to the next lower whole number.

Cal-Learn

Cal-Learn helps pregnant and/or parenting teens under the age of 20, who are getting cash aid and do not have a high school diploma or its equivalent to stay in or return to school. Teens in the Cal-Learn Program may get cash bonuses for good grades and graduation from high school. Cal-Learn teens may get help with child care, transportation, and other services. Cash penalties may be subtracted from their family's cash aid payment for not going to school or for getting poor grades.

FOOD STAMP ONLY Standard Utility Allowance (SUA)

- If you are billed for heating and/or cooling costs that are not included in your rent or mortgage payment, you may be eligible for the **Standard Utility Allowance (SUA)**. The SUA is one deduction for **all** of your eligible utility costs. If your utility bills are more than the SUA, you may switch between actual and the SUA at recertification. If you have other utility costs but your heating or cooling costs are included in your rent, your benefits will be figured on your actual utility costs. Ask the county to see if you are eligible for the SUA.
- You may still get food stamps even if your cash aid is denied, changed or stopped. You will get another notice about your food stamps if there is any change.

MEDI-CAL/STATE CMSP ONLY Spending Down Excess Property

- If you get or apply for Medi-Cal/State CMSP Only and you have more property than the rules allow, you may lower it by the last day of any month, including the month of application. For Medi-Cal you may spend your excess property in any manner you want. But you may not be eligible for nursing facility level of care for a period of time if you sell or give away any property for less than its worth, and you apply for or receive Medi-Cal nursing facility level of care within 30 months of the transfer.
- You may not be eligible for State CMSP if you sell or give away any property for less than it is worth.

Resources And Property

- All Medi-Cal benefits received after age 55 are subject to recovery from a deceased Medi-Cal recipient's estate. However, recovery may not exceed the value of the estate. Recovery may not occur if the beneficiary is survived by a spouse. The state may not claim the proportionate share of an estate left to a minor child or a totally disabled adult child. In addition if recovery would cause an undue hardship for any other heirs and that hardship can be demonstrated, recovery may be waived in full or in part.
- If you are institutionalized and your home or former home is not exempt, the State may record a lien against your property to repay the cost of medical care covered by Medi-Cal.

AVAILABLE SERVICES

Women, Infants and Children (WIC) Supplemental Nutrition Program: The WIC Program is only for pregnant and breast feeding women, infants and children under age 5, who are at medical-nutritional risk. For more facts about WIC, call your local county health department or the phone number for "WIC" in the telephone book.

Voter Registration: If you want to register to vote, ask your worker to send you a registration form. If you need help filling it out, ask your worker. You can mail the form yourself. Your eligibility for aid will not be affected whether or not you register. Your worker will not tell you how to vote.

PENALTY WARNINGS

If on purpose you don't report all facts or give wrong facts to get or keep getting benefits, you can be legally prosecuted, and can be charged with committing a felony if more than \$400 is wrongly paid out for cash aid, food stamps, or Medi-Cal because you did not report all of your facts or changes in income, property, or family status. And you can be disqualified from getting cash aid or food stamps.

Disqualification Penalties

Cash Aid and Food Stamps

Disqualification penalties start after a state hearing or court of law finds that the individual has committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV). Also, anyone who is accused of committing an IPV may agree to be disqualified by signing an Administrative Disqualification Consent Agreement or an Disqualification Hearing Waiver. Anyone who signs one of these documents gives up any hearing rights and accepts responsibility to repay any cash aid overpayment and/or food stamp overissuance.

Cash Aid Penalties

If you do not follow cash aid rules, you may be fined up to \$10,000 and/or sent to jail/prison for 5 years.

And if you are found guilty by court of law or an administrative hearing of committing certain types of fraud, your cash aid can be stopped for 6 months, 12 months, 2 years, 4 years, 5 years or forever.

Food Stamp Only

If your household receives food stamps, it must follow these rules:

- Don't give wrong or incomplete facts to get or keep getting food stamps.
- Don't trade or sell food stamps, Authorization Documents (ADs), or issuance cards.
- Don't alter ADs or issuance cards to get food stamps you are not entitled to get.
- Don't use food stamps to buy ineligible items such as alcoholic drinks or tobacco, paper, or cleaning products.
- Don't use someone else's food stamps, ADs, or issuance cards for your household.

Food Stamps Penalties

If you do not follow food stamp rules, your food stamps can be stopped for 12 months for the first violation, 24 months for the second, and forever for the third. And you may be fined up to \$250,000 and/or sent to jail/prison for 20 years. If you are found guilty in any court of law or administrative hearing because:

- you traded or sold food stamps for firearms, ammunition, or explosives, your food stamps can be stopped forever for the first violation;
- you traded or sold food stamps for controlled substance, your food stamps can be stopped for 24 months for the first violation and forever for the second;
- you traded or sold food stamps that were worth \$500 or more, your food stamps can be stopped forever;
- you filed two or more applications for food stamps at the same time and gave the county false identity or residence information, your food stamps can be stopped for 10 years.

APPLICANT/RECIPIENT CERTIFICATION | ELIGIBILITY WORKER'S CERTIFICATION

- I understand my rights and responsibilities and agree to comply with my responsibilities.
- I also understand the penalties for giving incomplete or wrong facts, or for failing to report facts or situations that may affect my eligibility or benefit level for cash aid or food stamps, and/or my Medi-Cal/State CMSP share of cost.
- I certify I was given a copy of The Rights, Responsibilities, and Other Important Information (SAWS 2A QR).
- I also certify that, if I applied for or get cash aid, I got a copy of the following:
 - ☐ Welfare to Work Informing Notice (WTW 5)

(APPLICANT/RECIPIENT'S INITIALS)

 I also certify that if I applied for Medi-Cal/State CMSP, I got a copy of the MC 219 and its contents were explained to me.

- I certify that the applicant/recipient appears to understand:
- his/her rights and responsibilities and
- the penalties for giving incomplete or wrong facts, or for failing to report facts or situations that may affect his/her eligibility or benefit level for cash aid or food stamps, and/or share of cost for Medi-Cal/State CMSP

I also certify that the applicant/recipient was given a copy of:

- The Rights, Responsibilities, and Other Important Information (SAWS 2A QR)
 - For cash aid:
 - ☐ Welfare to Work Informing Notice (WTW 5)
- For Medi-Cal/State CMSP: the MC 219 and that its contents were explained to him/her.

Signature (Parent or Caretaker Relative, Food Stamp Household Member or Authorized Representative, Medi-Cal/State CMSP Applicant/Beneficiary)		
Signature (Other Parent Living in the Home)	Witness, if You Signed With An "X"	Date
Eligibility Worker's Signature	Eligibility Worker's Number	Date

PENALTY WARNINGS

If on purpose you don't report all facts or give wrong facts to get or keep getting benefits, you can be legally prosecuted, and can be charged with committing a felony if more than \$400 is wrongly paid out for cash aid, food stamps, or Medi-Cal because you did not report all of your facts or changes in income, property, or family status. And you can be disqualified from getting cash aid or food stamps.

Disqualification Penalties

Cash Aid and Food Stamps

Disqualification penalties start after a state hearing or court of law finds that the individual has committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV). Also, anyone who is accused of committing an IPV may agree to be disqualified by signing an Administrative Disqualification Consent Agreement or an Disqualification Hearing Waiver. Anyone who signs one of these documents gives up any hearing rights and accepts responsibility to repay any cash aid overpayment and/or food stamp overissuance.

Cash Aid Penalties

If you do not follow cash aid rules, you may be fined up to \$10,000 and/or sent to jail/prison for 5 years.

And if you are found guilty by court of law or an administrative hearing of committing certain types of fraud, your cash aid can be stopped for 6 months, 12 months, 2 years, 4 years, 5 years or forever.

Food Stamp Only

If your household receives food stamps, it must follow these rules:

- Don't give wrong or incomplete facts to get or keep getting food stamps.
- Don't trade or sell food stamps, Authorization Documents (ADs), or issuance cards.
- Don't alter ADs or issuance cards to get food stamps you are not entitled to get.
- Don't use food stamps to buy ineligible items such as alcoholic drinks or tobacco, paper, or cleaning products.
- Don't use someone else's food stamps, ADs, or issuance cards for your household.

Food Stamps Penalties

If you do not follow food stamp rules, your food stamps can be stopped for 12 months for the first violation, 24 months for the second, and forever for the third. And you may be fined up to \$250,000 and/or sent to jail/prison for 20 years. If you are found guilty in any court of law or administrative hearing because:

- you traded or sold food stamps for firearms, ammunition, or explosives, your food stamps can be stopped forever for the first violation;
- you traded or sold food stamps for controlled substance, your food stamps can be stopped for 24 months for the first violation and forever for the second;
- you traded or sold food stamps that were worth \$500 or more, your food stamps can be stopped forever;
- you filed two or more applications for food stamps at the same time and gave the county false identity or residence information, your food stamps can be stopped for 10 years.

APPLICANT/RECIPIENT CERTIFICATION

- I understand my rights and responsibilities and agree to comply with my responsibilities.
- I also understand the penalties for giving incomplete or wrong facts, or for failing to report facts or situations that may affect my eligibility or benefit level for cash aid or food stamps, and/or my Medi-Cal/State CMSP share of cost.
- I certify I was given a copy of The Rights, Responsibilities, and Other Important Information (SAWS 2A QR).
- I also certify that, if I applied for or get cash aid, I got a copy of the following:
 - ☐ Welfare to Work Informing Notice (WTW 5)

(APPLICANT/RECIPIENT'S INITIALS)

 I also certify that if I applied for Medi-Cal/State CMSP, I got a copy of the MC 219 and its contents were explained to me.

ELIGIBILITY WORKER'S CERTIFICATION

- I certify that the applicant/recipient appears to understand:
- his/her rights and responsibilities and
- the penalties for giving incomplete or wrong facts, or for failing to report facts or situations that may affect his/her eligibility or benefit level for cash aid or food stamps, and/or share of cost for Medi-Cal/State CMSP

I also certify that the applicant/recipient was given a copy of:

- The Rights, Responsibilities, and Other Important Information (SAWS 2A QR)
- For cash aid:
 - ☐ Welfare to Work Informing Notice (WTW 5)
- For Medi-Cal/State CMSP: the MC 219 and that its contents were explained to him/her.

 Signature (Parent or Caretaker Relative, Food Stamp Household Member or Authorized Repres	sentative, Medi-Cal/State CMSP Applicant/Beneficiary)	Date
Signature (Other Parent Living in the Home)	Witness, if You Signed With An "X"	Date
 Eligibility Worker's Signature	Eligibility Worker's Number	Date

IMPORTANT INFORMATION - PLEASE READ NEW REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR CalWORKs AND **FOOD STAMP RECIPIENTS**

The State of California is changing the way you report things that affect your eligibility for Cash Aid and Food Stamps. Instead of reporting changes every month, you will now have to report most changes every three months.

You will be assigned a "report month" for each quarter (three months). This is the second month of each quarter. For example, if your quarter is January, February and March, February is your "report month" and your quarterly report is due by the 5th day of March.

FOR EXAMPLE:

If your quarter begins in	Your "Report Month" is	Your QR 7 is Due by the 5th of
January	February	March
April	May	June
Júly	August	September
October	November	December

The Quarterly Report (QR 7) is always due by the 5th day of the month following your "report month" and will be considered late if not received by the 11th day of the month. If your Quarterly Report (QR 7) is late, you may be overpaid. If you are overpaid, you will have to pay back any Cash Aid or Food Stamp benefits that you were not supposed to get.

For your report to be complete, you must answer all the questions, sign and date it after the last day of your report month and attach proof if the form asks for it. If you do not turn in a completed QR 7 by the end of the first working day of the month after your report is due, your household's Cash Aid and/or Food Stamps will be stopped.

What you must report on the Quarterly Report (QR 7):

Earned Income:

All gross income received in the report month by you or anyone in your household. This includes wages; tips; vacation pay; cash bonuses; money from self employment or from a training program; also any work done in exchange for free rent, clothing or food.

Unearned or Disability Based Income:

All other income received in the report month by you or anyone in your household. This includes child/spousal support; interest or dividends; gambling/lottery winnings; insurance or legal settlements; strike benefits; cash, gifts, loans, scholarships; tax refunds; any government benefits, like Social Security, Supplemental Security Income/State Supplementary Payment (SSI/SSP), unemployment, worker's compensation, state disability indemnity, veterans or railroad retirement, or other private or government disability or retirement; rental income and rental assistance; free housing/utilities/clothing/food; or any other type of money received.

You must also report on your Quarterly Report any changes in income that you expect to happen during the next quarter (three months). This includes earned, unearned and disability based

income changes.

Property:

Any property including, motor vehicles; bank accounts; savings bonds; insurance policies; a home or land; trust; EBT cash balance, etc. that you or anyone in your household has received since your last Quarterly Report and still has, whether it was bought, obtained through a trade or as a gift. The county will use this information to determine if your household exceeds the property limit. You must also report if you or anyone sold, traded or gave away any property since your last Quarterly Report.

You move or someone moves into or out of your home:

Anyone (including newborns) who moved into your home since your last Quarterly Report and is still there. You must also report anyone who moved out of your home or who has died since your last Quarterly Report.

Someone becomes pregnant:

Anyone (including minor children) who becomes pregnant since your last Quarterly Report. Pregnant members in your home may be eligible for a pregnancy special needs payment. Also, if your minor child has not completed high school or its equivalent and becomes pregnant, she may be eligible for additional services under the Cal-Learn Program.

Convicted Drug Felons, Fleeing Felons and Probation/Parole

The name of anyone in your household who is either avoiding or running from the law to avoid a felony prosecution, custody or confinement after conviction, or in violation of probation or parole. You must also report anyone in your household who has been convicted of a drug-related felony for possession, use or distribution of a controlled substance(s). Once you have reported this information on your Quarterly Report, you do not need to report this information about the same person every quarter.

Reduced hours of work:

If you are an Able-Bodied Adult Without Dependents (ABAWD) Food Stamp recipient, you must report when your hours of work or training drop below 20 hours a week or 80 hours a month. You must also report if you expect your work or training hours to drop below these limits during the next three months.

Other things that happened since your last report.

Some other things that you will need to report include, Job/Training (started, stopped, quit, refused a job or training, the number of hours worked or in training went up or down, or went out on strike); Citizenship/Immigration Status (a citizenship or immigration status change or anyone got a new card, form or letter from the INS); Babies (became pregnant, had a baby, aborted or miscarried); Marital status (married, divorced or separated); Disability (became disabled or recovered from a disability/major illness); Insurance (started, stopped, or changed life, dental or health insurance benefits including MEDICARE coverage); IHSS (started or stopped getting In-Home Supportive Services); School-Ages 6 through 17 (For Cash Aid Only: stopped or started attending school regularly); School-Age 16 or older (started or stopped school or college. Cost of tuition, school transportation, etc.).

Changes you must report at other times:

There are times that you must report changes (within ten (10) days of the change) even if it is not your "report month" such as:

- If you receive Cash Aid, you must report anytime that your family's combined gross income (both earned and unearned) is more than the Income Reporting Threshold (IRT) for a family of your size. Your county worker will tell you the IRT for a family of your size. Families that only have unearned income or that only get Food Stamps will not be required to report income except on the Quarterly Report form.
- If you receive Cash Aid, you must report anytime that someone in your household is convicted of a drug related felony for possession, use or distribution of a controlled substance(s), becomes a fleeing felon or is in violation of a condition of probation or parole.
- If you receive Cash Aid and/or Food Stamps, you must report your address change so that the County will know where to send your benefits, Quarterly Report forms and notices.
- If you are an Able Bodied Adult Without Dependents (ABAWD) Food Stamp recipient, you must report anytime the number of hours you work or are in training drop to less than 20 hours a week or 80 hours a month.

Some information you are required to report will cause your benefits to go down or stop (such as having too much income or convicted drug felons and fleeing felons or probation/parole violators).

Changes you may report:

You can also report other information voluntarily even when it is not your "report month." Reporting information voluntarily may cause your household's benefits to go up. If the information voluntarily reported causes your benefits to go up, the county will take action within ten days after you provide verification. One exception is when the increase results from adding another person to your case. In that situation, the County will take action to increase benefits the first of the month after you provide verification. Even if you have already voluntarily reported something to the County, you must also report it on your next Quarterly Report (QR 7).

Some examples of voluntary reporting that may cause some of your benefits to go up include:

- Someone who has no income moves into your home (including a newborn).
- Someone (including minor children) becomes pregnant.
- Someone who has income moves out of your home.
- You believe that you or someone in your household is eligible for a CalWORKs Special Needs payment, such as pregnancy special needs or a qualifying special diet.
- Someone in your household is disabled or aged 60 or older and reports new medical expenses that you would like to use to figure your Food Stamp benefits.

If the change you report will cause any of your benefits to go down, it will happen in the new quarter.

At anytime, you can ask the County to discontinue your entire case or any individual person who has left the home or is not required to be in the assistance unit. You can also ask the County to stop certain benefits, such as: Medi-Cal or Food Stamps. Receiving Medi-Cal and/or Food Stamps only will not count against your Cash Aid time limits.

Other changes that will cause the County to lower or stop your benefits during the quarter in which they happen. Here are some examples:

- An adult in the household reaches the CalWORKs 60-month time limit;
- A household member is sanctioned/penalized;
- A child (who is not pregnant or who is not a parent) reaches the age of 18 (and will not graduate from high school before the age of 19);
- Someone in your household starts getting benefits in another household;
- An eligible child is placed in Foster Care.
- An Able Bodied Adult Without Dependents (ABAWD) Food Stamp recipient's number of hours worked or training drops to less than 20 hours per week or 80 hours per month.

How the County will figure your Cash Aid and Food Stamps:

New budgeting rules

The amount of Cash Aid and/or Food Stamps you can get depends on your income and allowable expenses. The income and expenses you expect to have in the next three months will be used to figure the amount of Cash Aid and/or Food Stamps you can get for those three months. Information that you put on the QR 7 will be used to figure the amount of your Cash Aid and/or Food Stamps for the next quarter (three months).

For example, if you turn in a QR 7 in March, you will report what income you had in February. You will also report any income and expense changes you expect to have in April, May, and June. If your income and/or expenses from February are expected to stay the same, your Cash Aid and/or Food Stamps for April, May, and June will be figured using February's income and expenses. If your income and/or expenses are expected to change, your worker will use the new income and/or expense amounts you think you'll get in April, May, and June to figure your Cash Aid and/or Food Stamp amount for those months. This is called prospective budgeting.

Failure to report and/or purposely reporting false or inaccurate information:

Failure to report the required information or purposely reporting false or inaccurate information may result in your benefits being overpaid. Any overpaid benefits caused by your failure to report or purposely reporting false or inaccurate information MUST be repaid. You may also be subject to fraud charges/penalties if you do not report required information to the County.